CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014



Report issued by the Finance Department

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Part I – Introductory Section



June 12, 2015

Honorable Mayor City Council Members; and the Citizens of City of Saint Charles, Missouri:

It is my pleasure to submit the Comprehensive Annual Report (CAFR) of the City of Saint Charles, Missouri for the year ended December 31, 2014. It is submitted according to the provisions of Sections 3.14 and 5.3(a) of the City Charter. The City Charter requires an annual audit of all City accounts by an independent certified public accounting firm selected by the City Council. This requirement has been complied with and the independent auditors' report has been included in this report. The independent auditors' report is "unmodified," meaning no significant exceptions in accounting practice or presentation were found. Additionally, as explained in more detail later in this letter, the City was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its 2013 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This is the twenty-sixth consecutive year our City has received this prestigious award.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Saint Charles' MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' report.

The responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and the results of operations of the various activities of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Department of Finance

City of Saint Charles 200 North Second Street Saint Charles, MO 63301 636.949.3208 Kelly.vaughn@stcharlescitymo.gov www.stcharlescitymo.gov

PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

The Primary unit of government is the City of Saint Charles and its blended component unit is described as follows:

The City of Saint Charles, Missouri is located in east central Missouri on the Missouri River near its confluence with the Mississippi River, approximately 20 miles west of the City of St. Louis, Missouri. The City of Saint Charles was incorporated as the Town of Saint Charles on November 2, 1809, by the Court of Common Pleas, District of Saint Charles. By an act of the General Assembly on March 10, 1849, it became the City of Saint Charles, Missouri by special charter. The City now operates under a Home Rule Charter effective in 1982 according to the provisions of the Missouri Constitution. As required by GAAP, the City's financial reporting entity includes all activities of The City of Saint Charles, Missouri, and of its blended component unit. The City provides a full range of services. These services include police and fire protection, water, sanitary sewer, ambulance services, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, planning and zoning management, recreational activities, cultural and historic events, and general administrative services. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the City of Saint Charles, Missouri Public Facility Authorities (the PFA), a legally separate not-for-profit corporation, formed to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements solely for the benefit of the City, is blended with the respective funds of the primary government. The City covers approximately 24.6 square miles and serves as the county seat of the County of Saint Charles, Missouri. It is located approximately seven (7) miles from Lambert-St. Louis International Airport, in St. Louis, Missouri. Also, within the central business district near the City's scenic riverfront are North and South Main Street, which are part of a registered historic district.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of St. Charles, along with St. Charles County, continues to be recognized as the economic growth leader for the greater St. Louis metropolitan area. Our greatest strength lies in the fact that we have one of the most diverse economic bases in the area. Our largest employers consists of entertainment, health care, education, defense, advanced manufacturing, secondary office, logistics and customer service.

Our economic growth has been spurred on a number of fronts; chief among them is Streets of St. Charles and University Commons. Streets of St. Charles is a mixed used residential, office and commercial development located along Interstate 70. The importance of this location is that it serves as the primary entry point to the city.

Developed by Cullinan Properties, the Streets of St. Charles is approximately 50% complete and serves as office homes to Wahmhoff Financial, Cole & Associates, The Art Institute of St. Louis, Woodard & Curren, Duncan Financial and Brown, Smith and Wallace. In addition, retail establishments such as Tucano's, Prasino, Dewey's Pizza, Bar Louiee, Massage Luxe, St. Charles Dental, Leopard Boutique and AMC Theaters are also located on site. It is estimated there are close to 900 employees (both full and parttime) onsite.

University Commons, developed by The Desco Group, is a retail initiative located across First Capitol Drive/Highway 94 from Lindenwood University. Opened in the fall of 2014, University Commons is primarily an inline shopping center that houses a Schnuck's Grocery Store, Great Clips and GNC. CVS Pharmacy opened its first St. Charles operation in the development as a stand alone building at the corner of First Capitol and West Clay.

The city also continues to experience economic growth in its other sectors. Patterson Mold is expanding its operation in the Blanchette Business Park along Highway 94 and will add 25 new employees. Client Services added an additional 300 employees during the early part of 2014.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City continues to utilize revenues generated by a ½ cent sales tax, which are earmarked for capital improvements, to help meet its on-going capital replacement plan and annual street overlay and reconstruction program.

Gaming revenue was utilized in 2014 for ongoing capital projects such as drainage improvements as well as storm water, storm sewer and creek bank stabilization projects. Street projects funded in 2014 include Boschertown Road, Phase II and the 5th Street Gateways projects. Some of the more significant capital projects planned in 2015 include ongoing construction of Boschertown Road, Truman Road reconstruction and replacement of dump trucks, work trucks and other heavy construction equipment. The City has provided additional funding for annual contributions toward the County Arena project, the Foundry Art Center, and various other street and stormwater projects. Some of the funds continue to be utilized for a portion of the debt service for the bond issue which funded stormwater improvements.

One of the most significant projects for 2014 and continuing into 2015 is the 5th Street Gateway Project. The \$10.4 million project has been scheduled in sections and is set to complete in 2016. The project goals are to enhance the aesthetics, improve traffic flow, improve safety and promote pedestrian activity.

The City officially opened new Fire Station #4 and public safety facility on July 31, 2014. In addition to replacing the almost 40-year-old Fire Station #4 at 400 North Drive, this facility is also home to the Fire Department's administrative staff. The new facility has office and interview space for the Police Department as well as a multipurpose center, which will be used as a Community Room and Emergency Operations Center, should the need arise.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The idea of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Single Audit

As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management of the City. The City is required to undergo an annual single audit performed in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendment of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the independent auditors' reports on compliance and on internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with and internal control requirements applicable to each major program is included in a separately-issued single audit report.

Budgetary Controls

The budget sets forth the proposed level of funding of the City's various operating and public service programs. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the department level in the General fund or at the fund level for all other fund types, as they are not departmentalized. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Unencumbered amounts lapse at year end.

Financial Condition

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a great opportunity to describe the operations and financial results of the City in a format more similar to that currently required for private industry. The MD&A serves to summarize the significant changes in balances in the Statement of Net Position over the year and the results of the Statement of Activities on a year-over-year basis. These government-wide statements allow the reader to gain a "big picture" view of the government as a whole, as well as monitor and track certain key balances, such as unrestricted net assets, which can be one indicator of the overall "financial health" of the City. In addition, the Fund Financial Statements, which start on page 15, are designed to address major individual funds by category (governmental, proprietary, fiduciary, or internal service). The activities within these funds are explained in the MD&A (see page 3) as well as the footnotes (see page 24).

Retirement System

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System. The plan is non-contributory and covers all full-time City employees. The City funds the entire cost of the plan. Contributions, based on actuarial valuations, were 14.1% of gross salaries for general and public works employees, 14.7% for police officers, and 12.5% for fire personnel.

Debt Administration

Outstanding general obligation bonds at December 31, 2014 totaled \$21,105,000. Additionally, the City had \$49,870,000 of Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2014. Under current State statutes, the City has a legal general obligation debt limit of 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. As of December 31, 2014, the City's net bonded indebtedness of \$58,399,929 was well below the legal limit of \$124,729,786, and general bonded debt per capita was \$864.30.

AWARDS AND RECOGNITION

The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Saint Charles, Missouri for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2013. This was the twenty-sixth consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award since 1988. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents conform to program standards. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. I believe that our 2014 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we will submit it to the GFOA to decide its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to Jennifer O'Connor, Audit and Accounting Manager, as well as all other members of the Finance Team for their participation. I would also like to thank the Mayor and her staff, the Director of Administration and his staff and the members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Valerie Berge

Interim Director of Finance

List of City Officials

As of December 31, 2014

ELECTED OFFICIALS:

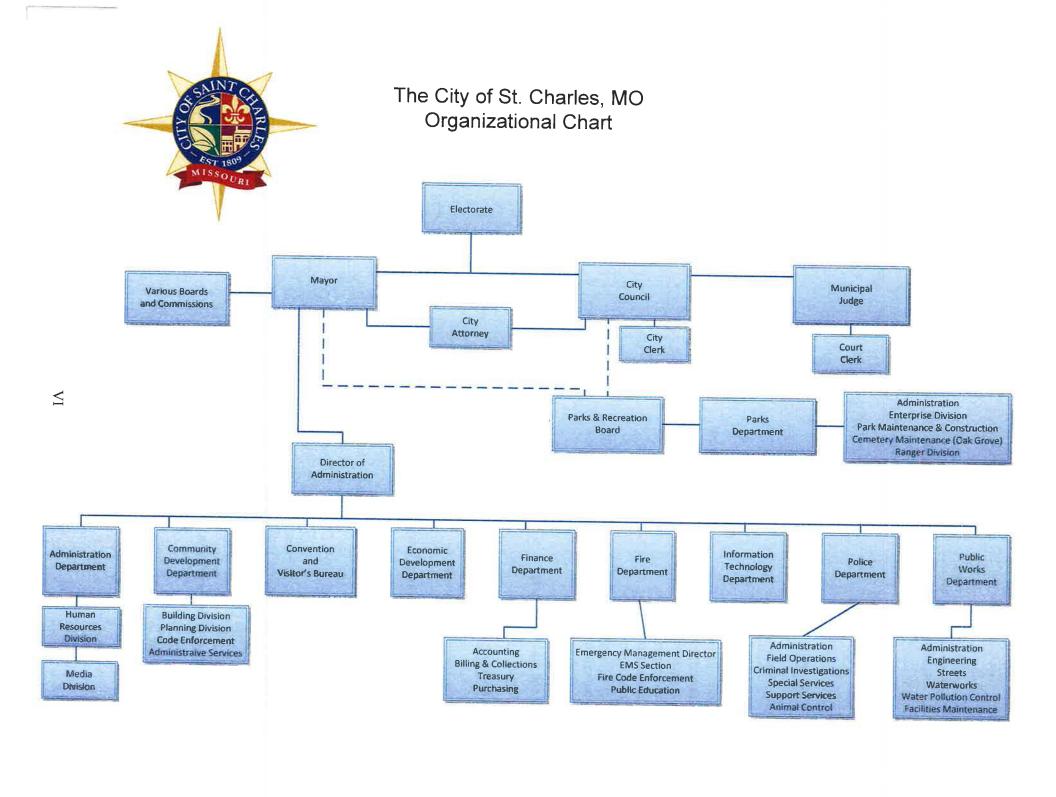
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TITLE	NAME	<u>IN YEARS</u>	EXPIRES
Mayor	Sally Faith	4	4/19
Councilperson	Mary Ann Ohms	3	4/17
Councilperson	Tom Besselman	3	4/17
Councilperson	Laurie Feldman	3	4/17
Councilperson	Mary West	3	4/17
Councilperson	John Hanneke	3	4/17
Councilperson	Jerry Reese	3	4/16
Councilperson	Dave Beckering	3	4/16
Councilperson	Rod Herrmann	3	4/16
Councilperson	Ron Stivison	3	4/16
Councilperson	Bridget Ohmes	3	4/16
Municipal Court Judge	William Lohmar Jr.	4	4/19

APPOINTED OFFICIALS:

Director of Administration	Michael Spurgeon
City Clerk	Laura Whitehead
Director of Community Development	Bruce Evans
Fire Chief	Mike Myers
Police Chief	Randy McKinley
Director of Public Works	Jerry Hurlbert
Director of Parks	Maralee Britton
Director of Finance	Kelly Vaughn
City Attorney	Michael Valenti
Director of Tourism & Econ Dev	David Leezer
Director of Information Technology	Matthew Seeds

APPOINTED COMMISSIONS:

President, Public Park Board T. J. Slattery





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of St. Charles Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO



Part II – Financial Section



CPAs and Management Consultants

One South Memorial Drive, Ste. 900 St. Louis, MO 63102-2439 ph. 314.231.6232 fax 314.880.9307

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Independent Auditors' Report

To Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Saint Charles, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Saint Charles, Missouri (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of St. Peters – St. Charles Water Pipeline Project, which is a joint venture with the City, and represents 7 percent, 11 percent, and 1 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the Water Works Fund. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for St. Peters – St. Charles Water Pipeline Project, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-12, budgetary comparison information and related schedules on pages 67-70, and schedules of funding progress on pages 71-72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements, and schedules – other supplementary information, individual fund schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget to actual schedules – other supplementary information, combining fiduciary fund statements and schedules – other supplementary information and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2015 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kerber. Elk & Brackel LLP

St. Louis, Missouri June 17, 2015 Management's Discussion and Analysis

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

The City of Saint Charles, Missouri has prepared financial statements in accordance with the guidelines prescribed in GASB Statement 34. This discussion and analysis of the City of Saint Charles' financial performance is meant to provide an objective and easily readable analysis of the City's financial activities based on current facts and conditions. Please read this in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Saint Charles exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$273,952,457. Net position is comprised of: \$227,780,513 net investment in capital assets, \$86,193,122 restricted for capital projects, debt service and other purposes; and \$6,647,885 unrestricted net position. Governmental activities unrestricted net position are (\$13,199,664).
- The City's total net position increased approximately \$6.0 million. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$1.3 million; net position of governmental activities increased by \$4.7 million (2.2%) to \$212 million.
- Business-type operations reflected an operating gain of \$3.8 million.
- At December 31, 2014, the City of Saint Charles' governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$70.8 million, a decrease of \$5.3 million from 2013. The decrease is attributable to a decrease of \$7.3 million in Other Governmental funds, offset by an increase of \$2.1 million in the General fund.
- In April 2014, the City issued \$2.9 million of limited general obligation bonds to fund the New Town Gateway Infrastructure project.
- In May 2014 the City issued \$6.8 million of refunding certificates of participation to refund \$9.1 million of the outstanding principal of the Series 2009 certificates of participation bonds.
- Overall capital assets increased \$4.5 million. Capital assets used in governmental activities increased \$4.5 million, and capital assets used in business-type activities remained relatively unchanged.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the City of Saint Charles' financial situation as a whole, and also give a detailed view of the City's fiscal condition.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term, as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. The statements present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include certain infrastructure as well as all known liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to inter-fund activity, payables and receivables.

The Statements of Net Position and Activities report the City's *net position* and the resulting changes. Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, which is one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. In evaluating the overall *financial health*, the reader of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of capital assets.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including police, fire, public works, recreation, administrative, judicial, and legislative and executive.
- Business-Type Activities These services include sewer, water and parking. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage or a usage fee. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 15. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's major funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Director of Finance, with approval of council, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show the City is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The City of Saint Charles' major funds are General, Special Street Construction, Neighborhood Improvement District Capital Projects, Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service, Sanitary Sewer, and Water Works.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match. Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide services to the City's other funds and departments.

Fiduciary Funds

The City has fiduciary responsibilities for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. These assets are restricted in purpose and are not available to support the City's own programs. Therefore, these assets are not presented as a part of the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements starts on page 24 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain *required* supplementary information concerning budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and each major fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 67-72 of this report.

The combining and individual statements for non-major and other governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the City as a whole. The following table provides a condensed statement of net position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013:

Table 1: Net Position (In Thousands)

	Government	al Activities	Business-Typ	ne Activities	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Assets Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, Net Investment in Joint Venture Total Assets	\$ 129,521 218,538 	\$ 134,811 214,051 	\$ 34,382 143,931 3,693 182,006	\$ 37,268 143,944 3,829 185,041	\$ 163,903 362,469 3,693 530,065	\$ 172,079 357,995 3,829 533,903		
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Charges on Refunding	2,477	2,799	113	185	2,590	2,983		
<u>Liabilities</u> Current and Other Liabilities Long-Term Liabilities:	16,929	16,355	3,937	4,073	20,866	20,428		
Due within One Year Due in More Than One	8,866	8,439	3,085	2,870	11,951	11,309		
Year Total Liabilities	112,630 138,425	119,483 144,277	113,255 120,277	117,757 124,700	225,885 258,702	237,240 268,977		
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	185,786	177,409	41,994	41,519	227,780	218,928		
Capital Projects Debt Service	4,926 20,491	2,355 27,878	121	*	4,926 20,491	2,355 27,878		
Other Purposes Unrestricted	14,108 (13,200)	14,395 (14,653)	19,848	19,007	14,108 6,648	14,395 4,354		
Total Net Position	\$ 212,111	\$ 207,384	61,842	\$ 60,526	\$ 273,953	\$ 267,910		

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (83%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g.: land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Total net position of the City as a whole increased \$6.0 million during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities increased \$4.7 million, while Business-type activities increased \$1.3 million.

Long-term liabilities for governmental activities decreased \$6.4 million in 2014. The decrease is primarily related to scheduled debt repayments and multiple bond refundings as discussed in Note 8 - Long Term Liabilities.

The net position of the City's business type activities increased by \$1.3 million. Business-type activities reflect an operating gain of \$3.8 million. The City strives to control operating expenses for business-type activities in order to maintain stability in charges for services rates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

Table 2: Changes in Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Business-Ty	ies	Total					
	2014			2013		2014		013	-	2014		2013
	201	-		2013								
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$ 7	7,407	\$	6,281	\$	20,734	\$	19,120	\$	28,141	\$	25,401
Operating Grants and	Ψ.	,,,	•	-,		ŕ						
Contributions	7	7,474		7,860				:		7,474		7,860
Capital Grants and		,		•								
Contributions	13	3,831		8,060		984		3,071		14,815		11,131
Total Program Revenues		3,712		22,201		21,718		22,191		50,430		44,392
			-									
General Revenues:												
Property Taxes	12	2,606		11,845		3.50		-		12,606		11,845
Sales Taxes		5,968		15,519		8€01				16,968		15,519
Gaming Taxes		1,984		12,310		7		-		11,984		12,310
Utility Taxes	8	8,534		8,347		(100)		: ₹?		8,534		8,347
Tourism & Hotel Taxes	2	2,936		2,694		7 2 8		30		2,936		2,694
TIF Revenues	(5,235		5,629				·		6,235		5,629
Other Taxes		1,453		1,924		(₩)		-		1,453		1,924
Other		3,923	-	458		1,880		2,067		5,803	_	2,525
Total General Revenues	64	4,639		58,726		1,880		2,067		66,519		60,793
Total Revenues	93	3,351		80,927		23,598		24,258		116,949		105,185
Expenses:												
General Government	1	6,742		16,623		300		(@)		16,742		16,623
Public Works/ Public		,										
Improvements	2:	3,632		31,208		-		(1. 5 .)		23,632		31,208
Public Parks		5,313		5,007		.		(€)		5,313		5,007
Public Safety		3,605		31,543		350		· •		33,605		31,543
Public Services		55		264		(4)		30 - 3		55		264
Convention Center		1,779		1,201		•				1,779		1,201
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4	4,314		4,324		190		o ≘ i		4,314		4,324
Waterworks				-		8,387		7,219		8,387		7,219
Sanitary Sewer		*		(m)		16,620		11,333		16,620		11,333
Parking Facilities				•	_	459		400	-	459	_	400
Total Expenses	8	5,440		90,170		25,466		18,952		110,906		109,122
Increase in Net												
Position before Transfers		7,911		(9,243)		(1,868)		5,306		6,043		(3,937)
Transfers	(3	,184)		614		3,184		(614)	-			
Increase/(Decrease) in Net												(0.000)
Position		4,727		(8,629)		1,316		4,692	-	6,043	_	(3,937)
Net Position:												
Net position, beginning	20	7,384		216,013		60,526		55,834		267,910		271,847
	Ф 010	. 111	<u></u>	207 204	Φ.	61,842	\$	60,526	-	273,953	-	3 267,910
Net position, ending	\$ 212	2,111	\$	207,384	\$	01,842		00,320	4	213,733		201,710

Governmental Activities

Total revenue increased \$11.7 million or 11.2%. Program revenue increased by \$6.0 million or 12.0% due to an increase in capital grants and charges for services. General revenues increased \$5.7 million or 9.4%. Total governmental activities expenses decreased \$4.7 million or 5.2% due to public works/public improvements and public services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Business-Type Activities

The City's business-type activities include Water, Sewer and Parking.

Water – Charges for services increased \$0.8 million or 9.6% from 2013. Rates were raised January 1, 2014. Expenses increased \$1.1 million or 16.2% primarily resulting from an increase in contracted service and other operating expenses from 2013.

Sewer – Charges for services increased \$0.9 million or 8.1% from 2013. Rates were raised January 1, 2014. Expenses increased \$5.3 million or 46.6%, primarily reflecting an increase in repairs and maintenance and depreciation expense.

THE CITY'S FUNDS

Information about the City's governmental funds begins on page 15. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All Governmental funds had total revenues of \$91.0 million and expenditures of \$97.5 million.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Saint Charles. As of December 31, 2014, the General fund unassigned fund balance was \$13.3 million. The General fund total fund balance increased \$2.1 million from 2013. Revenues, proceeds from the sale of assets and transfers exceeded expenses for the year. Overall, revenues increased \$4.2 million. Tax revenue was up \$3.8 million mainly as a result of a property tax settlement received. Expenditures increased \$2.4 million in 2014 primarily as a result of an increase in public safety expenditures.

The Special Street Construction does not carry a fund balance. This fund is to record all revenues and expenses related to grant funding for City purposes.

The Neighborhood Improvement District Capital Projects Fund has a \$0.9 million decrease in fund balance mainly due to the spending of bond proceeds received in previous years.

The Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service Fund has a \$0.7 million increase in fund balance mainly due to increases in special assessment collections. Special assessments were sufficient to cover special assessment debt service requirements in 2014.

Non-major governmental funds have a net fund balance decrease of \$7.3 million. The fund balance within the Capital Improvement fund increased by \$1.9 million as a result of a transfer in. The General Obligation Capital Projects fund decreased by \$9.0 million which was a combination of capital expenditures and transfers out.

Sanitary Sewer fund reflected net loss before capital contributions of \$10.4 million; Waterworks reflects net income of \$7.3 million and parking funds reflected net income of \$3.4 million. Fees have historically been set to cover cash flow needs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis, which can be found in the Required Supplementary Information. Revenue results were \$2.8 million over revised budget projections. Actual expenditures were \$1.0 million below budget, primarily reflecting various open contracts and capital projects that will be completed in 2015.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The amount invested in capital assets for the City at December 31, 2014, is \$362 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This amount includes all infrastructure assets. The following table breaks down the City's capital asset balance into the various categories of assets.

Table 3: Capital Assets (Net of depreciation) (In Thousands)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type	e Activities	Total				
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Land	\$ 30,188	\$ 30,188	\$ 618	\$ 618	\$ 30,806	\$ 30,806			
Land Improvements	6,368	6,864) -	1	6,368	6,864			
Structures and Improvements	31,637	25,966	134,639	76,805	166,276	102,771			
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	13.361	14.317	2,866	3,318	16,227	17,635			
Infrastructure	120,286	120,749	2,000	i*):	120,286	120,749			
Construction in Progress	16,697	15,967	5,808	63,203	22,505	79,170			
Totals	\$ 218,537	\$ 214,051	\$143,931	\$143,944	\$ 362,468	\$ 357,995			

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions and disposals:

Governmental Activities:

Land Improvements decreased \$2.3 million. Projects deleted include various paving projects. Infrastructure increased by \$5.9 million. Projects completed during the year include North Fairgrounds – Phase II road and West Clay Extension. Projects accepted include Tuscany and Brighton Park subdivision storm mains.

Construction-in-progress at December 31, 2014 of \$16.7 million consists primarily of street, stormwater and parks projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Waterworks infrastructure increased \$6.2 million due to completion of Elm Point Storage Tank Upgrade and Residential Meter Replacement Project.

Sanitary Sewer infrastructure increased \$49.4 million due to completion of the Missouri and Mississippi Treatment Plants and the Adams Lift Station Major Upgrades.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt

At December 31, 2014, the City of Saint Charles had \$227.6 million in outstanding debt. Of this, \$21.1 million in debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

Table 4:
Outstanding Debt at Year End
(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	ctivities	Total				
	2014		2013	2014		2013	_	2014	-	2013
Certificates of Participation	\$ 25,205	\$	28,249	\$ 118,615	\$	123,281	\$	143,820	\$	151,530
General Obligation Bonds	21,105		22,450	=		30		21,105		22,450
Neighborhood Improvement										
District Bonds	49,870		48,840	-		-		49,870		48,840
Tax Increment Revenue										
Notes	13,242		16,221			- -		13,242		16,221
Capital Leases	1,889		2,110	-		- PE	-	1,889		2,110
Totals	\$ 111,311	\$	117,870	\$ 118,615	\$	123,281	\$	229,926	\$	241,151

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note 8 to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Outlook

The City of Saint Charles has been somewhat buffered from the economic woes of the rest of the State and Nation. City revenues steadily increase while Administration plans decreases in City expenditures. Population growth continues in the City and St. Charles County. Other economic factors are as follows:

- The unemployment rate was 4.5% for December 2014, which is an improvement from 5.7% for December 2013.
- 2014 saw an increase in occupational licenses, an increase from 2013.

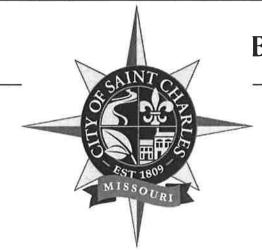
Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Assessed valuation increased by approximately .06% for the 2014 tax year. The state of Missouri allows taxing entities to adjust their tax rates to obtain the same amount of property tax revenue that they received in the past assessment year. The City Council voted to not change the tax rate for 2014 in order to maintain the same level of revenue for the General, Parks, and Debt Service funds. Assessed valuation is expected to increase slightly due to new construction.

Planned rate increases for Waterworks and Sanitary Sewer went into effect on January 1, 2014. Rate increases for 2010-2015 were approved in 2010 to finance the \$73 million of improvements to the water and sewer infrastructure.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCE DEPARTMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact The Finance Office, City of Saint Charles, 200 N. Second Street, St. Charles, Missouri, 63301.



Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	DECEMBER 31, 2014 Governm Activit		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 54,	702,778 \$	14,285,848	\$	68,988,626
Receivables (net):					
Taxes		754,720	<u> </u>		10,754,720
Intergovernmental		053,480	€		6,053,480
Services	:	225,364	4,700,091		4,925,455
Interest		85,809			85,809
Other	1,	366,438	49,275		1,415,713
Inventories		20	165,468		165,468
Prepaid items		57,219			57,219
Restricted assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	4,	135,853	663,662		4,799,515
Held by Trustee	3,	808,929	13,892,185		17,701,114
Special assessment receivable		591,060	2		45,591,060
Long-term receivables	2,	739,541	624,469		3,364,010
Investment in joint venture	ŕ	:#1	3,693,034		3,693,034
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable	46.	885,106	6,426,682		53,311,788
Depreciable		652,762	137,504,909		309,157,671
Total Assets		059,059	182,005,623	-	530,064,682
Total Assets			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charges on refunding	2,	477,027	113,143		2,590,170
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		492,392	759,517		6,251,909
Accrued payroll		,464,782	81,320		1,546,102
Accrued interest payable	6,	,590,326	2,305,167		8,895,493
Other liabilities		84,038	126,104		210,142
Unearned revenue		681,400			681,400
Deposits and escrow funds			664,447		664,447
Claims payable	2,	,615,541			2,615,541
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due within one year	8,	,866,128	3,085,772		11,951,900
Due in more than one year	112,	630,615	113,254,846		225,885,461
Total Liabilities	138,	425,222	120,277,173		258,702,395
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	185,	,786,469	41,994,044		227,780,513
Restricted for:					
Street maintenance and improvement		,182,473	2		3,182,473
Community development	3,	,075,614	*		3,075,614
TIF projects and debt obligations		(*	*		
Debt service - general obligation	3,	,807,365	9		3,807,365
Debt service - special assessment	16,	,683,483			16,683,483
Sewer lateral projects	1,	,729,514	*		1,729,514
Parks	2,	749,836	2		2,749,836
Capital projects		,925,881			4,925,881
Cemetery:					
Expendable		362,842	÷		362,842
Non-expendable		233,912	*		233,912
Tourism		,337,678			2,337,678
Special business district		227,432			227,432
DAG forfeiture		122,263	_		122,263
		85,766	2		85,766
DWI recoupment	/12	199,664)	19,847,549		6,647,885
Unrestricted				\$	273,952,457
Total Net Position	\$ 212,	,110,864	61,841,593	Φ	413,334,431

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Program Reven			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operatin Grants ar Contribution	ıd	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$ 16,742,085	\$ 1,952,516	\$ 77	9,497	\$	S	(14,010,072)	\$	\$	(14,010,072)
Public works/public improvements	23,632,479	879,693	3,72	4,544	13,598,710		(5,429,532)			(5,429,532
Public parks	5,312,108	2,158,950	2	0,000	211,533		(2,921,625)	545		(2,921,625
Public safety	33,605,293	2,416,006	7	1,107	20,721		(31,097,459)	1.00		(31,097,459
Public services	55,600			*	*		(55,600)	(ě		(55,600
Convention Center	1,779,409	*	2,87	8,857	2		1,099,448	,•:		1,099,448
Interest on long-term debt	4,313,881			-			(4,313,881)	7024 7024		(4,313,881)
Total Governmental Activities	85,440,855	7,407,165	7,47	4,005	13,830,964	· · · ·	(56,728,721)			(56,728,721)
Business-Type Activities:						8 8==	(==,,==,,==)			(50,720,721
Waterworks	8,387,485	9,015,282			672,997			1,300,794		1,300,794
Sanitary sewer	16,620,100	11,615,272		-	311,062		790 3 4 0	(4,693,766)		(4,693,766)
Parking facilities	458,952	103,801		2				(355,151)		(355,151)
Total Business-Type Activities	25,466,537	20,734,355			984,059	· ·		(3,748,123)	-	(3,748,123)
Total Primary Government	\$ 110,907,392	\$ 28,141,520	\$ 7.47	4,005	\$ 14,815,023	-	(56,728,721)	(3,748,123)	-	(50,476,844)
		Property taxes levied for General purposes Parks Debt service Sales tax levied for: General purposes Capital improvement Gaming taxes Utility taxes Tourism and hotel taxes TIF revenues Other taxes Earnings on investments Gain on the modification Other revenues Transfers Total General Revenu Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning of	s n of debt agreemen ues and Transfers	nt			7,303,801 3,127,297 2,174,866 11,483,052 5,485,202 11,983,798 8,533,576 2,935,696 6,235,153 1,453,733 155,401 828,000 2,939,372 (3,183,586) 61,455,361 4,726,640	15,185 1,864,633 3,183,586 5,063,404 1,315,281		7,303,801 3,127,297 2,174,866 11,483,052 5,485,202 11,983,798 8,533,576 2,935,696 6,235,153 1,453,733 170,586 828,000 4,804,005
		Net Position, Beginning of Net Position, End of Year	rear			<u></u>	207,384,224	\$ 60,526,312 \$ 61,841,593		267,910,536 273,952,457

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Majo	or Funds		Nonmajor Funds	
	General	Special Street Construction	Neighborhood Improvement District Capital Projects	Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	General	Construction	Cupital Flojects		- Carea	
Cash and investments:						
Held by trustees	\$ -	\$	\$	\$	\$ 3,808,929	\$ 3,808,929
Restricted	313,264	-	~	3,225,835	596,754	4,135,853
Unrestricted	4,176,311	3	2,428,398	4,060,803	37,936,949	48,602,461
Receivables, net of allowances						
where applicable:						
Taxes	6,353,660	*	*	(₩)	4,401,060	10,754,720
Notes	2		*	3.00	2,739,541	2,739,54
Grants	104,640	5,871,694	¥	(m)	77,146	6,053,480
Services	225,364			-2	2	225,36
Interest	85,758		3		51	85,80
Special assessment			5	45,591,060	•	45,591,06
Other	91,933			5.5	1,274,505	1,366,43
Due from other funds	5,450,444	€	*		90,681	5,541,12
Prepaid expenses	1,702	-			55,517	57,21
Total Assets	\$ 16,803,076	\$ 5,871,694	\$ 2,428,398	\$ 52,877,698	\$ 50,981,133	\$ 128,961,99
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:						
,						
Liabilities:	A 550 150	A 401.050	œ.	¢ (71)	¢ 4.446.422	\$ 5,424,56
Accounts payable	\$ 550,172	\$ 421,250	\$	\$ 6,712	\$ 4,446,433	, ,
Accrued payroll	1,271,761	-	407	1.00	193,021	1,464,78
Unearned revenue		5 450 444	407		680,993	681,40
Due to other funds	21.002	5,450,444	2	•	90,681	5,541,12
Other liabilities	84,038	5.051.604		(710	5 411 120	84,03 13,195,91
Total Liabilities	1,905,971	5,871,694	407	6,712	5,411,128	13,193,912
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	458,027	72	24	88	339,867	797,89
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - special assessments	130,027			44,177,105		44,177,10
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	458,027			44,177,105	339,867	44,974,999
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable						
Cemetery Trust	26	9.		3.53	233,912	233,91
Prepaid expenses	1,702	(*)	39		55,517	57,21
Restricted for:	,					
Street maintenance and improvement	12	37	32	(2)	3,182,473	3,182,47
Community development		127	12	-	3,075,614	3,075,61
TIF projects and debt obligations				-	1,702,796	1,702,79
Debt service		1.5		8,693,881	8,205,199	16,899,08
Sewer lateral projects	38	: ·		1.5	1,729,514	1,729,51
Parks		(*)	; -	(3.5)	2,548,952	2,548,95
Capital projects	(4)	(€):	2,427,991	100	9,231,954	11,659,94
Cemetery		140	i.e	596	362,842	362,84
Tourism	4	100	52	(2)	2,288,141	2,288,14
Special business district		120	12	16	222,682	222,68
DAG forfeiture	122,263		9			122,26
DWI recoupment	85,766			1/83	-	85,76
Assigned for:						,
Encumbrances	89,556			948		89,55
Capital projects	121	(20)	12	85	12,390,542	12,390,54
Redevelopment	820,310	9.	22	621	-,0,0,0,0	820,31
	21,445	===0	= =	- 3		21,44
Beautification Unassigned	13,298,036	(2)		(2)	8	13,298,03
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	14,439,078		2,427,991	8,693,881	45,230,138	70,791,08
Total Little Datations	11,133,070					-,,
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	\$ 16,803,076	\$ 5,871,694	\$ 2,428,398	\$ 52,877,698	\$ 50,981,133	\$ 128,961,99
and Fund Balances	φ 10,003,070	Ψ 3,011,094	Ψ 2,420,330	Ψ 52,011,070	Ψ 50,701,133	120,701,77

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	70,791,088
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$357,614,716 and the accumulated depreciation is \$139,076,848		218,537,868
Property taxes assessed by the City, but not collected as of year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements.		797,894
Special assessments levied by the City, but not collected as of year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements.		44,177,105
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		3,416,951
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as liabilities within the fund financial statements. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported on the government-wide statement of net assets. Discounts, premiums and deferred amount on refunding are reported in the governmental fund financial statements when the debt was issued whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt as an adjustment to interest expense on the government-wide financial statements.		
Balances as of December 31, 2014 are: Accrued compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligation LAGERS net pension obligation	(3,636,749) (3,481,569) (2,147,462)	
Accrued interest on outstanding debt Bonds and notes payable Unamortized bond (premium) discount Unamortized deferred refunding	(6,590,326) (111,311,434) (919,529) 2,477,027	(125,610,042)
otal Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	212,110,864

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Major	Nonmajor Funds					
	General	Special Street Construction	Neighborhood Improvement District Capital Projects	Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:	\$ 36,585,246	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ 31,394,134	\$ 67,979,380		
Taxes, including interest and penalties	JU,703,240	Ψ -	¥	3,956,325	945	3,956,325		
Special assessment	101,862	4,819,778		5,500,525	593,256	5,514,896		
Federal, state and county grants Intergovernmental revenue from St. Charles	101,002	7,012,770						
County Convention and Sports Authority		:41	:•:	-	2,878,857	2,878,857		
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	3,924,101	-	100	-	2,749,826	6,673,927		
Interest on investments	85,091		3,004	26,790	40,516	155,401		
Other	698,925	-	3,497	15,060	3,169,125	3,886,607		
Total Revenues	41,395,225	4,819,778	6,501	3,998,175	40,825,714	91,045,393		
	71,575,225	1,012,170	3,552					
Expenditures:								
Current:	7.040.607		3,497	<u>1</u> 11	6,163,187	14,116,381		
General government	7,949,697	15	5,477		5,945,571	6,775,318		
Public works/Public improvements	829,747		12	-	3,790,808	3,790,808		
Public parks	21 227 (02	3.5/			5,770,000	31,326,692		
Public safety	31,326,692		-		55,600	55,600		
Public services	(#V	(5)			1,145,018	1,145,018		
Convention Center	266.051	4,819,778	3,552,841		17,722,006	26,360,676		
Capital outlay	266,051	4,017,770	3,332,641		17,722,000	=0,,		
Debt Service:			-	1,895,000	6,284,880	8,179,880		
Principal retirement	750	•	_	1,701,230	3,906,209	5,607,439		
Interest and fiscal charges	: = 0	-	E	113,253	13,803	127,056		
Bond issue costs	40 272 197	4,819,778	3,556,338	3,709,483	45,027,082	97,484,868		
Total Expenditures	40,372,187	4,019,770		288,692	(4,201,368)	(6,439,475)		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,023,038		(3,549,837)	288,092	(4,201,308)	(0,437,473)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			202.207		4,678,164	7,205,395		
Transfers in	2,318,944		208,287		, ,	, ,		
Transfers out	(1,268,382)		0.400.504	122 106	(7,447,158)	(8,715,540) 4,439,700		
Issuance of debt	72	*	2,492,504	432,496	1,514,700	, ,		
Discount on debt issuance	420		(14,943)	~	21 776	(14,943)		
Premium on debt issuance	₩	*		25	21,776	21,776		
Payment to refunding escrow agent		*		-	(1,989,600)	(1,989,600)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	33,942				129,873	163,815		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,084,504		2,685,848	432,496	(3,092,245)	1,110,603		
Net Changes in Fund Balances	2,107,542	Ţ	(863,989)	721,188	(7,293,613)	(5,328,872)		
Fund Balances:			SECTION TO SECTION AND ADMITTED TO SECTION ADMITTED TO SECTION ADMITTED TO SECTION ADMITTED TO SECTION ADMITTED ADMITTED TO SECTION ADMITTED ADMIT	A 080 (00	50 500 551	777 110 070		
Beginning of Year	12,331,536		3,291,980	7,972,693	52,523,751	76,119,960		
End of Year	\$ 14,439,078	\$ -	\$ 2,427,991	\$ 8,693,881	\$ 45,230,138	\$ 70,791,088		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for general and infrastructure are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Donated assets are not recorded in the government funds but are recognized as revenue in the statement of activities: Capital asset purchases Additions to construction in progress Donated capital assets Depreciation expense	1,951,962 14,662,339 459,629 (11,679,178)	5,394,752
In the statement of activities, the gain or loss on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The fund financial statements recognize only the proceeds from the sale of those assets.		(908,220)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is reported in the government-wide statement of activities.		(2,592,298)
The governmental funds report debt proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements but reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Issuance of debt Gain on modification of debt agreement Principal payment to escrow agent Repayment of principal	(4,439,700) 828,000 1,989,600 8,179,880	6,557,780
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds the effect of issuance costs, discounts and premiums when debt is first issued is reported in the operating statement, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The net effect of these differences is as follows: Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligation LAGERS net pension obligation Accrued interest on outstanding debt (Premiums) discounts on debt issuance, net of amortization	547,892 (471,017) (237,879) 1,707,005 28,306	1.252.777
Deferred amount on refunding, net of amortization Special assessments levied by the City, not due until future years are deferred	(321,530)	1,252,777
in the governmental funds. In the statement of activities, the special assessments were recognized as revenues in the year they were levied. Deferred special assessment revenues increased this year.		3,698,421
Property tax revenues levied by the City but not collected within 60 days of year end are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Deferred property tax revenues decreased this year.		(3,347,700)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	4,726,640
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	DECEMBER					
		siness-Type Activiti	Nonmajor			
			Enterprise		Governmental	
	Major Enter	prise Funds	Fund	Total	Activities -	
		Sanitary	Parking	Enterprise	Internal	
	Waterworks	Sewer	Facilities	Funds	Service Funds	
Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash investments:						
Held by trustees	\$ 5,790,140	\$ 8,102,045	\$	\$ 13,892,185	\$	
Customer deposits	663,662	2	2(4)	663,662	(±);	
Unrestricted	8,325,562	5,784,038	176,248	14,285,848	6,100,317	
Receivables, net of allowances:						
Services	1,991,707	2,708,384	•	4,700,091	•	
Other	42,950	¥	6,325	49,275	7.0	
Inventory, at cost	165,468			165,468		
Total Current Assets	16,979,489	16,594,467	182,573	33,756,529	6,100,317	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Loans receivable	<u> </u>	624,469		624,469		
Investment in joint venture	3,693,034		-	3,693,034	= =	
Land, other assets and construction in						
progress, nondepreciable	1,353,519	1,120,870	3,952,293	6,426,682	125	
Other capital assets	49,884,151	133,635,708	7,037,085	190,556,944	7.5	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(15,765,218)	(31,118,113)	(6,168,704)	(53,052,035)	-	
Capital assets, net	35,472,452	103,638,465	4,820,674	143,931,591		
Total noncurrent assets	39,165,486	104,262,934	4,820,674	148,249,094		
Total Assets Total Assets	56,144,975	120,857,401	5,003,247	182,005,623	6,100,317	
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred charge on refunding	39,165	73,978		113,143		
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	509,077	249,917	523	759,517	67,825	
Accrued payroll	53,516	25,766	2,038	81,320	-	
Accrued vacation and sick leave pay	96,755	44,231	4,586	145,572	(6)	
Accrued interest payable	283,031	2,022,136		2,305,167	72	
Current portion of revenue bonds payable	991,800	1,948,400		2,940,200	3.59	
Claims payable	,		- 2	-	2,615,541	
Other current liabilities	120,190	5,914	-	126,104		
Other current habitates	2,054,369	4,296,364	7,147	6,357,880	2,683,366	
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):						
Deposits payable	663,662		785	664,447		
Total Current Liabilities	2,718,031	4,296,364	7,932	7,022,327	2,683,366	
					81	
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Long-term portion of revenue bonds payable	20.220.065	92,721,250	2	112,942,215		
(net of unamortized premiums and discounts)	20,220,965		1,370	43,483		
Noncurrent accrued vacation and sick leave pay	28,900	13,213		269,148	5	
OPEB obligation	173,644	86,822	8,682			
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,423,509	92,821,285	10,052	113,254,846	2 602 266	
Total Liabilities	23,141,540	97,117,649	17,984	120,277,173	2,683,366	
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	13,588,165	23,555,747	4,820,674	41,964,586	-	
Unrestricted	19,454,435	257,983	164,589	19,877,007	3,416,951	
Total Net Position	\$ 33,042,600	\$ 23,813,730	\$ 4,985,263	\$ 61,841,593	\$ 3,416,951	
TOTAL FIEL L'OSITION	Ψ 33,012,000		= ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Bı					
	266		Enterprise		Governmental	
	Major Ente	rprise Funds	Fund	Total	Activities -	
	Waterworks	Sanitary Sewer	Parking Facilities	Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues:	Water Works	Bewei	- I delitties	1 unus	Bervice I dilds	
Metered water sales	\$ 9,015,282	\$	\$	\$ 9,015,282	\$	
Sewer fees	Ψ 5,015,202	11,615,272	•	11,615,272	Ψ	
Garage gate and surface parking lot collections		11,015,272	103,801	103,801		
Charges for services	-		105,001	105,001	6,901,042	
Other	405,204	92,472		497,676	25,329	
Total Operating Revenues	9,420,486	11,707,744	103,801	21,232,031	6,926,371	
Operating Expenses:						
Labor	2,127,310	1,094,512	84,657	3,306,479		
Contracted services	467,750	2,425,552	2,400	2,895,702		
Administrative and general	50,576	15,394	X#1	65,970		
Purchased water	1,298,096	3.40		1,298,096	-	
Utilities and fuels	356,460	662,189	438	1,019,087	-	
Repairs and maintenance	349,739	82,474	22,454	454,667		
Materials and supplies	725,365	87,242	523	813,130	-	
Claims expense and insurance	12	n@r	(S)		7,851,888	
Depreciation	1,661,582	4,645,894	290,030	6,597,506	.,	
Amortization	2,523	(8,436)	S(#)	(5,913)	2	
Other	442,559	438,560	58,450	939,569	(4)	
Total Operating Expenses	7,481,960	9,443,381	458,952	17,384,293	7,851,888	
Operating Income (Loss)	1,938,526	2,264,363	(355,151)	3,847,738	(925,517)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Investment income	8,655	6,311	219	15,185	6,660	
Interest expense	(673,209)	(4,808,935)	:+:	(5,482,144)	(4)	
Interest subsidy	76,584	1,290,373	(<u>*</u>	1,366,957		
Bond issue costs	(16,658)	(31,465)		(48,123)		
Net (loss) gain on sale of capital assets	(79,514)	(2,336,319)		(2,415,833)	-	
Equity loss in joint venture	(136,144)			(136,144)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(930,396)	(5.990.025)	210	(6.700.102)	6.660	
(Expenses)	(820,286)	(5,880,035)	219	(6,700,102)	6,660	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and		(2.41.45)	(0.7.4.000)	(2.070.051)	(010.04=)	
Capital Contributions	1,118,240	(3,615,672)	(354,932)	(2,852,364)	(918,857)	
Transfers:				40.400.400		
Transfers in	6,513,497	(#)	3,775,293	10,288,790		
Transfers out	(328,390)	(6,776,814)		(7,105,204)	(1,673,441)	
Total Transfers	6,185,107	(6,776,814)	3,775,293	3,183,586	(1,673,441)	
Net Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	7,303,347	(10,392,486)	3,420,361	331,222	(2,592,298)	
Capital contributions	672,997	311,062) • (-	984,059		
Change In Net Position	7,976,344	(10,081,424)	3,420,361	1,315,281	(2,592,298)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	25,066,256	33,895,154	1,564,902	60,526,312	6,009,249	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 33,042,600	\$ 23,813,730	\$ 4,985,263	\$ 61,841,593	\$ 3,416,951	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	b =		jor Enterprise Funds		Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		Total Enterprise			overnmental Activities - Internal
		Waterworks		Sanitary Sewer		Parking Facilities		Funds	S	ervice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Customer deposits received/(paid), net Cash received from other funds for services provided	\$	8,525,773 63,200	\$	11,011,134	\$	103,801 (2,079)	\$	19,640,708 61,121	\$	6,926,371
Other operating cash receipts/payments Cash paid to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments for premiums and claims	1	409,694 (2,150,933) (3,517,683)	-	92,472 (1,066,454) (3,860,663)		(11,259) (82,217) (83,750)		490,907 (3,299,604) (7,462,096)	_	1,166 - (6,999,194)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		3,330,051		6,176,489		(75,504)	_	9,431,036	_	(71,657)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers (to) from other funds	-	6,185,107		(6,776,814)	_	3,431,745	_	2,840,038	_	(1,673,441)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Noncapital Financing Activities:		6,185,107		(6,776,814)		3,431,745	_	2,840,038	_	(1,673,441)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		1 959 050		2 511 250				5,370,300		
Proceeds from debt issuance		1,858,950 (2,438,100)		3,511,350 (4,692,300)				(7,130,400)		
Payment to escrow agent on refunding of old debt Payment for bond (premium), discount and issue costs		(105,073)		(14,597)		2		(119,670)		ű.
Principal paid on debt		(965,400)		(1,941,400)		*:		(2,906,800)		
Interest paid on debt		(970,884)		(5,028,512)		8		(5,999,396)		÷
Interest subsidy		76,584		1,290,373		*		1,366,957		*
Payment on advance from other fund/loan repayments		3		5,085		5		5,085		
Contributions from developers/governmental funds		672,997		311,062		(2.421.745)		984,059		*
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net Cash Used In Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(3,868,155)		(2,262,549)	_	(3,431,745)	RITE.	(7,691,523)	-	
Cash Flows Provided By Investing Activities: Interest received on investments	_	8,655	_	6,311	8	219		15,185	_	6,660
Net (Decrease) Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents		5,655,658		(9,415,502)		(75,285)		(3,835,129)		(1,738,438)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	9,123,706	_	23,301,585	E —	251,533		32,676,824		7,838,755
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$.	14,779,364	\$	13,886,083	\$	176,248	<u>\$</u>	28,841,695	\$	6,100,317
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities:			•	2261262	Ф	(255.151)	ds.	2 947 729	\$	(925,517)
Operating Income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	1,938,526	\$	2,264,363	\$	(355,151)	\$	3,847,738	Φ	(923,317)
Depreciation Amortization Change in assets and liabilities:		1,661,582 2,523		4,645,894 (8,436)		290,030		6,597,506 (5,913)		15 52
Increase in services receivable		(489,509)		(604,138)		\$		(1,093,647)		1,166
(Increase) decrease in other receivable		4,490		290		(11,259)		(6,769)		
Decrease in inventory		147,257				- 5		147,257		-
Decrease in prepaid expenses		00.173		(150, 424)		515		(120.746)		47,153
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		22,173 (3,967)		(152,434) 2,083		323		(129,746) (1,561)		47,133
Decrease in accrued payroll Decrease in claims payable Increase in accrued vacation and		(3,907)		2,003		323		(1,501)		805,541
sick leave pay		(33,085)		9,946		887		(22,252)		(*)
Increase in other post employment benefit obligation		13,429		16,029		1,230		30,688		•
Increase in deposits		63,200		3,182		(2,079)		61,121 6,614		(8)
Decrease in other liabilities Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	3,432 3,330,051	\$	6,176,489	\$	(75,504)	\$	9,431,036	\$	(71,657)
Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position: Equity loss in joint venture	\$	(136,144)	\$		\$	3	\$	(136,144)	\$	-

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Post Retirement Benefits Trust Fund	Agency Funds	
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value:	\$ -	\$ 1,928,870	
Bond funds	1,836,155) 	
Total Assets	1,836,155	1,928,870	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	6,594	-	
Due to other taxing districts	-	770,005	
Deposits payable held in escrow	-	1,158,865	
Total Liabilities	6,594	\$ 1,928,870	
Net position held in trust for other post employment benefits	\$ 1,829,561		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Post Retirement Benefits Trust Fund	
Additions		
Contributions:	ф	606 177
Employer	\$	606,177
Plan members		193,852
Total contributions		800,029
Investment income:		114.010
Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments		114,812
Net investment income		114,812
Total Additions		914,841
Deductions:		
Benefits		737,818
Administration	0	90,286
Total Deductions		828,104
Change in Net Position		86,737
Net Position, Beginning of Year		1,742,824
Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,829,561

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Saint Charles, Missouri (the City), was incorporated as the Town of Saint Charles on November 2, 1809 by the Court of Common Pleas, District of Saint Charles. By an act of the General Assembly on March 10, 1849, it became the City of Saint Charles, Missouri, by special charter. The City now operates under a Home Rule Charter adopted in 1982 in accordance with the provisions of the Missouri Constitution and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works/public improvements, water and sanitation, recreation, community development, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental entities. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The more significant accounting and reporting policies established in GAAP and practiced by the City are discussed below.

The Financial Reporting Entity

The City defines its reporting entity to include all component units for which the City's governing body is financially accountable or closely related. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or the relationship must have the potential for creating specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The City's financial reporting entity consists of the City and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's financial reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the City.

Blended Component Unit

The following component unit is legally separate from the City; however, its activities are so intertwined with the City as the primary government that it is, in substance, the same as the primary government. As such, the balances and transactions of this component unit are blended into the basic financial statements and are reported in a manner similar to the balances and transactions of the City itself.

City of Saint Charles, Missouri, Public Facilities Authority (PFA)

The PFA is a not-for-profit corporation created by Ordinance of the City Council, organized and existing under the laws of the state of Missouri. Board members are appointed by the Mayor of the City for a three-year term and must be approved by City Council. The PFA's purpose is to provide financing for the purchase or construction of various assets for the sole benefit of the City. The PFA is accounted for as if it were part of the City's operations because it was established to provide benefits exclusively for the public facility needs of the City. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the PFA. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the PFA had no activity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Joint Ventures

The City has entered into the following multi-governmental arrangements creating organizations that are owned, operated or governed by two or more participants as separate and specific activities subject to joint control, in which the City retains an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility.

Saint Peters-Saint Charles Water Pipeline Project (Water Pipeline Project)

The Water Pipeline Project was formed under the laws of the state of Missouri on October 2, 1985. The purpose of the Water Pipeline Project is to construct and operate a water pipeline and appurtenant facilities from the Howard Bend Treatment Plant, owned and operated by the City of Saint Louis, Missouri, to the separate facilities of the municipalities of Saint Peters, Missouri, and Saint Charles, Missouri, in order to adequately supply water by the pipeline to the citizens and businesses of the municipalities. The Water Pipeline Project is owned by the City of Saint Peters (31.8%) and the City of Saint Charles (68.2%). The City of Saint Peters is responsible for managing and accounting for the daily operations of the Water Pipeline Project, except when concurrence of both cities is required. Additional information regarding the Water Pipeline Project is provided in Note 15.

Convention Center Project

The City and the Saint Charles County Convention & Sports Facility Authority (the Authority) entered into a Convention Center Agreement (Cooperation Agreement) to contract and cooperate with each other and any private corporation for the planning, development, construction, acquisition or operation of a public improvement or facility as authorized under RSMo 710.210 to 70.320. Specifically, the Cooperation Agreement provides for the joint financing, construction and operation of a convention center facility and all related improvements.

The Authority will own an undivided 3/4 interest and the City will own an undivided 1/4 interest in the Convention Center Building. The City will retain ownership of the land for the project and lease the property to the Authority and to the Hotel Developer. Additional information regarding the Convention Center Project is provided for in Note 15.

Related Organization

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing members to the board of Saint Charles Housing Authority and the New Town Entertainment District, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making such appointments. Accordingly, these related organizations are not included as a component unit within the City's financial reporting entity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Jointly Governed Organization

The City has entered into a multi-governmental arrangement creating the Saint Charles City-County Library Board, which is governed by representatives from each of the participating governments. This organization is not considered to be a joint venture as the City does not retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the organization. Additionally, this entity does not meet the criteria for inclusion as a component unit in the primary government's financial reporting entity. Accordingly, the Saint Charles City-County Library Board is considered a jointly governed organization.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, with the exception of interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties. The government-wide financial statements report net position in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds". The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net position for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net position. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net position as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing accounts. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Type

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Street Construction Fund – The special street construction fund is used to account for the construction expenditures for projects which are funded by federal, state and county grants.

Neighborhood Improvement District (NID) Capital Projects Fund - The NID capital projects fund is used to account for the use of bond proceeds for infrastructure projects in the New Town Development, the Streets of St. Charles at Noah's Ark, and the New Town Gateway project.

Neighborhood Improvement District (NID) Debt Service Fund - The NID debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs for bonds issued for improvements to the New Town Development, the Streets of St. Charles at Noah's Ark and the New Town Gateway project.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They are special revenue funds which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, debt service funds, which account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt and capital project funds which account for financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of capital facilities and a permanent fund which is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position and cash flows. The following are the City's Proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City has two enterprise funds which are considered major funds as follows:

Major Funds

Waterworks Fund - The waterworks fund is used to account for the collection of revenue and operating expenditures related to water services provided by the City for its customers.

Sanitary Sewer - The sanitary sewer fund is used to account for the collection of revenue and operating expenditures related to sanitary sewer services provided by the City for its customers.

Internal Service Funds - Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. The City's internal service fund reports on a self insurance program for workers' compensation, general liability and various other risk management services.

Fiduciary Fund Type – Trust and Agency Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Trust funds are accounted for and reported similar to proprietary funds. The City's trust fund accounts for post-employment health care benefits provided to eligible retirees. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of the results of operations. The City's agency funds account for performance bonds pledged by contractors, municipal court collections for bail bonds and the tax collection activities for the Mark Twain Mall Transportation Development District (TDD).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows/inflows or resources and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for water, sewer and parking services for the Enterprise Funds and interfund services for the Internal Service Fund. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Fund include the cost of sales or services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 3). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. For the City, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year end, except for expenditure driven grants for which the availability period is one year.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: state-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax), fines and forfeitures, licenses and permits, interest, grants and rentals.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. Certain grants received before eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenues.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which have not matured are recognized when paid. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity dates within three months when purchases to be cash equivalents.

Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices as reported by the investment custodian.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year end are recorded as prepaid items.

Inventories

Purchases of materials and supplies in the governmental fund types are charged to expenditures as incurred. Amounts of inventories in such funds are immaterial. For the enterprise funds, inventories are recorded at cost using the first-in, first-out method and the expense is recognized when inventories are consumed in operations.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded, is employed within the governmental fund financial statements. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reported as assigned fund balance to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for subsequent appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and prospectively reported infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more for general capital assets, \$250,000 or more for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In accordance with the transitional provision of GASB Statement No. 34, general government infrastructure assets (streets, bridges, sidewalks) have been fully capitalized retroactively as of January 1, 2003.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not enhance functionality or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements	10-50
Water and sewer lines	50
Streets, bridges and sidewalks	20-50
Furniture and other equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-8
Computer equipment	5
Software	5
Land improvement	20
Outdoor recreation	20

A whole year of depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Fully depreciated assets are included in the accounts until their disposal.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Compensatory Time And Sick Leave

City employees earn vacation during the current year which must be taken in the subsequent year. Accrued vacation time is payable to employees upon termination. Accrued compensatory time is payable 100% to employees upon termination. Sick leave is vested and accumulated sick days (subject to a minimum of 12 days) are paid at 25% up to 120 days and 50% in excess of 120 days, not to exceed 30 days, and is payable upon termination.

Accumulated unpaid vacation, compensatory time and sick leave are accrued as earned. These amounts are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the amounts due at year end have matured.

Other Post Employment Benefit (Asset) Obligation

The City calculates and records a net other post employment benefit (OPEB) asset or obligation in the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements. The net OPEB asset or liability is, in general, the cumulative difference between the actuarial required contribution and the actual contributions since January 1, 2008, the date of implementation. The City is not required to and has elected not to retroactively implement GASB 45. Details relating to the City's postretirement health care benefits provided, OPEB asset or liability and its calculation are provided at Note 13.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide-statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Interfund Transactions

In the fund financial statements, the City has the following types of transactions among funds:

Transfers

Legally required transfers are reported when incurred as "transfers in" by the recipient fund and as "transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

Interfund Services Provided/Used

Charges or collections for services rendered by one fund for another are recognized as revenues (interfund services provided) of the recipient fund and expenditures or expenses (interfund services used) of the disbursing fund. These transactions are recorded as interfund services provided and used because they would be treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses if they involved organizations external to the City.

Certain internal payments are treated as program revenues, such as internal services provided and used. Certain internal payments are treated as a reduction of expense, such as reimbursements.

Elimination of interfund activity has been made for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements the following classifications are used to define the governmental fund balances:

Nonspendable – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City's nonspendable fund balance consists of the principal of the cemetery trust fund and prepaid expenses.

Restricted – This consists of the governmental fund balances that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City's restricted fund balances consists of various taxes approved by voters for specific purposes, grants and sewer lateral program.

Committed – This consists of the governmental fund balances that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Assigned – This consists of governmental fund balances that are intended to be used for specific purpose by a) City Council or b) Mayor. The City's assigned fund balance includes special revenue fund purposes, capital projects, redevelopment, beautification and encumbrances that have not already been accounted for. The City's policy is to follow the authorization guidance established by GASB 54.

Unassigned – This consists of the governmental funds that do not meet the definition of "nonspendable," "restricted," "committed" or "assigned."

The City has enacted the following policy, by Resolution, in an effort to ensure financial security through the maintenance of a health reserve fund that guides the creation, maintenance, and use of resources for financial stabilization purposes. The City's primary objective is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels or raising taxes and fees due to temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The City also seeks to maintain the highest possible credit ratings which are dependent, in part, on the City's maintenance of a healthy fund balance.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund has been accumulated to provide stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities.

The City's Fund Balance Policy is to maintain unrestricted fund balance of not less than 20% of annual operating expenditures and transfers out for the General Fund.

The City's basic goal is to maintain annual expenditure increases at a growth rate, and to limit expenditures to anticipated revenue in order to maintain a balanced budget. The decision to retain and unrestricted fund balance of not less than 20% of operating expenditures stems from the following:

- This amount demonstrates the City's commitment to conservative fiscal management.
- This amount provides adequate funding to cover approximately three months of operating expenses.
- This amount provides the liquidity to respond to contingent liabilities.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position are displayed in three components as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted - This consists of net position that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Unrestricted - This consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Use of Restricted Resources

When as expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the City's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the City's policy is to first apply the expenditures toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Investment In Joint Venture

The City's investment in the Saint Peters-Saint Charles Water Pipeline Project (Joint Venture) is recorded on the equity method of accounting.

Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year end and revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits And Investments

Investment Policy

The City's Director of Finance, or delegated finance department staff member, subject to review of the Director of Finance, is authorized to invest excess funds in any investments authorized by the City's investment policy. The City's investment policy authorizes the City to invest in the following instruments to provide maximum security of capital with the highest return on investment while meeting daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all Missouri state statutes governing the investment of public funds: United States Treasury obligations, United States Government Agency Securities and instrumentalities of government sponsored corporations, collateralized repurchase agreements, collateralized certificates of deposit and any full faith and credit obligations of the United States Government or the State of Missouri. Investments may be further restricted by trustee agreements for the City's various debt issues. As of December 31, 2014, all of the City's investments were in compliance with the City's investment policy.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

The objectives of the City's investment policy, in order of priority as adopted by the City Council, are the following:

<u>Legality</u>:

Investments are limited to permissible instruments as per above.

Safety:

Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of the capital in the overall portfolio. Therefore, investments of a speculative nature are to be avoided. Additionally, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate credit and interest rate risks. Under no circumstances will the City invest in derivatives or allow the use of investments containing derivatives as collateral.

Liquidity:

The City's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands.

Yield:

The City's investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account investment risk constraints and liquidity needs. Return on investment is of least importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives described above. The core of investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed. Securities shall not be sold prior to maturity with the following exceptions: a declining credit security could be sold early to minimize loss of principal; a security swap would improve the quality, yield, or target duration in the portfolio or liquidity needs of the portfolio require that the security be sold.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

As of December 31, 2014, the City's deposit and investment balances were as follows:

Туре	Fair Value
Deposits:	
Demand deposits	\$ 39,758,448
Cash on hand	32,650
Total Deposits	39,791,098
Investments:	
Repurchase Agreement	2,500,000
United States agency securities	33,172,238
Money market funds	17,701,114
Bond Funds	2,089,830
Total Investments	55,463,182
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$95,254,280</u>
Governmental cash and investments (restricted and	
unrestricted)	\$ 62,647,560
Business-type cash and investments (restricted and	, ,
unrestricted)	28,841,695
Fiduciary cash and investments	3,765,025
	\$95,254,280

Interest Rate Risk

To the extent possible, the City will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. At all times the City should maintain a minimum of 5% of the total portfolio in highly marketable US Treasury Bills or overnight repurchase agreements. Generally, the City should purchase investments with maturities of less than five years. The City may invest up to 75% of the lesser of targeted or actual unreserved fund balance of certain funds in maturities greater than five years. Trustee agreements for the City's various debt issues may further restrict allowable maturities for those investments.

As of December 31, 2014, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		In	vestment Maturities (In Years)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10
United States agency securities Money market funds Bond funds	\$ 33,172,238 17,701,114 2,089,830	\$ 19,170,056 17,701,114 2,089,830	\$ 14,002,182	\$ -
	\$ 52,963,182	\$ 38,961,000	<u>\$ 14,002,182</u>	\$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Credit Risk

According to the City's investment policy, the City will minimize credit risk, the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by only using those financial institutions that have been approved by the Director of Finance. Securities dealers not affiliated with a bank shall be required to have an office located in Missouri (preferably local) and be fully licensed and registered NASD broker/dealers. The City will also diversify the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized and all trades, where applicable, will be executed by delivery versus payment.

As of December 31, 2014, the City's credit ratings associated with their money market funds and United States agency securities were as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
United States agency securities Money market funds Bond funds	AAA Not rated	Aaa Aaa Not rated

Concentration of Credit Risk

According to the City's investment policy, the City's investments will be diversified to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of security. The following guidelines represent the maximum limits established for diversification by instrument:

Diversification Of Instrument	Maximum Percent Of Portfolio
United States Treasury obligations	100%
United States agency securities and instrumentalities	
of government sponsored corporations	100%
Certificates of deposit	10%
Repurchase agreements	25%

The City employs the "prudent person" standard, as defined in the policy, to determine the instrument type and maturity in which the City will invest its funds.

Concentration of credit risk is required to be disclosed by the City for any single investment that represents 5% or more of total investments (excluding investments issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government, investment in mutual funds, investments in external investment pools and investments in other pooled investments). At December 31, 2014, the City had the following concentrations of credit risk required to be disclosed:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Home Loan Bank	\$ 11,668,047 \$ 5,982,076	21.0% 10.8%
Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$ 7,994,869 \$ 7,527,246	14.4% 13.6%

Custodial Credit Risk

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with its policy, the City addresses custodial risk by pre-qualifying institutions with which the City places investments, diversifying the investment portfolio and maintaining a standard of quality for investments.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution.

3. Property Tax

The City's property tax is levied annually, on or before September 1, based on the assessed valuation of property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the Saint Charles County Assessor. The City's 2014 tax rate was levied at \$0.9312 per \$100 of assessed valuation of which \$0.5380 is for general revenue purposes, \$0.2319 for public parks and \$0.1613 for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Taxes are billed November 1, are due and collectible on December 31 and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, collected and remitted to the City by the Saint Charles County Collector.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,
	2014	Increases	Decreases	2014
Governmental Activities:	-	-		
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 30,187,777	\$ -	\$	\$ 30,187,777
Construction in Progress	15,966,686	14,662,339	13,931,696	16,697,329
Total Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated	46,154,463	14,662,339	13,931,696	46,885,106
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land improvements	19,687,088	53,514	2,391,108	17,349,494
Structures and improvements	45,179,746	7,593,488	1.51	52,773,234
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	31,391,809	1,598,133	1,798,316	31,191,626
Infrastructure	203,419,303	7,098,152	1,102,199	209,415,256
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	299,677,946	16,343,287	5,291,623	310,729,610
Less - Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Land improvements	12,823,323	543,427	2,385,934	10,980,816
Structures and improvements	19,213,646	1,922,895	3	21,136,541
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	17,073,864	2,533,142	1,776,014	17,830,992
Infrastructure	82,670,240	6,679,714	221,455	89,128,499
Total Accumulated Depreciation	131,781,073	11,679,178	4,383,403	139,076,848
Total Capital Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	167,896,873	4,664,109	908,220	171,652,762
Governmental Activities,				
Capital Assets, Net	\$214,051,336	\$19,326,448	\$14,839,916	\$218,537,868

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Balance - January 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance December 2014	
Business-Type Activities:			N 	,, :	*	
Waterworks:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land rights	\$	223,228	\$	\$	\$ 223,	
Construction in progress (A)		5,175,556	1,964,065	6,009,330	1,130,	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,398,784	1,964,065	6,009,330	1,353,	519
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements		40,719,122	6,540,183	292,192	46,967,	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		3,252,443	175,309	510,714	2,917,	
Total capital assets being depreciated		43,971,565	6,715,492	802,906	49,884,	151
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		12,631,403	1,489,477	201,002	13,919,	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,177,425	172,105	504,190	1,845,	
Total accumulated depreciation		14,808,828	1,661,582	705,192	15,765,	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		29,162,737	5,053,910	97,714	34,118,	
Waterworks capital assets, net		34,561,521	7,017,975	6,107,044	35,472,	452
Sanitary Sewer:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and land rights		218,059	_		218,	050
Construction in progress		58,027,132	2,510,165	59,634,486	902,	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	•	58,245,191	2,510,165	59,634,486	1,120,	
Capital assets, being depreciated:		30,243,191	2,310,103	39,034,400	1,120,	670
Buildings and improvements		80,547,669	59,697,931	10,239,381	130,006,	210
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		4,476,332	39,097,931	846,843	3,629,	
Total capital assets being depreciated	-	85,024,001	59,697,931	11,086,224	133,635,	
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:		65,024,001	39,097,931	11,000,224	133,033,	700
Buildings and improvements		32,970,034	4,340,295	8,061,660	29,248,	660
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		2,252,090	305,599	688,245	1,869,	
Total accumulated depreciation	-	35,222,124	4,645,894	8,749,905	31,118,	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	-	49,801,877	55,052,037	2,336,319	102,517,	
Sanitary Sewer capital assets, net		108,047,068	57,562,202	61,970,805	102,517,	
Saintary Sewer capital assets, net	-	100,047,000	37,302,202	01,770,803	103,036,	103
Parking Facilities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land		177,000	5		177,	000
Construction in progress			3,775,293		3,775,	293
Capital assets, being depreciated:		177,000	3,775,293		3,952,	
Buildings and improvements		6,921,114		•	6,921,	114
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		115,971			115,	971
Total capital assets being depreciated	/~====	7,037,085			7,037,	085
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements		5,807,442	279,032	*	6,086,	474
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		71,232	10,998	· · · · · · · · ·	82,	230
Total accumulated depreciation	33	5,878,674	290,030		6,168,	704
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		1,158,411	(290,030)		868,	381
Parking Facilities capital assets, net		1,335,411	3,485,263		4,820,	674
Business-type activities,						
capital assets, net	©	143,944,000	\$ 68,065,440	\$ 68,077,849	\$ 143,931,	501
oupitul associs, not	Ψ	110,011,000	Ψ 00,000,110	Ψ 00,077,077	Ψ 1 (3,731,	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	1,005,276
Public works/improvements		7,290,644
Public Parks		1,101,900
Public Safety		1,646,968
Convention Center		634,390
Total depreciation expense - governmental-type activities	<u>\$</u>	511,679,178
Business-type Activities:		
Waterworks	\$	1,661,582
Sanitary Sewer		4,645,894
Parking Facilities) =	290,030
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	6,597,506

5. Employees' Retirement System

The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri.

Plan Description

LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute section RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt.

All full-time employees are eligible to participate in LAGERS. Benefits vest after five years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with five or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program then in effect. Employees may retire with a reduced early retirement benefit after a minimum of five years of credited service and attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire).

LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Funding Policy

The City's full-time employees do not contribute to the pension plan. The City is required by state statute to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The June 30th statutorily required contribution rates are 14.1% of annual covered payroll for general employees, 14.7% for police and 12.5% for fire employees. The contribution requirements of plan members are determined by the governing body of the City. The contribution requirements of the City are established by state statute.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the year ended December 31, 2014 were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 4,502,685
Interest on net pension obligation	126,693
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(116,135)
Annual pension cost	4,513,243
Actual contributions	4,275,364
Increase in NPO	237,879
Net pension obligation beginning of year	1,909,583
Net pension obligation end of year	\$ 2,147,462

The annual required contribution was determined as part of the February 29, 2012 and February 28, 2013 annual actuarial valuations using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions as of February 28, 2014 included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.25% per year, compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% per year, compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0% to 6.0% per year, depending on age and division, attributable to seniority/merit, (d) pre-retirement mortality based on 75% of the RP-2000 Combined Healthy table set back zero years for men and zero years for women and (e) post-retirement mortality based on 105% of the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality table set back zero years for men and zero years for women. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The amortization period as of February 29, 2012 was 18 years for General division and 30 years for police and fire divisions and February 28, 2013 was 16 years for General division, 21 years for the police division and 6 years for the fire division.

Historical Trend Information

Historical trend information about the City's participation in LAGERS, based on our annual reporting period of June 30th is presented below to help readers assess the plan's funding status on a going-concern basis and assess progress being made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Three-Year Trend Information

	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
Year Ending	Costs (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
December 31, 2014	\$4,513,243	94.7%	\$2,147,462
December 31, 2013	4,348,225	94.9%	1,909,584
December 31, 2012	3,899,083	91.3%	1,688,322

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan for the actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2014 is as follows:

			(b)	(b - a)			[(b-a)/c]
		(a)	Entry Age	Unfunded		(c)	UAL as a
Year	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(a/b)	Annual	Percentage
Ended	Valuation	Value	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
December 31,	Date	of Assets	Liability	(UAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2014	2/28/2014	\$ 78,182,822	\$ 84,348,754	\$ 6,165,932	93%	\$ 29,910,048	21%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value if plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liability for benefits.

6. Obligations Under Lease Agreements

The City leases equipment under the terms of certain operating lease agreements with terms in excess of one year. Annual aggregate lease payments remaining under the terms of these operating lease agreements as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year	Amount
2015	\$31,143
2016	28,442
2017	25,740
2018	24,840
2019	23,940
2020 - 2024	<u>67,140</u>
	\$201,245

Total operating lease rental expenditures of approximately \$46,443 for the year ended December 31, 2014 are included in contractual services expenditures of the respective funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

8. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Original Authorized/ Issued Amount	Balance - January 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance - December 31, 2014	Current Portion
Governmental Activities:						
Compensated Absences*	N/A	\$ 4,184,641	\$2,367,571	\$ 2,915,463	\$ 3,636,749	\$2,109,315
OPEB (asset) obligation	N/A	3,010,552	1,077,194	606,177	3,481,569	
LAGERS net pension obligation	N/A	1,909,583	4,513,243	4,275,364	2,147,462	- 207.012
Capital leases*	1,197,858	2,109,614	- "	220,680	1,888,934	227,013
General Obligation Bonds:						
General Obligation Bonds dated July						
1, 2003, 2,95% - 3.55% payable in	2,555,000	1,080,000		530,000	550,000	550,000
varying amounts through 2015	2,333,000	1,000,000	1.5	330,000	330,000	330,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds						
dated February 1, 2006, 3,55% -4.05%	10,930,000	5,170,000		690,000	4,480,000	715,000
payable in varying amounts through 2018	10,930,000	3,170,000	-	090,000	4,480,000	713,000
General Obligation Bonds dated March 5, 2013, 2.00% -3.00%						
payable in varying amounts through 2028	12,400,000	12,400,000	163	125,000	12,275,000	125,000
General Obligation Bonds	12,100,000	12,100,000		120,000	12,270,000	120,000
dated September 3, 2013, 2.00% -4.00%						
payable in varying amounts through 2028	3,800,000	3,800,000	1.76		3,800,000	
	29,685,000	22,450,000		1,345,000	21,105,000	1,390,000
Neighborhood Improvement District Special Assessment Debt With Governmental Commitment: Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Bonds (New Town at St. Charles Infrastructure Project - Phase Ten Improvements Series 2008, dated December 3, 2008, 3.25% -4.75% payable in varying amounts through 2028 Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds (New Town at St. Charles Infrastructure Project - Phase One Series 2013A, dated February 20, 2013, 1.0% - 2.5% payable in varying amounts through 2024 Neighborhood Improvement District	2,040,000	1,785,000 2,375,000	(* <u>)</u>	85,000 215,000	1,700,000 2,160,000	90,000
Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds (New Town at St. Charles Infrastructure Project - Phase T wo Series 2013B, dated February 20, 2013, 1.0% - 2.5% payable in varying amounts through 2024 Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Refunding Bonds (New Town at St. Charles Infrastructure Project - Phase Three Series 2013C, dated February 20, 2013, 1.0% - 2.5% payable in varying amounts through 2024	4,320,000 1,810,000	4,280,000	(E)	355,000 145,000	3,925,000 1,655,000	360,000 150,000
Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Bonds (New Town Gateway Infrastructure Project - Phase One Improvements) Series 2014, dated April 22, 2014, 2.0% - 3.9% payable in varying amounts through 2034	2,925,000	v	2,925,000		2,925,000	12

^{*} The liability for compensated absences has historically been liquidated from the general fund, street maintenance and improvement fund, community development fund, sewer lateral program fund, park fund and tourism fund based on where employees are assigned. Capital leases are liquidated by the Capital Improvement Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Original Authorized/	Balance - January 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance - December 31, 2014	Current Portion
Pincin (Continue)	Issued Amount	2014	Auditions	Retifements	2014	TOTTON
eighborhood Improvement District (Continued) Special Assessment Debt With						
Governmental Commitment:						
Neighborhood Improvement District						
Limited General Obligation Bonds (Streets of St. Charles						
Project) Series 2010A dated August 3, 2010, 1.0% - 4.0%	7,630,000	6,975,000		330,000	6,645,000	335,000
payable in varying amounts through 2030	7,030,000	0,773,000		550,000	0,0,0,000	,
Neighborhood Improvement District Limited General Obligation Bonds (Streets of St. Charles						
Project) Series 2011A dated November 11, 2011, 2,0% - 4.0%						
payable in varying amounts through 2031	9,860,000	9,695,000	583	420,000	9,275,000	430,000
Neighborhood Improvement District						
Limited General Obligation Bonds (Streets of St. Charles						
Project) Series 2012 dated September 25, 2012, 2,0% - 3.1%	10.202.000	10 705 000		245 000	18,040,000	810,000
payable in varying amounts through 2032	18,385,000	18,385,000		345,000	10,040,000	810,000
Neighborhood Improvement District						
Limited General Obligation Bonds (Streets of St. Charles Project) Series 2013, dated October 17, 2013, 2.0% - 4,2%						
payable in varying amounts through 2033	3,545,000	3,545,000			3,545,000	40,000
pay 4010 -1 y g	52,910,000	48,840,000	2,925,000	1,895,000	49,870,000	2,435,000
x Increment Revenue Notes:						
Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Series						
1998, (Elm Point - Lime Lagoon),						
7% - 9%, maturing in						
October 2019	8,000,000	5,280,000	(e)	**	5,280,000	
Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Series						
2000, (Mark Twain Mall Bass Pro						
Shops Redevelopment Project),				1 260 000	962.000	
9%, maturing in October 2015	12,200,000	2,131,000	(100)	1,269,000	862,000	
Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Series						
2005, (Fountain Lakes Redevelopment				1 710 000	7 100 000	
Project), 7%, maturing in March 2020	14,590,000	8,810,000	*	1,710,000	7,100,000	
	34,790,000	16,221,000		2,979,000	13,242,000	
ertificates of Participation:						
Certificates of Participation, Series						
2009, (Refunded PFA Leasehold						
Revenue Bonds, Series 1997), 1,5% - 3.4%, maturing in February 2017	23,445,000	2,683,600	₹	2,683,600		-
Certificates of Participation, Series						
2010, (Refunded Certificates of Participation, Series 2003 - Art						
Foundry Center), 3.0% - 5.0%,						
maturing February 2023	1,185,000	1,020,000	5	85,000	935,000	85,000
Certificates of Participation, Series						
2012, (Refunded Certificates of						
Participation, Series 2003B - Convention						
Center), 2.0% - 3.0%, maturing May 2024	28,105,000	24,545,000		1,765,000	22,780,000	1,885,000
Certificates of Participation, Series						
2014, (Refunded Certificates of						
Participation, Series 2009), 2.0%, maturing in February 2017	1,514,700	ž.	1,514,700	24,200	1,490,500	734,800
2.076, maturing in 1 conducty 2017	54 240 700	28,248,600	1,514,700	4,557,800	25,205,500	2,704,800
	54,249,700					
	\$171,634,700	\$126,973,990	\$12,397,708	\$18,794,484	\$ 120,577,214	\$8,866,128
d: Uπamortized premiωπ (discount), net					919,529	
tal Governmental Activities					\$ 121,496,743	:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Original Authorized/ Issued Amount	Balance - January 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance - December 31, 2014	Current Portion
Business-Type Activities:	-				.,	
Compensated absences OPEB obligation	N/A N/A	\$ 211,307 238,460	\$ 170,998 30,688	\$ 193,250	\$ 189,055 269,148	\$ 145,572
Certificates of Participation: Certificates of Participation, Series 2009, (Refunded PFA Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 1997) 1.25% - 3.4% payable in varying amounts through 2017	23,445,000	9,636,400		9,636,400		<u>:</u>
Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2014, (Refunded Certificates of Participation, Series 2009) 2.0% payable in varying amounts through 2017	5,370,300	:4:	5,370,300	85,800	5,284,500	2,605,200
Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2010, (Refunded Leasehold Revenue Bonds, Series 2002A and 2002B of the PFA), 3.0% - 5.0%, payable in varying amounts through 2023	28,580,000	27,975,000	8	315,000	27,660,000	335,000
Certificates of Participation, Series 2010A, (Water and Sewer Improvements) dated September 1, 2010, 2.35% - 4.6%, payable in varying amounts through 2030	11,975,000	11,975,000			11,975,000	
Certificates of Participation, Series 2010B, (Water and Sewer Improvements) dated September 1, 2010, 5,65% - 5.75%, payable in varying amounts through 2039	73,695,000	73,695,000			73,695,000	
	143,065,300	123,281,400	5,370,300	10,037,200	118,614,500	2,940,200
	\$ 143,065,300	\$ 123,731,167	\$ 5,571,986	\$ 10,230,450	\$ 119,072,703	\$ 3,085,772
Add: Unamortized premium, net Less: Unaccreted capital appreciation bonds Total Business-Type Activities	277				1,010,065 (3,742,150) \$ 116,340,618	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Debt Service Requirements To Maturity

The annual principal requirements to maturity of bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	ıl Ac	tivities	Business-Tyj	pe Ao	ctivities		Tota Service Re		
December 31,	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	-	Principal		Interest
2015	\$ 6,529,800	\$	2,753,844	\$ 2,940,200	\$	5,497,976	\$	9,470,000	\$	8,251,820
2016	6,999,100		2,491,627	3,215,900		5,428,415		10,215,000		7,920,042
2017	6,506,600		2,331,173	3,583,400		5,331,547		10,090,000		7,662,720
2018	6,775,000		2,163,325	4,060,000		5,199,513		10,835,000		7,362,838
2019	6,795,000		1,992,515	4,455,000		5,035,988		11,250,000		7,028,503
2020-2024	35,160,000		7,102,403	26,165,000		21,875,069		61,325,000		28,977,472
2025-2029	19,880,000		2,885,279	24,115,000		16,765,589		43,995,000		19,650,868
2030-2034	7,535,000		414,064	25,255,000		10,596,803		32,790,000		11,010,867
2035-2039		_		 24,825,000		3,675,544		24,825,000	_	3,675,544
	\$ 96,180,500	\$	22,134,230	\$ 118,614,500	\$	79,406,444	\$:	214,795,000	\$	101,540,674

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are supported by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit. These bonds, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, were issued to finance various capital projects. \$3,881,190 is available in the City's General Obligation Debt Service Fund to repay general obligation bonds. The remainder of the general obligation bonds are to be repaid from future property tax levies.

In prior years, the City used monies available in their Debt Service Fund to defease a portion of the outstanding principal on the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006, scheduled to mature March 1, 2013 through 2017. At December 31, 2014, the outstanding balance of this defeased debt and debt defeased in a prior year is \$2,140,000.

Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds (Special Assessment Debt With Governmental Commitment)

In 1994, State legislation was adopted permitting the formation of special assessment areas, known as Neighborhood Improvement Districts, to finance local public improvements (the NID Act). The improvements are financed by bonds which are retired by assessments levied on those specific properties which benefit from the improvements. To the extent assessments are insufficient to retire the NID Bonds, the City is obligated to pay for debt service with available funds of the City. The City is not authorized to levy a City-wide property tax to pay the NID Bonds. These bonds are supported by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

The 2013A, 2013B, 2013C and 2008 bonds, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, were issued to finance various infrastructure projects benefiting the New Town at Saint Charles Neighborhood Improvement District (the District) Phases One - Ten created by the City. The City's Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service Fund, has \$2,469,574, available to repay these bonds. The bonds will be repaid from future special assessments to be assessed on certain real property benefited by the Improvements.

The 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 bonds, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, were issued to finance various infrastructure projects benefiting the Streets of Noah's Ark, Phase one, two (a), two (b) and three improvements. The City's Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service Fund has \$5,644.080 available to repay these bonds. The bonds will be repaid from future special assessments to be assessed on certain real property benefited by the improvements.

The 2014 bonds, which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position, were issued to finance various infrastructure projects benefiting the New Town Gateway, Phase one improvements. The City's Neighborhood Improvement District Debt Service Fund has \$303,819 available to repay these bonds. The bonds will be repaid from future special assessments to be assessed on certain real property benefited by the improvements.

Tax Increment Revenue Notes Payable

The City has entered into agreements to issue tax increment revenue notes for the purpose of paying a portion of the redevelopment costs in connection with several tax increment financing district redevelopment plans. The notes are payable solely from payments in lieu of taxes attributable to the increase in assessed value of real property in the project area and additional economic activity taxes with no specific debt service requirements, and do not constitute a general obligation of the City. The obligations of the City with respect to these notes terminate on the maturity dates specified above, whether or not the principal amount or interest thereon has been paid in full.

In 2014, the Tax Increment Revenue Notes Series 2005 were reissued with a change in payment terms. The notes now mature in 2020. The City recognized a gain on the transaction in the amount of \$828,000.

Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation evidence proportionate ownership interest in the right to receive rental payments to be paid by the City under various lease/purchase agreements. The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 authorizes the City to issue taxable obligations known as "Build America Bonds" to finance capital expenditures for which it could otherwise issue taxexempt obligations and to elect to receive a subsidy payment, on each payment date, from the United States Treasury equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on the Build America Bonds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

In 2014, the City issued Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2014, to current refund \$9,120,000 of outstanding Certificates of Participation, Series 2009. The current refunding transaction reduced total debt service payments by approximately \$280,000 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$180,000.

Public Facilities Authority (PFA) Leasehold Revenue Bonds

On September 10, 1985, the PFA was formed as a Missouri not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the PFA is to facilitate the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements and facilities solely for the benefit of the City of Saint Charles, Missouri.

Funding of such capital improvements and facilities has been provided through the issuance of leasehold revenue bonds. Concurrent with the issuance of the bonds discussed below, the City entered into lease agreements, whereby the assets acquired or constructed by the PFA have been leased to the City. The leases terminate each June 30 and can be renewed for additional one-year periods up to a maximum of twenty years. At the end of the 20-year period, the assets are intended to become the property of the City. Lease payments by the City are to be sufficient at all times to pay the total amount of interest and principal (whether at maturity, by acceleration or by redemption as provided in the bond indenture) and premium, if any, on the leasehold revenue bonds as they become due.

The leasehold revenue bonds do not constitute a legal debt or liability for the City, the state of Missouri or for any political subdivision thereof and do not constitute indebtedness within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitation or restriction. The issuance of the leasehold revenue bonds does not obligate the City to levy any form of taxation, therefore, or to make any appropriation for their payment in any fiscal year. The PFA has no taxing power. The activities and accounts of the PFA have been blended into the City's various fund types and account groups. Because the primary purpose of the PFA is to issue debt to fund the acquisition or construction of assets to be leased to the City, and use the lease payments to repay the debt, the assets and liabilities of the PFA are reported as a form of the City's assets and liabilities.

In June 2002, the PFA issued \$37,250,000 in Leasehold Revenue Bonds (Series 2002A, B & C) to provide funds for repairing streets, acquiring land, constructing improvements to the police station, making improvements to city hall, acquiring certain vehicles and constructing improvements to waterworks and sewerage systems of the City. The debt relating to the Series 2002 A, B & C bonds has been recorded in the governmental activities of the statement of net position, the Waterworks fund and the Sanitary Sewer fund. During 2010, the City refunded the bonds with the Series 2010 Refunding Certificates of Participation. As a result, the debt was removed from the PFA and the related assets were transferred to the City on the redemption date, February 1, 2011.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Conduit Debt

The City has issued debt for economic development from time to time. This debt was issued for the benefit of third parties and the City has no obligation beyond the initial lease or loan, which has been assigned to various financial or banking entities. Debt outstanding of this nature includes taxable industrial revenue bonds of \$16,126,750 as follows:

MiTek Industries, Inc, (Series 2009)	\$7,126,750
Gateway RE I, Inc. (Series 2014)	\$6,500,000
Pharma Medica Research Inc.(Series 2014)	\$2,500,000

Bond Restrictions

The Series 2010B, and 2012 Certificates of Participation have debt service reserve restriction requirements in amounts equal to \$6,487,410 and \$2,810,500 respectively. Authorized expenditures from these reserves include payments of principal and interest only when funds are not available in the bond fund. As of December 31, 2014, the City's debt service reserve meet or exceed the required reserve.

Legal Debt Margin

Under the statutes of the State of Missouri, the limit of bonded indebtedness is 10% of the most recent assessed valuation. This does not include an additional debt limit of 10% assessed valuation available for street improvements or waterworks and electric plants as provided under the statutes of the State of Missouri. The computation is as follows:

Assessed valuation - 2014 tax year	<u>\$1,247,297,859</u>
Debt limit -10% of assessed valuation	\$ 124,729,786
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: Total general obligation bonded debt (l) Less: Amount available in debt service funds Bond indebtedness applicable to debt limit	70,975,000 (12,575,071) 58,399,929
Legal debt margin	\$ 66,329,857

(1) The table includes the NID Bonds. The NID Act and the constitutional provision authorizing neighborhood improvement districts expressly provide a debt limitation of 10% of the issuer's then-current assessed valuation. Spradlin v. Fulton raised, but did not answer the question of whether the NID Act and constitutional authorization established a debt limit independent of other general obligation debt limitations. Accordingly, at this time, NID Bonds are computed as part of the general debt limitation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Capital Lease Agreements

At December 31, 2014, the City is obligated under three leases that are classified as capital leases.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement for various fire department equipment and related installation. The lease is for a total of \$286,888 and calls for annual payments of approximately \$46,308. The final payment under the lease is due November 2018.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement for various fire department equipment and related installation. The lease is for a total of \$910,970 and calls for annual payments of approximately \$112,599, with a final balloon payment in the amount of \$284,239 due March 2019.

The City entered into a lease purchase agreement for various fire department equipment and related installation. The lease is for a total of \$1,068,113 and calls for annual payments of approximately \$121,160, with a final balloon payment in the amount of \$338,866 due May 2020.

The equipment purchased under capital leases is included in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements, net of accumulated depreciation. As of December 31, 2014, the total cost is \$2,421,592 and total accumulated depreciation is \$747,600. Future minimum lease payments under capital leases described are as follows:

For the Year Ending December 31,	Amount
2015	\$280,067
2016	280,067
2017	280,067
2018	280,067
2019	233,759
2020 - 2023	744,265
Total future minimum lease payments	2,098,292
Less amount representing interest	(209,358)
Present value of future minimum lease	
payments	<u>\$1,888,934</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

9. Allowance For Uncollectible Accounts

The City's allowance for estimated uncollectible receivables at December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Taxes	Services
	Receivable	Receivable
Major Covernmental Fund Ganaral	\$ 151,400	\$ 279,500
Major Governmental Fund - General	,	\$ 279,300
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Park	65,200	9
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund - General		
Obligation Debt Service Fund	45,400	5 7
Major Enterprise Funds:		
Waterworks	(=)	82,000
Sanitary sewer		116,000
Total	\$ 262,000	\$ 477.500
10441	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. Restricted Net Position

The following net position were reported as restricted:

	Go	Activities
Restricted for capital projects: Capital improvement fund	\$	4,925,881
Restricted for debt service: General Obligation Bonds Neighborhood Improvement District	\$	3,807,365
Limited General Obligation Bonds	Φ.	16,683,483
	\$	20,490,848
Restricted for other purposes:		
Street maintenance and improvement	\$	3,182,473
Community development		3,075,614
Sewer lateral projects		1,729,514
Parks		2,749,836
Cemetery - expendable		362,842
Cemetery - non-expendable		233,912
Tourism		2,337,678
Special business district		227,432
DWI drug enforcement		85,766
DAG forfeiture		122,263
	\$	14,107,330

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

11. Interfund Balances And Transfers

The following represents a reconciliation of transfers between fund types and individual funds for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Transfers From	Transfers To	Net <u>Transfers</u>
Major Governmental Funds:			
General	\$ 1,268,382	\$ 2,318,944	\$ 1,050,562
NID Capital Projects	4	208,287	208,287
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
General Obligation Debt Service	125,897	-	(125,897)
Street Maintenance and Imp	43,905	41,978	(1,927)
Community Development	72,799	:#:	(72,799)
Tax Increment Financing (TIF)	730,489	-	(730,489)
Convention Center	≃	730,489	730,489
Parks	-	81,938	81,938
Tourism	115,385	55,377	(60,008)
Cemetery Perpetual Care	1,000		(1,000)
Capital Improvement	16,417	2,500,000	2,483,583
General Obligation Capital Projects	3,333,540	784	(3,333,540)
Street Construction	2,691,870	1,268,382	(1,423,488)
Major Facilities	315,856	10	(315,856)
Major Enterprise Funds:			
Waterworks	328,390	6,513,497	6,185,107
Sanitary sewer	6,776,814	S.₩	(6,776,814)
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund:			
Parking Facilities		3,775,293	3,775,293
Internal Service Fund:	1,673,441		(1,673,441)
	\$17,494,185	<u>\$17,494,185</u>	<u>\$</u>

Interfund transfers were used to move resources from the fund budgeted to collect, to the fund the budget requires to expend them; to provide additional resources for debt service; to provide funding for certain capital improvement projects; and to cover administrative support.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Interfund receivable/payable balances as of December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	Interfund Payable
Major Governmental Fund: General Special street construction Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$5,450,444 - 90,681	\$ - 5,450,444 90,681
	\$5,541,125	\$5,541,125

The Special Street Construction Fund owes the General Fund for overdraws of pooled cash as of December 31, 2014.

12. Commitments And Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Other Commitments And Contingencies

During a previous year, the City entered into an agreement with Saint Charles County, Missouri (the County), for the purpose of developing an arena. Under the agreement, the City agreed to contribute \$300,000 annually, through December 2025, subject to certain conditions including meeting certain sales revenue thresholds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

General Fund	\$	89,556
Special Street Construction		784,774
NID capital projects		407
NID debt service		8,182
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	7,643,496
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 3	3,526,415

13. Post Retirement Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 5, the City provides an opportunity for continuation of medical insurance coverage to employees who have attained the age of 50 and who have 20 years of service. Employees with 15 years of service who meet the LAGERS disability requirement are allowed to continue coverage by paying the required premium. Retirees who elect to participate must pay the required premium in effect for the current plan year or any subsequent year at the premium rates in effect at that time. For retirees who retired prior to February 1, 2012, the City will pay 80% of retiree premium and 40% of the spouse premium. For retirees who retired on or after February 1, 2012, the City pays a fixed dollar amount towards the premiums based on years of service. Employees hired on or after February 1, 2012 will be allowed to continue coverage under the City's medical, dental, and vision plans by paying 1.5 times the COBRA rates.

Medicare eligible retirees are reimbursed for up to \$125 per month for the purchase of Medicare Supplement Insurance. Spouses are not covered past age 65. The benefit is payable immediately upon retirement and continues for the life of the retiree, as long as the retiree pays the monthly premium amount. Spouses can continue to be covered in retirement as long as the retiree continues to be eligible for coverage. Spouses can continue coverage by paying the required premium following the loss of coverage by the retiree. Spouses are not eligible for the Medicare supplement reimbursement. Employees who retired prior to September 1, 2002 had varying levels of postretirement health care benefits of a lesser amount than what is currently provided.

Since the retirees pay a premium for each year, the City share of any premium cost is determined on the basis of a blended rate or implicit rate subsidy calculation. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The benefits and benefit levels are governed by City policy. During 2013 and 2014, the plan is accounted for as a trust fund since an irrevocable trust has been established. A stand-alone financial report is not available for the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Membership consisted of the following at January 1, 2014, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active plan member	419
Retired (with medical coverage)	116
Spouses of retirees (with medical coverage)	_32
Total	<u>567</u>

Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the City; however, the City has no obligation to contribute to the Plan on an annual basis. For the fiscal year 2014, the City contributed \$606,177 to the Plan for current premiums and claims. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$193,852 of the total premiums and claims, through required contributions based on their years of service.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), and amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB (asset) obligation, as of December 31, 2014:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,098,400
Interest on net OPEB obligation	129,992
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(120,509)
Annual OPEB cost	1,107,883
Contributions made	(606,177)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	501,706
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	3,249,012
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	<u>\$3,750,718</u>

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012, 2013 and 2014 is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Contribution	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB (Asset) Obligation
2012	\$ 1,347,416	\$ 625,739	46.44%	\$ 2,508,700
2013	\$ 1,349,522	\$ 609,210	45.14%	\$ 3,249,012
2014	\$ 1,107,883	\$ 606,177	54.71%	\$ 3,750,718

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was prefunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13,943,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,742,824, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$12,200,176. As of January 1, 2014, the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$32,100,000, and the rate of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 38 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress is presented below:

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return assuming the benefits are prefunded. The discount rate (4 percent) is based on the expected earnings of the City's retiree medical trust fund established in 2009. Payroll is assumed to increase at a rate of 3 percent per annum. The medical inflation rate was initially 5.7 percent and will reduce to an ultimate inflation rate of 4.5 percent over a 79 year period. The healthcare trends used in the valuation are based on long term healthcare trends generated by the Getzen Model, which is the current industry standard for projecting long term medical trends. The Medicare supplement reimbursement is not assumed to increase. The health mortality is based on the RP 2000 Mortality Table (employee and healthy annuitant tables). The amortization period of the unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) is 30 years. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2014, was 25 years. This is a closed group projection; no new hires after the valuation date are assumed in the projection.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

14. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City utilizes the self insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. The following types of insurance are provided by the self insurance internal service fund: general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation and effective February 1, 2008, medical and hospitalization benefits to City employees. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the internal service fund and for all other risks of loss. Settlement claims have not exceeded this commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the self insurance internal service fund based on both exposure and experience factors. Premiums include amounts needed to pay prior and current-year claims. Claim liabilities are established based on estimates of the ultimate costs of claims (including future expenses) that have been reported but not settled and of claims incurred and not reported. The outstanding claims liability recorded in the internal service fund was \$2,615,541 at December 31, 2014 and is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the general purpose financial statement indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the general purpose financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Changes in the internal service fund claims liability for the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014 are as follows:

		Vorkers'	General Liability	Hos	edical And spitalization Benefits	Total
Claims liability at December 31, 2012	\$	700,000	\$ 700,000	_\$_	830,000	\$ 2,230,000
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expense:						
Provision for insured events of 2013 Increase (decrease) in provision for		338,335	368,087		4,899,130	5,605,552
insured events of prior years	-	(200,768)	726,592			525,824
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		137,567	1,094,679		4,899,130	6,131,376
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of 2013 Claims and claim adjustment expenses		163,195	182,255		4,397,944	4,743,394
attributable to insured events of prior years		174,372	1,212,424		421,186	1,807,982
Total payments	0	337,567	1,394,679		4,819,130	6,551,376
Claims liability at December 31, 2013	0344	500,000	400,000		910,000	1,810,000
Incurred claims and claim						
adjustment expense: Provision for insured events of 2014		808,393	808,663		4,427,895	6,044,951
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior years		(36,762)	64,489		589,621	617,348
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		771,631	873,152	(-	5,017,516	6,662,299
Payments: Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of 2014 Claims and claim adjustment expenses		408,436	290,897		4,277,311	4,976,644
attributable to insured events of prior years		163,195	182,255		534,664	880,114
Total payments	-	571,631	473,152		4,811,975	5,856,758
Claims liability at December 31, 2014		700,000	\$ 800,000	\$	1,115,541	\$ 2,615,541

The City considers the \$2,615,541 claims liability to be a current liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

15. Joint Ventures

Saint Peters-Saint Charles Water Pipeline Project:

The Saint Peters-Saint Charles Water Pipeline Project operates a water pipeline and appurtenant facilities from the Howard Bend Treatment Plant, owned and operated by the City of Saint Louis, Missouri, to the separate facilities of the municipalities of Saint Peters, Missouri, and Saint Charles, Missouri (Owners), in order to adequately supply water to the citizens and businesses of the municipalities.

The Water Pipeline Project is owned by the City of Saint Peters, Missouri (31.8%) and the City of Saint Charles, Missouri (68.2%). The Water Pipeline Project receives all of its operating revenue from the water it sells to the Owners. The cumulative investment in the Water Pipeline Project by the City of Saint Charles, Missouri, through December 31, 2014 includes its proportionate share of water pipeline construction costs and an initial contribution to a water pipeline maintenance fund. Under terms of the Water Pipeline Project agreement, additional contributions to maintain the water pipeline maintenance fund at an agreed upon base amount may be required. The current base amount is \$500,000, which may be increased to a maximum of \$1,000,000 if maintenance costs so justify.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the City of Saint Charles, Missouri purchased water from the Water Pipeline Project and paid related pumping charges of \$1,298,096 and \$57,740, respectively. These costs are included as operating expenses in the City's Waterworks enterprise fund. As of December 31, 2014, the City of Saint Charles, Missouri owed the Water Pipeline Project approximately \$282,200 for purchased water and related pumping charges.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Condensed summary of financial information for the Joint Venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 6,055,368
Liabilities	\$ 640,368
Partnership capital: St. Peters St. Charles Accumulated deficit: St. Peters St. Charles	2,903,699 6,227,431 (1,181,733) (2,534,397) \$ 6,055,368
Operating revenue Operating expenses Nonoperating revenue Net Loss	\$ 2,117,247 (2,316,990) 118 \$ (199,625)

Financial statements for the Water Pipeline Project are available from its administrative offices located at One Saint Peters Centre Boulevard, Saint Peters, Missouri 63376.

Convention Center Project:

In July 1997, the City of Saint Charles, Missouri Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Commission prepared a redevelopment plan entitled Saint Charles County Convention Center Redevelopment Area (Redevelopment Plan) calling for the construction of a convention center, a full-service hotel and related on-site and off-site improvements. In November 1997, the Redevelopment Plan was approved by the Saint Charles City Council.

In 1992, the Authority was established as a separate legal entity by an Act of the Missouri State legislature with the authority to acquire, purchase or lease and construct, operate, and maintain convention centers, sports stadiums, field houses, indoor and outdoor convention, recreational and entertainment facilities, and to do all things incidental or necessary to facilitate these purposes.

In 2003, as amended in 2009, 2010 and 2012, the City and the Authority entered into a Convention Center Agreement (Cooperation Agreement) to contract and cooperate with each other and any private corporation for the planning, development, construction, acquisition or operation of a public improvement or facility as authorized under RSMo 70.210 to 70.320. Specifically, the Cooperation Agreement provides for the joint financing, construction and operation of a convention center facility and all related improvements (Convention Center Project).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

The City and Authority also entered into a Hotel Redevelopment Agreement dated July 25, 2002 with a developer for the development and construction of a hotel of not less than 250 rooms adjacent to the Convention Center site (Hotel Project). The Convention Center property and the Hotel property, (collectively the Project Area), is owned by the City. The City will lease the Convention Center property to the Authority, and under separate lease agreement shall lease the Hotel property to the developer for \$100 per year for 55 years.

The Authority will own an undivided 3/4 interest and the City will own an undivided 1/4 interest in the Convention Center Building.

Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, On November 1, 2003, the City issued \$29,735,000 in Certificates of Participation to finance a portion of the construction of the Facility and other related costs and improvements. Until such time as the Certificates of Participation are paid in full or refinanced, the City shall contribute all TIF revenues generated as a result of the Convention Center and Hotel Project within the Convention Center Redevelopment Area, and such other revenues of the City, as will be necessary, when added to the Authority's contributions, to finance construction of, to retire the debt incurred for and to fund the operation of the Convention Center. The Series 2003 Certificates of Participation were refunded in 2012 with the issuance of \$28,105,000 Certificates of Participation, Series 2012.

Until such time as the Certificates of Participation are paid in full, the Authority shall contribute towards the cost of construction and operation of the Convention Center Project; (1) all proceeds of the hotel / motel tax earned by Saint Charles County for the benefit of the Authority, except a portion for administration purposes; (2) all funds of the Authority, except \$300,000 to be used by the Authority as its Reserve Funds; (3) any interest accumulating on any funds of the Authority except the reserve or operating funds and (4) any portion of the annual administrative funds not spent or appropriated by the end of the applicable year.

The Convention Center Project is considered a joint venture between the City and the Authority because it constitutes a contractual agreement for public benefit, subject to joint control, in which the City and Authority retain an ongoing financial responsibility as discussed above. There are no separate financial statements prepared for the Convention Center project. The joint venture does not accumulate excess funds. The operational loss for the year ended December 31, 2014 was approximately \$1.2 million and is reflected on the City's Convention Center Operations Fund.

In accordance with the Cooperation Agreement, any funds in excess of that necessary to pay the Certificates of Participation are remitted to a bank account jointly owned by the City and Authority for the purpose of funding operations, maintenance, renovations, repairs, and other necessary expenses of the Convention Center. At December, 31, 2014, the balance in this account was approximately \$4,800,000 and is not included in these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

16. Fines and Court Costs

For the year ended December 31, 2014, General fund revenue totaled \$41,429,167. Fines and court costs totaled \$1,217,831, or approximately 2.9% of the General fund revenues.

17. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceed appropriations in the Convention Center Operations Fund by \$1,124,547 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

18. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, presentation and related disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and/or rules issued by various governing bodies. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 67 "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" and Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Reporting for Pensions". The objective of these Statements is to revise existing accounting and financial reporting requirements for most pension plans, and to revise and establish new financial reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The requirements in Statement No. 67 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013, and the requirements in Statement No. 68 are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.

In November 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." This statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government may recognize a beginning deferred outflow or resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. Statement No. 68, as amended, continues to require that beginning balances for other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions be reported at transition only if it is practical to determine all such amounts. The requirements in this Statement are effective simultaneously with the requirement of Statement No. 68 which is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014.

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application". This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The effects on the City's financial statements as a result of the adoption of these new pronouncements are unknown.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

19. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to December 31, 2014, the City issued \$3,725,000 in Refunding Certificates of Participation, Series 2015 to refund \$4,480,000 outstanding Certificates of Participation, Series 2006. The Series 2015 Certificates bear interest at 2% and mature March 2018.

Subsequent to December 31, 2014, the City issued \$4,620,000 in Neighborhood Improvement District Limited Obligation Bonds to finance various infrastructure projects benefiting New Town Saint Charles Neighborhood Improvement District – Phase Four improvements. The bonds bear interest at 2.0%-3.55% and mature in 2035.



Required Supplementary Data

Required Supplementary Information -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Y	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with
	Original Budget	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	***************************************			
Taxes, including interest and penalties:				
Property	\$ 6,956,510	\$ 6,956,510	\$ 9,172,449	\$ 2,215,939
Utility gross receipts	8,765,300	8,765,300	8,533,576	(231,724
Sales	8,209,676	8,209,676	8,612,559	402,883
Gaming receipts	8,833,500	8,833,500	8,833,500	39
Franchise	846,600	846,600	964,566	117,966
Cigarette	430,000	430,000	462,603	32,603
Institutional	13,000	13,000	5,993	(7,007)
Total Taxes	34,054,586	34,054,586	36,585,246	2,530,660
Federal, state and county grants	150,000	136,885	101,862	(35,023)
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees:				
Occupation licenses	540,000	540,000	576,472	36,472
Police court fines and fees	1,080,870	1,080,870	1,217,831	136,961
Liquor licenses	97,200	97,200	87,389	(9,811
Building permits	647,000	647,000	839,485	192,485
Life support vehicle fees	1,243,500	1,243,500	933,472	(310,028
Fireworks licenses	72,000	72,000	72,000	59
Rental inspection program	132,600	132,600	158,500	25,900
Other	35,800	35,800	38,952	3,152
Total licenses, permits, fines and fees	3,848,970	3,848,970	3,924,101	75,131
Interest on investments	119,000	119,000	85,091	(33,909)
Other	442,190	479,694	698,925	219,231
Total Revenues	38,614,746	38,639,135	41,395,225	2,756,090
Expenditures				
General Government:				
Mayor's Office:				
Personnel services	183,767	183,767	181,210	2,557
Contractual services	23,129	25,129	18,498	6,631
Materials and supplies	35,063	33,063	24,118	8,945
07. 0	241,959	241,959	223,826	18,133
City Council: Personnel services	279,435	300,551	248,133	52,418
Contractual services	95,060	93,859	84,203	9,656
Materials and supplies	51,997	116,016	67,120	48,896
iviaterials and supplies	426,492	510,426	399,456	110,970
Administration:	3			
Personnel services	439,321	439,321	441,804	(2,483)
Contractual services	24,485	24,485	15,623	8,862
Materials and supplies	80,161	82,661	47,389	35,272
	543,967	546,467	504,816	41,651
Human Resources:	-			
Personnel services	379,941	379,941	348,954	30,987
Contractual services	67,100	69,300	56,896	12,404
Materials and supplies	28,513	26,313	18,882	7,431
	475,554	475,554	424,732	50,822
				(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with
	·	Revised		Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Finance:				44.04
Personnel services	1,433,730	1,431,411	1,416,500	14,911
Contractual services	130,120	150,683	108,559	42,12
Materials and supplies	33,128	34,678	29,438	5,24
Capital outlay	(a)	4,019	4,019	
	1,596,978	1,620,791	1,558,516	62,27
City Development:				
Personnel services	864,376	864,376	840,557	23,81
Contractual services	65,330	68,430	58,504	9,92
Materials and supplies	13,326	13,551	9,179	4,37
Capital outlay	1,600	1,900	1,860	4
,	944,632	948,257	910,100	38,15
City Attorney:	-		==-===================================	-
Personnel services	407,454	407,454	405,605	1,84
Contractual services	116,217	119,342	81,965	37,37
Materials and supplies	28,663	28,663	23,931	4,73
	552,334	555,459	511,501	43,95
City Clerk:				
Personnel services	320,379	320,379	315,580	4,79
Contractual services	101,546	93,806	53,307	40,49
Materials and supplies	158,760	166,500	149,643	16,85
	580,685	580,685	518,530	62,15
Municipal Court:				
Personnel services	516,589	556,114	546,188	9,92
Contractual services	48,750	52,750	49,842	2,90
Materials and supplies	41,249	45,233	36,716	8,51
	606,588	654,097	632,746	21,35
Cemetery:				
Personnel services	149,061	148,986	152,070	(3,08
Contractual services	20,870	20,945	19,890	1,05
Materials and supplies	15,332	15,332	12,011	3,32
Capital outlay	1,500	1,500	<u> </u>	1,50
	186,763	186,763	183,971	2,79
Economic Development:				
Personnel services	240,593	240,593	260,916	(20,32
Contractual services	47,495	47,495	38,736	8,75
Materials and supplies	433,225	566,563	445,053	121,51
Capital outlay	496	2,179	1,683	49
	721,809	856,830	746,388	110,44
Information Technology				
Personnel services	692,474	705,394	682,627	22,76
Contractual services	741,661	693,654	632,590	61,06
Materials and supplies	33,949	33,824	27,460	6,36
Capital outlay	31,000	83,040	93,920	(10,88
	1,499,084	1,515,912	1,436,597	79,31
Total General Government	8,376,845	8,693,200	8,051,179	642,02
				(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	Variance with		
		Revised		Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Public Safety:			(4	(****)
Police Department:				
Personnel services	16,115,974	16,569,280	16,904,553	(335,273)
Contractual services	1,133,801	1,149,483	983,594	165,889
Materials and supplies	839,116	854,843	782,238	72,605
Capital outlay	26,500	170,903	143,595	27,308
Cupital outlay	18,115,391	18,744,509	18,813,980	(69,471)
Code Enforcement:	10,113,331	10,711,000	10,010,000	(05,171)
Personnel services	851,266	851,266	848,965	2,301
Contractual services	71,850	69,425	54,238	15,187
Materials and supplies	42,546	43,746	37,140	6,606
Materials and supplies	965,662	964,437	940,343	24,094
Fire Department:	903,002	707,757	740,545	24,054
Personnel services	10,113,964	10,941,016	10,747,856	193,160
Contractual services	665,571	719,574	606,940	112,634
Materials and supplies	409,627	425,514	361,168	64,346
Capital outlay	25,000	14,700	11,143	3,557
Сарнаі оппау	11,214,162	12,100,804	11,727,107	373,697
Total Public Safety	30,295,215	31,809,750	31,481,430	328,320
Public Works:				
Building Maintenance:				
Personnel services	462,027	510,195	471,534	38,661
Contractual services	192,480	201,056	202,493	(1,437)
Materials and supplies	162,624	162,900	155,720	7,180
Capital outlay	102,024	32,764	1,686	31,078
Capital outray	817,131	906,915	831,433	75,482
Streets and Stormwater:	617,131	900,913	651,455	75,462
Capital outlay	22	8,145	8,145	120
Capital Outlay		8,145	8,145	
Total Public Works	817,131	915,060	839,578	75,482
			·	
Total Expenditures	39,489,191	41,418,010	40,372,187	1,045,823
Revenues Under Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources	(874,445)	(2,778,875)	1,023,038	3,801,913
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	807,070	2,246,146	2,318,944	72,798
Transfers out	007,070	2,210,110	(1,268,382)	(1,268,382)
	40.000	40.000		
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	40,000	2,286,146	33,942	(6,058)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	847,070	2,280,140	1,084,504	(1,201,642)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(27,375)	(492,729)	2,107,542	2,600,271
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of Year	12,331,536	12,331,536	12,331,536	3.
End of Year	\$ 12,304,161	\$ 11,838,807	\$ 14,439,078	\$ 2,600,271

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2014

Budgetary Data

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The City follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements.

- 1. On or before October 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds for the year commencing the following January 1. The City Council also adopts, as a management control device only, a budget for all remaining funds.
- 2. The City Council publishes a public notice on the availability of copies of the budget. Not less than two weeks after such notice, a public hearing is conducted by the City Council giving the taxpayers the opportunity to be heard on the proposed budget.
- 3. The annual operating budgets are then adopted by the City Council by the affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the City Council and approval by the Mayor on or before the last day preceding the budget year. If the budgets have not been passed and approved by this time, then the budgets and appropriations for the current year shall be deemed to be rebudgeted and reappropriated for the budget year until a new budget is adopted and approved.
- 4. Upon the request of the City's department heads, the Mayor may transfer part, or all, of any unencumbered appropriated balance among programs within a department, office or agency. Intra-departmental transfers aggregating \$10,000 or more must be approved by City Council. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level in the general fund or at the fund level for all other fund types as they are not departmentalized.
- 5. If it is determined by the Mayor that there are revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget that are available for appropriation, the City Council may, by ordinance, make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess.
- 6. If it appears probable that revenues available will be insufficient to meet the amount appropriated, the City Council may, by ordinance, reduce one or more appropriations.
- 7. Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are reappropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – LAGERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM DECEMBER 31, 2014

The funded status of the plan for the actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2014 is as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	(b - a) Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Annual Covered Payroll	[(b-a)/c] UAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	2/28/2014	\$ 78,182,822	\$ 84,348,754	\$ 6,165,932	93%	\$ 29,910,048	21%
2013	2/28/2013	66,008,387	77,674,507	11,666,120	85%	28,210,158	41%
2012	2/29/2012	61,098,232	76,983,928	15,885,696	79%	27,783,722	57%

Note: The above assets and actuarial accrued liability do not include the assets and present value of benefits associated with the Benefit Reserve Fund and the Casualty Reserved Fund. The actuarial assumptions were changed in conjunction with the February 28, 2011 annual actuarial valuations. For a complete description of the actuarial assumptions used in the annual valuations, please contact the LAGERS office in Jefferson City.

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND CONTRIBUTIONS – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM DECEMBER 31, 2014

Year Ended December 31,	Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	(b - a) Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Annual Covered Payroll	[(b-a)/c] UAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	1/1/2014	\$ 1,742,824	\$13,943,000	\$12,200,176	12.5%	\$32,100,000	38%
2013	1/1/2012	1,945,789	17,370,000	15,424,211	11.2%	31,300,000	49%
2012	1/1/2012	1,945,789	17,370,000	15,424,211	11.2%	31,300,000	49%

Note: The results shown above are based on the baseline assumptions with respect to the medical inflation rate and the discount rate, as discussed in the Sensitivity Analysis section of the actuary report. Please note that the 4.00% baseline discount rate assumes that benefits are pre-funded. The discount rate is based on the expected earnings of the retiree medical trust fund as provided by the City.

Schedule of Employer Contributions:

Year	Annual	
Ended	Required	Percentage
December 31,	Contribution	Contributed
2012	1,342,200	46.62%
2013	1,342,200	45.39%
2014	1,098,400	55.19%

Other Supplementary Information

Combining And Individual Fund Financial Statements And Schedules

Combining Statements **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Street Maintenance And Improvement Fund</u> - Used to account for sales, gasoline and County road and bridge tax revenues, restricted entirely for maintenance and improvements of City roads and bridges.

<u>Community Development Fund</u> - Used to account for state and federal grant revenues and related expenditures.

<u>Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts Fund</u> - Used to account for the City's tax increment financing districts.

<u>Convention Center Operations Fund</u> - Used to account for the operations of the Convention Center, including debt service.

<u>Water Service Line Program Fund</u> - Used to account for the revenue generated by a fee charged to certain residential property owners within the City, which is used to pay for the repair of damaged water lines.

<u>Sewer Lateral Program Fund</u> - Used to account for the revenue generated by a fee charged to certain residential property owners within the City, which is used to pay for the repair of damaged sewer lateral lines.

<u>Metropolitan Parks Tax Fund</u> - Used to account for revenue received from the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District Sales Tax.

<u>Park Fund</u> - Used to account for the revenues and related expenditures of the City's public parks.

<u>Tourism Fund</u> - Used to account for the City's 1% Tourism license tax. These funds are utilized to promote tourism, convention and other related activities in the City.

<u>Special Business District Fund</u> - Used to account for the Special Business District property tax and business license fees generated from Main Street properties.

Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Debt Service Funds

<u>General Obligation Debt Service Fund</u> - Used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, certain general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. This fund accounts for all General Obligation Bonds of the City.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items (other than those financed by proprietary and fiduciary fund types). The capital projects funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> - Used to account for the utilization of the one-half cent capital improvement sales tax and a portion of the City's general sales tax. Capital projects primarily for general government purposes are funded herein.

<u>General Obligation (GO) Capital Projects Fund</u> – The GO Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the use of bond proceeds for constructing, furnishing, and equipping a public works facility, a new fire station and public safety facility and City Hall garage structural repairs.

<u>Street Construction Fund</u> - Used to account for the use of gaming funds dedicated to new street construction and reconstruction of existing roadways including related curb and gutter work and design engineering services. These funds can also be utilized for street lighting and traffic signalization.

<u>Major Facilities Fund</u> - Used to account for the use of gaming funds dedicated to enhancing or expanding existing City facilities or new construction.

<u>Stormwater Fund</u> - Used to account for the use of gaming funds dedicated to help finance the stormwater projects.

Permanent Fund

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used.

 $\underline{\text{Cemetery Trust Fund}}$ - Used to account for the revenues and related expenses of the City's cemetery.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	General Obligation Debt Service Fund		Combined Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Permanent Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and investments:										
Held by trustees	\$	3,808,403	\$	-	\$	526	\$		\$	3,808,929
Restricted	Ψ	=	•	-		-		596,754		596,754
Unrestricted		11,768,079		2,902,118		23,266,752		(2)		37,936,949
Receivables, net of allowances:		11,700,075		,- ,		, ,				
Taxes		2,423,978		1,118,255		858,827		: e		4,401,060
Notes		2,739,541		=				0*6		2,739,541
Grants		77,146		2		_		(e)		77,146
Interest		77,110				51		390		51
Due from other funds		90,681		· <u>·</u>		_		(4)		90,681
Other		1,274,505				_		1.00		1,274,505
		54,487				1,030				55,517
Prepaid expenses	_		_		_		Φ.	506.754	ф.	
Total Assets	\$	22,236,820	<u>\$</u>	4,020,373	\$	24,127,186	\$	596,754	<u>\$</u>	50,981,133
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,943,299	\$	±€.	\$	2,503,134	\$	5	\$	4,446,433
Accrued payroll		193,021		0= 00 2000		-				193,021
Deferred revenue		680,993				-		-		680,993
Due to other funds	_	90,681			_		_			90,681
Total Liabilities	_	2,907,994		<u> </u>	_	2,503,134	_		_	5,411,128
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes	_	200,684	·	139,183	_		3 <u></u>	-		339,867
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable										
Cemetery Trust		3.5						233,912		233,912
Prepaid Expenses		54,487		2		1,030				55,517
Restricted for:										0.100.453
Street maintenance and improvement		3,182,473		528		:(*)				3,182,473
Community development		3,075,614		2=		₹ ●3		-		3,075,614
TIF projects and debt obligations		1,702,796		:(#i		(9)		-		1,702,796
Debt service		4,323,483		3,881,190		526				8,205,199
Sewer lateral projects		1,729,514		-		U.S.				1,729,514
Parks		2,548,952		-		0.001.054		-		2,548,952
Capital projects		π.		₹.		9,231,954		262.042		9,231,954
Cemetery				=		-		362,842		362,842
Tourism		2,288,141		=		1944				2,288,141
Special business district		222,682		₩		(e)		÷€0		222,682
Assigned for:										10 200 540
Capital projects			_	-	· —	12,390,542			-	12,390,542
Total Fund Balances	_	19,128,142		3,881,190		21,624,052	_	596,754		45,230,138
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	22,236,820	\$	4,020,373	\$	24,127,186	\$	596,754	\$	50,981,133

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Street Maintenance and Improvement	Community Development	Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts	Convention Center Operations	Water Service Line Program
Assets:					
Cash and investments:					
Held by trustees	\$ =	\$ -	\$ 101,757	\$ 3,706,646	\$
Unrestricted	3,002,155	333,925	1,616,975	2,046,522	
Receivables, net of allowances:	-,,	,	2,020,010	2,0 10,022	
Taxes	478,593	2	727	27	-
Notes	-	2,739,541	120	= 0	12
Grants	2	4,442	92	-	12
Interest		7,772	-	120	
Due from other funds	_	-		-	-
Other	-		665,057	-	230,409
Prepaid Expenses					230,409
Total Assets	\$ 3,480,748	\$ 3,077,908	\$ 2,383,789	\$ 5,753,168	\$ 230,409
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 194,760	\$ 2,294	\$	\$ 1,429,685	\$ 1,514
Accrued payroll	103,515	n=		.,,	1,118
Deferred revenue	18	58	680,993		.=
Due to other funds	<u> </u>				90,681
Total Liabilities	298,275	2,294	680,993	1,429,685	93,313
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes					-
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable prepaid expenses Restricted for:	350	3.5		5	æ
Street maintenance and improvement	3,182,473	(8)		5	
Community development		3,075,614	<u>~</u>	÷	-
TIF projects and debt obligations		-	1,702,796	2	-
Debt service			¥	4,323,483	ä
Sewer lateral projects	:=:	-	<u>u</u>	<u> </u>	137,096
Parks	:		9		
Tourism	320		2	₩.	<u>~</u>
Special business district					
Total Fund Balances	3,182,473	3,075,614	1,702,796	4,323,483	137,096
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,480,748	\$ 3,077,908	\$ 2,383,789	\$ 5,753,168	\$ 230,409

Sewer Lateral Program	Metropolitan Parks Tax	Park	Tourism	Special Business District	Total
\$ 1,138,826	\$ 472,961	\$ 811,685	\$ 2,129,850	\$ 215,180	\$ 3,808,403 11,768,079
=	34,162	1,608,319	290,652	12,252	2,423,978
7€	::=		-	8.5	2,739,541
000	X(#)	>	72,704		77,146
90,681	1.5			1.5	90,681
375,417	16	3,622			1,274,505
		200	49,537	4,750	54,487
\$ 1,604,924	\$ 507,123	\$ 2,423,826	\$ 2,542,743	\$ 232,182	\$ 22,236,820
\$ 11,388	\$ -	\$ 124,029	\$ 174,879	\$ 4,750	\$ 1,943,299
1,118	£	57,084	30,186	2	193,021
E	=	:20	130	#	680,993
.———		-			90,681
12,506	-	181,113	205,065	4,750	2,907,994
		200,684	2 		200,684
	-	200	49,537	4,750	54,487
	<u>.</u>	= 0	(42)	8	3,182,473
-	÷	<u>**</u>	10 E	¥	3,075,614
1	¥	190	5041	-	1,702,796
*	끝	(2)	341	-	4,323,483
1,592,418	505.100	2.041.920	:(#1	•	1,729,514
I ≥	507,123	2,041,829	2,288,141	-	2,548,952 2,288,141
	-		2,200,141	222,682	222,682
1,592,418	507,123	2,042,029	2,337,678	227,432	19,128,142
\$ 1,604,924	\$ 507,123	\$ 2,423,826	\$ 2,542,743	\$ 232,182	\$ 22,236,820

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Capital Improvement	General Obligation Capital Projects	Street Construction	Major Facilities	Stormwater	Total
\$	\$ #	\$ -	\$	\$ 526	\$ 526
4,562,126	6,410,052	8,790,028	1,802,937	1,701,609	23,266,752
522,522	*	221,542	30,604	84,159	858,827
-	¥	-	34	17	51
1,030	×		2#:	, (#)	1,030
\$ 5,085,678	\$ 6,410,052	\$ 9,011,570	\$ 1,833,575	\$ 1,786,311	\$ 24,127,186
\$ 844,594	\$ 1,418,152	\$ 184,923	\$ 610	\$ 54,855	\$ 2,503,134
844,594	1,418,152	184,923	610	54,855	2,503,134
1,030	B	=	VE6	○	1,030
4,240,054	4,991,900	ž.	.07		9,231,954
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2	9 ≅ 9	526	526
<u> </u>		8,826,647	1,832,965	1,730,930	12,390,542
4,241,084	4,991,900	8,826,647	1,832,965	1,731,456	21,624,052
\$ 5,085,678	\$ 6,410,052	\$ 9,011,570	\$ 1,833,575	\$ 1,786,311	\$ 24,127,186
	\$ - 4,562,126	Capital Improvement Obligation Capital Projects \$ - 4,562,126 \$ 6,410,052 522,522	Capital Improvement Obligation Capital Projects Street Construction \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$.790,028 \$ 522,522 - 221,542 1,030 \$ 5,085,678 \$ 6,410,052 \$ 9,011,570 \$ 844,594 \$ 1,418,152 \$ 184,923 1,030 4,240,054 4,991,900 4,241,084 4,991,900 8,826,647 4,241,084 4,991,900 8,826,647	Capital Improvement Obligation Capital Projects Street Construction Major Facilities \$ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ \$ _ 4,562,126 6,410,052 8,790,028 1,802,937 \$ 522,522	Capital Improvement Obligation Capital Projects Street Construction Major Facilities Stormwater \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 526

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Combined Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	General Obligation Debt Service Fund	Combined Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes, including interest and penalties:	n 0.711.410	e 2766 929	\$	\$	\$ 11,378,256
Property	\$ 8,611,418	\$ 2,766,838	5	Ф :==	44,178
Utility	44,178	-	12 - 2		2,935,696
Tourism	2,935,696	-	5 495 202		10,161,162
Sales	4,675,960	-	5,485,202	•	
Gasoline and motor fuel	2,492,172	-	2.150.200		2,492,172
Gaming receipts	4774040404044	-	3,150,298		3,150,298
County road and bridge	1,232,372				1,232,372
Total Taxes	19,991,796	2,766,838	8,635,500		31,394,134
Federal, state and county grants Intergovernmental revenue from Saint Charles	593,256		ŧ	•	593,256
County Convention and Sports Authority	2,878,857	40	124	1967	2,878,857
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	2,749,826	(a):	#	(*c)	2,749,826
Interest on investments	10,054	2,688	27,171	603	40,516
Other	574,927	:=1	2,570,458	23,740	3,169,125
Total Revenues	26,798,716	2,769,526	11,233,129	24,343	40,825,714
Expenditures:	20,170,110	2,.07,020			
Current:					
General government	6,123,704	•	37,283	2,200	6,163,187
Public works/Public improvements	5,923,971	123	21,600	12	5,945,571
Public parks	3,790,808	120	¥	S#3	3,790,808
Public services	55,600		*	0 	55,600
Convention Center	1,145,018	(8)	5	Te:	1,145,018
Capital outlay Debt service:	2,305,051	绿	15,416,955	6	17,722,006
Principal retirement	3,916,000	1,345,000	1,023,880		6,284,880
Interest and fiscal charges	3,096,009	537,038	273,162	1000	3,906,209
Bond issue costs	140	230	13,573	5=	13,803
Total Expenditures	26,356,161	1,882,268	16,786,453	2,200	45,027,082
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	442,555	887,258	(5,553,324)	22,143	(4,201,368)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	909,782	(*)	3,768,382	184	4,678,164
Transfers out	(962,578)	(125,897)	(6,357,683)	(1,000)	(7,447,158)
Payment to refunding escrow agent		151	(1,989,600)		(1,989,600)
Premium on debt issuance	1.5		21,776	2	21,776
Proceeds from bond refunding	-		1,514,700	2:	1,514,700
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	127,423		2,450		129,873
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	74,627	(125,897)	(3,039,975)	(1,000)	(3,092,245)
Net Change in Fund Balances	517,182	761,361	(8,593,299)	21,143	(7,293,613)
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	18,610,960	3,119,829	30,217,351	575,611	52,523,751
End of year	\$ 19,128,142	\$ 3,881,190	\$ 21,624,052	\$ 596,754	\$ 45,230,138

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Street Maintenance and Improvement	Community Development	Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts	Convention Center Operations	Water Service Line Program
Revenues:					
Taxes, including interest and penalties:					
Property	\$ -	\$ =	\$ 4,597,041	\$	\$
Utility	:4		44,178	360	196
Tourism		2	(=):	-	24
Sales	2,870,493	*	1,593,934	-	5 # 3
Gasoline and motor fuel	2,492,172	*	≔):	2045	(e)
County road and bridge	1,232,372		:#):_	-	
Total Taxes	6,595,037		6,235,153		3.00
Federal, state and county grants		393,176	*1	-	5 Page 1
Intergovernmental revenue from Saint Charles		,			
County Convention and Sports Authority		*	30	2,878,857	
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	71,497		196		236,816
Interest on investments	3,145	76	1,497	428	(*)
Other	249,933	25	16,982		
Total Revenues	6,919,612	393,277	6,253,632	2,879,285	236,816
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	1,030,562	92,185	528,440	:=::	99,720
Public works/Public improvements	5,921,995	1,976		-	
Public parks		-	9	-	•
Public services	-	55,600	-	3	
Convention Center	2	€	-	1,145,018	2
Capital outlay	29,952	88,087	일	577,621	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	¥	-	2,151,000	1,765,000	5 €
Interest and fiscal charges		·	2,476,926	619,083	
Total Expenditures	6,982,509	237,848	5,156,366	4,106,722	99,720
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(62,897)	155,429	1,097,266	(1,227,437)	137,096
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	41,978	1/41	当	730,489	-
Transfers out	(43,905)	(72,799)	(730,489)	2	2
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	126,150				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	124,223	(72,799)	(730,489)	730,489	
Net Change in Fund Balances	61,326	82,630	366,777	(496,948)	137,096
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	3,121,147	2,992,984	1,336,019	4,820,431	-
End of year	\$ 3,182,473	\$ 3,075,614	\$ 1,702,796	\$ 4,323,483	\$ 137,096

Sev Late Prog	eral	Metropolitan Park Tax	Park	Tourism	Special Business District	Total
\$	•	\$	\$ 3,979,136	\$	\$ 35,241	\$ 8,611,418
	:●:	5€3	(*	۰	•	44,178
	3. 4 5	X + 2		2,935,696	•	2,935,696
	0.990	211,533	3.50		-	4,675,960
	(*)	S # 3		•	•	2,492,172
	<u> </u>					1,232,372
		211,533	3,979,136	2,935,696	35,241	19,991,796
	()=:	7(#)	20,000	180,080		593,256
	(Q#)	25	0,5	£	·	2,878,857
38	30,304	956	2,045,314	2 €	15,895	2,749,826
	1,233	478		2,109	1,088	10,054
	345	<u>&</u>	113,636	194,006		574,927
38	31,882	212,011	6,158,086	3,311,891	52,224	26,798,716
40	9,587	ž.	1,103,555	2,835,329	24,326	6,123,704
	•	2	≥	82	**	5,923,971
	+	=	3,790,808	€	06	3,790,808
	-	¥.	€.	1 16	*	55,600
	21	<u>u</u> ;	#	1941	F.	1,145,018
	21	159,595	1,188,894	256,529	4,373	2,305,051
	2	_	-		-	3,916,000
	*		₩.	=		3,096,009
40	9,587	159,595	6,083,257	3,091,858	28,699	26,356,161
	27,705)	52,416	74,829	220,033	23,525	442,555
	<u>=</u>	<u>=</u>	81,938	55,377	-	909,782
	2	-	-	(115,385)	*	(962,578)
	<u>*</u>		1,273			127,423
			83,211	(60,008)	7.	74,627
(2	27,705)	52,416	158,040	160,025	23,525	517,182
1.62	20,123	454,707	1,883,989	2,177,653	203,907	18,610,960
	92,418	\$ 507,123	\$ 2,042,029	\$ 2,337,678	\$ 227,432	\$ 19,128,142
Ψ 1,33	,4,TIU	Ψ 301,123	Ψ 2,0 12,027	2,007,010		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

D. C.	Capital Improvement	General Obligation Capital Projects		Street Construction	Majo Facilit		Stormwater		Total
Revenues:	f 5 405 000	ď		Φ =	\$		\$ -	Ф	5 405 202
Sales taxes	\$ 5,485,202	\$	-	\$ 1,022,700	-	. 500	4	2	5,485,202
Gaming taxes	2.674	10.0	26	1,832,798		,500	1,007,000		3,150,298
Interest on investments	3,674	10,9	30	8,241	2	2,108	2,212		27,171
Other Total Revenues	5,949	10,9	26	1,959,648 3,800,687	210	2,608	1,614,073	-	2,570,458 11,233,129
Total Revenues	5,494,825	10,9	30	3,800,087	312	2,008	1,014,073	_	11,233,129
Expenditures: Current:									
General government			777			-8	37,283		37,283
Public works/Public improvements			•		21	,600	3		21,600
Capital Outlay	5,848,249	5,713,4	51	2,522,644	237	,100	1,095,511		15,416,955
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	220,680		\sim	+	85	,000	718,200		1,023,880
Interest and fiscal charges	59,386			-	43	,725	170,051		273,162
Bond issue costs			2				13,573		13,573
Total Expenditures	6,128,315	5,713,4	51	2,522,644	387	,425	2,034,618	_	16,786,453
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(633,490)	(5,702,5	15)	1,278,043	(74	,817)	(420,545)		(5,553,324)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in	2,500,000		:#	1,268,382		-	:-		3,768,382
Transfers out	(16,417)	(3,333,5	40)	(2,691,870)	(315	,856)	-		(6,357,683)
Payment to refunding escrow agent	.=	(-))-		=			(1,989,600)		(1,989,600
Premium on debt issuance	-		-			-	21,776		21,776
Proceeds from refunding bond issue	2		32	-		-	1,514,700		1,514,700
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,450		41	2		2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,450
Total Other Financing	-		- 0				Ŷ 		
Sources (Uses)	2,486,033	(3,333,5	40)	(1,423,488)	(315	,856)	(453,124)		(3,039,975)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,852,543	(9,036,0	55)	(145,445)	(390	,673)	(873,669)		(8,593,299)
Fund Balance: Beginning of year	2,388,541	14,027,9	55	8,972,092	2,223	,638	2,605,125		30,217,351
End of year	\$ 4,241,084	\$ 4,991,9	00	\$ 8,826,647	\$ 1,832	,965	\$ 1,731,456	\$	21,624,052

Other Supplementary Information

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final		Variance With Final Budget - Positive		
D.	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:					
Taxes, including interest and penalties:	A 0 72 6 550	ф 2.070.402	n 122.024		
Sales Gasoline and motor fuel	\$ 2,736,559 2,463,514		\$ 133,934 28,658		
County road and bridge			•		
Total Taxes	1,355,407		(123,035)		
Total Taxes	6,555,480	6,595,037	39,557		
Licenses, Permits, Fines and Fees	33,000	71,497	38,497		
In-house engineering	35	191,076	191,076		
Interest on investments	:=	3,145	3,145		
Other	265,500		(206,643)		
Total Revenues	6,853,980	6,919,612	65,632		
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	1,115,024		84,462		
Public works/Public improvements	6,136,343		214,348		
Capital outlay	38,993		9,041		
Total Expenditures	7,290,360	6,982,509	307,851		
Revenues Under Expenditures	(436,380) (62,897)	373,483		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	126,150	126,150		
Transfers in	41,978	41,978	7.		
Transfers out	(43,905) (43,905)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,927) 124,223	126,150		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(438,307) 61,326	499,633		
Fund Balances:	2 101 147	2 101 147			
Beginning of Year	3,121,147	3,121,147			
End of Year	\$ 2,682,840	\$ 3,182,473	\$ 499,633		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Federal, state and county grants Interest on investments Other	\$ 502,808	\$ 393,176 76 25	\$ (109,632) 76 25		
Total Revenues	502,808	393,277	(109,531)		
Expenditures: Current: General government Public works/Public improvements Public services Capital outlay Total Expenditures Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	177,165 223,344 55,600 581,387 1,037,496	92,185 1,976 55,600 88,087 237,848	84,980 221,368 493,300 799,648 690,117		
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(72,799)	(72,799)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(534,688)	82,630	617,318		
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year	2,992,984	2,992,984	- (-		
End of Year	\$ 2,458,296	\$ 3,075,614	\$ 617,318		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING (TIF) DISTRICTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget			Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		augut	•	7 10 10 10 1		10Bass 10)
Taxes, including interest and penalties:						
Property	\$	4,792,000	\$	4,597,041	\$	(194,959)
Utility	Ψ.	52,000	_	44,178	•	(7,822)
Sales	1	,201,500		1,593,934		392,434
Total Taxes		,045,500		6,235,153		189,653
Interest on investments		25,000		1,497		(23,503)
Other		40,000		16,982		(23,018)
Total Revenues	6	,110,500		6,253,632	-	143,132
Expenditures: Current:						
General government Debt service:		692,520		528,440		164,080
Principal retirement	2	,200,000		2,151,000		49,000
Interest and fiscal charges		,551,750		2,476,926		74,824
Total Expenditures		,444,270		5,156,366		287,904
Revenues Over Expenditures		666,230		1,097,266		431,036
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers out		(683,500)		(730,489)		(46,989)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(17,270)		366,777		384,047
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year	1	,336,019		1,336,019		
End of Year	\$ 1	,318,749	_\$_	1,702,796	\$	384,047

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CONVENTION CENTER OPERATIONS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental revenue from SCCC & SFA	\$	2,300,000	\$	2,878,857 428	\$	578,857 (172)	
Interest on investments Total Revenues	-	2,300,600		2,879,285		578,685	
Total Revenues	-	2,300,000	_	2,017,205		370,003	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Convention center		600,000		1,145,018		(545,018)	
Capital outlay		-		577,621		(577,621)	
Debt service:		1 765 000		1 765 000			
Principal retirement		1,765,000		1,765,000 619,083		(1,908)	
Interest and fiscal charges		617,175		019,083	_	(1,908)	
Total Expenditures	: 	2,982,175	_	4,106,722		(1,124,547)	
Revenues Under Expenditures		(681,575)		(1,227,437)		(545,862)	
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in		683,500		730,489		46,989	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,925		(496,948)		(498,873)	
Fund Balances:		4,820,431		4,820,431		:=:	
Beginning of Year		7,020,731		1,020,131			
End of Year	\$	4,822,356	\$	4,323,483	\$	(498,873)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER SERVICE LINE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Water service line fee	\$ 230,328	\$ 236,816	\$	6,488	
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	225,661	 99,720		125,941	
Revenues Over Expenditures	4,667	137,096		132,429	
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year		3 4 4		Ψ.	
200,000,000			4	•	
End of Year	\$ 4,667	\$ 137,096	\$	132,429	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER LATERAL PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget			Actual		Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	-	Dauget	_	1100001		. • В	
Interest on investments	\$	-	\$	1,233	\$	1,233	
Other		-		345		345	
Sewer lateral fee		384,600	_	380,304		(4,296)	
Total Revenues) i	384,600	_	381,882		(2,718)	
Expenditures:							
Current: General government		452,161		409,587		42,574	
Gonorai govorninone							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(67,561)		(27,705)		39,856	
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of Year	\" <u></u>	1,620,123		1,620,123		ুন:	
End of Year	\$	1,552,562	_\$_	1,592,418	\$	39,856	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - METROPOLITAN PARKS TAX FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Revised Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	-		-		5011		
Taxes, including interest and penalties: Sales Interest on investments	\$	200,000	\$	211,533 478	\$	11,533 478	
Total Revenues		200,000		212,011		12,011	
Expenditures: Capital outlay		645,179		159,595	3(4	485,584	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(445,179)		52,416		497,595	
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year		454,707		454,707	i e		
End of Year	_\$_	9,528	_\$_	507,123	\$	497,595	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Revised Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Taxes, including interest and penalties:	¢.	2.055.000	ď	3,979,136	\$	1,024,136	
Property	\$	2,955,000 20,000	\$	20,000	Φ	1,024,130	
Federal, state and county grants		2,525,600		2,045,314		(480,286)	
Licenses, permits, fines and fees				2,043,314		(2,000)	
Interest on investments		2,000		112 626		53,680	
Other		59,956	-	113,636	-	33,000	
Total Revenues	-	5,562,556	_	6,158,086		595,530	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		1,166,401		1,103,555		62,846	
Public parks		3,896,147		3,790,808		105,339	
Capital outlay		1,377,549		1,188,894		188,655	
Total Expenditures		6,440,097		6,083,257		356,840	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(877,541)		74,829		952,370	
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in		81,938		81,938		₩	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_			1,273		1,273	
Total Other Financing Sources		81,938		83,211		1,273	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(795,603)		158,040		953,643	
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of Year		1,883,989	15.	1,883,989	-		
End of Year		1,088,386	\$	2,042,029	\$	953,643	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TOURISM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget		Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	Dudget	Actual	(Ivegative)		
Taxes, including interest and penalties:					
Tourism	\$ 2,404,856	\$ 2,617,991	\$ 213,135		
Hotel	270,445	317,705	47,260		
Total Taxes	2,675,301	2,935,696	260,395		
Federal, state and county grants	369,905	180,080	(189,825)		
Sale of advertising	66,000	64,619	(1,381)		
Interest on investments	(E)	2,109	2,109		
Other	54,817	129,387	74,570		
Total Revenues	3,166,023	3,311,891	145,868		
Expenditures: Current:					
General government	3,536,101	2,835,329	700,772		
Capital outlay	631,946	256,529	375,417		
Total Expenditures	4,168,047	3,091,858	1,076,189		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,002,024)	220,033	1,222,057		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	55,377	55,377	-		
Transfers out	(115,385)	(115,385)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(60,008)	(60,008)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,062,032)	160,025	1,222,057		
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of Year	2,177,653	2,177,653			
End of Year	\$ 1,115,621	\$ 2,337,678	\$ 1,222,057		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL BUSINESS DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Revised Final Budget Actual			Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	-						
Taxes, including interest and penalties:							
Property	\$	33,900	\$	35,241	\$	1,341	
Licenses, permits, fines, fees and other		16,850		15,895		(955)	
Interest on investments	\ <u>-</u>	350	*	1,088	_	738	
Total Revenues	(51,100	_	52,224		1,124	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		46,640		24,326		22,314	
Capital outlay	-	9,050		4,373	-	4,677	
Total Expenditures		55,690		28,699		26,991	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,590)		23,525		28,115	
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year		203,907		203,907		<u> </u>	
End of Year	_\$_	199,317	\$	227,432	\$	28,115	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Property taxes, including interest and penalties Interest on investments	\$ 2,051,93	4 \$ 2,766,838 - 2,688	\$ 714,904 2,688
Total Revenues	2,051,93	2,769,526	717,592
Expenditures:			
Principal retirement	1,345,00	0 1,345,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	664,06	0 537,038	127,022
Bond issue costs	vi.	230	(230)
Total Expenditures	2,009,06	0 1,882,268	126,792
Revenues Over Expenditures	42,87	4 887,258	844,384
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers out		(125,897)	125,897
Net Change in Fund Balances	42,87	4 761,361	718,487
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of Year	3,119,82	9 3,119,829	
End of Year	\$ 3,162,70	3 \$ 3,881,190	\$ 718,487

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Final			riance With nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes, including interest and penalties:					
Sales	\$ 5,000,000	\$	5,485,202	\$	485,202
Interest on investments	-		3,674		3,674
Other	5,960		5,949		(11)
Total Revenues	5,005,960		5,494,825		488,865
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
Administrative	848,249		552,707		295,542
Community development	45,500		42,518		2,982
Cemetery	30,500		9,240		21,260
Building maintenance	130,000		59,896		70,104
Street improvements	6,645,993		4,473,672		2,172,321
Fire department	642,813		407,622		235,191
Police department	651,162	_	302,594		348,568
Total Capital Outlay	8,994,217		5,848,249		3,145,968
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	220,680		220,680		5
Interest and fiscal charges	59,386	_	59,386		-
Total Debt Service	280,066		280,066		2
Total Expenditures	9,274,283		6,128,315		3,145,968
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,268,323)	(633,490)		3,634,833
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	2,500,000		2,500,000		≅.
Transfers out	(16,417)	(16,417)		¥
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			2,450	-	2,450
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,483,583		2,486,033		2,450
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,784,740)	1,852,543		3,637,283
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of Year	2,388,541		2,388,541	-	-
End of Year	\$ 603,801	\$	4,241,084	\$	3,637,283

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL STREET CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Revised Final Budget		Actual		rariance With inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					-	
Federal, state and county grants	\$	21,891,918	\$	4,819,778	\$	(17,072,140)
Expenditures: Capital outlay:						
Street improvements	_	21,187,144	-	4,819,778	_	16,367,366
Net Change in Fund Balances		704,774		E		(704,774)
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of Year	17		-		_	
End of Year	\$	704,774	_\$	-	\$	(704,774)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET CONSTRUCTION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	-	Revised Final Budget Actual		Actual		ariance With nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Taxes, including interest and penalties:	Ф	2 220 000	Φ	1 022 700	Φ	(1.207.202)
Gaming	\$	3,229,000	\$	1,832,798	\$	(1,396,202)
Interest on investments		050.546		8,241		8,241
Other	i s	372,546		1,959,648	-	1,587,102
Total Revenues	:===	3,601,546		3,800,687	-	199,141
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay:						
Street improvements	·	6,728,708		2,522,644		4,206,064
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,127,162)		1,278,043		4,405,205
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		-		1,268,382		1,268,382
Transfers out		(2,691,870)		(2,691,870)		147.
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,691,870)	0	(1,423,488)		1,268,382
Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,819,032)		(145,445)		5,673,587
Fund Balances:						
Beginning of Year	7	8,972,092	i-	8,972,092		
End of Year	\$	3,153,060	\$	8,826,647	_\$_	5,673,587

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MAJOR FACILITIES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	-	Budger		Tiotaai	- (1	(Toguti Vo)
Taxes, including interest and penalties:						
Gaming	\$	310,500	\$	310,500	\$	<u>=</u>
Interest			_	2,108		2,108
Total Revenues	_	310,500		312,608		2,108
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Public works/Public improvements		21,600		21,600		~
Total General Government		21,600		21,600		
Capital outlay:						
Administrative		80,000		i = 1		80,000
Building maintenance		110,739		103,427		7,312
Fire department		82,832		76,747		6,085
Cemetery		1,600		1,444		156
Public works				27 3		=
Parks	-	276,277		55,482		220,795
Total Capital Outlay		551,448		237,100		314,348
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		85,000		85,000		=
Interest and fiscal charges		43,725		43,725		
Total Debt Service		128,725		128,725		
Total Expenditures		701,773		387,425		314,348
Revenues Under Expenditures		(391,273)		(74,817)		316,456
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfers out		(315,856)		(315,856)		
Total Other Financing Uses		(315,856)		(315,856)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		(707,129)		(390,673)		316,456
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year		2,223,638		2,223,638		<u>. </u>
End of Year	\$	1,516,509	\$	1,832,965	\$	316,456
		,,,				2.0,100

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STORMWATER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Revised Final Budget			Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Taxes, including interest and penalties:					•	
Gaming	\$	1,007,000	\$	1,007,000	\$	2.212
Interest on investments		620.040		2,212		2,212
Other	-	630,848		604,861	-	(25,987)
Total Revenues		1,637,848	r è	1,614,073		(23,775)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		127,700		37,283		90,417
Capital outlay		2,734,461		1,095,511		1,638,950
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		719,300		718,200		1,100
Interest and fiscal charges		103,104		170,051		(66,947)
Bond issue costs	-	14,007	_	13,573		434
Total Expenditures	-	3,698,572	÷	2,034,618		1,663,954
Revenues Under Expenditures		(2,060,724)		(420,545)		1,640,179
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from refunding bond issue		1,563,097		1,514,700		(48,397)
Payment to refunding escrow agent		(1,989,600)		(1,989,600)		-
Premium on debt issuance		22,472		21,776	-	(696)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(404,031)		(453,124)		(49,093)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,464,755)		(873,669)		1,591,086
Fund Balances: Beginning of Year	-	2,605,125		2,605,125		
End of Year	\$	140,370	\$	1,731,456	\$	1,591,086

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL OBLIGATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Interest on investments	\$ -	\$ 10,936	\$ 10,936	
Expenditures: Capital outlay	13,845,072	5,713,451	8,131,621	
Revenues Under Expenditures	(13,845,072)	(5,702,515)	(8,120,685)	
Other Financing Uses: Transfers out		(3,333,540)	(3,333,540)	

(13,845,072)

14,027,955

182,883

\$

\$

(9,036,055)

14,027,955

4,991,900

Net Change in Fund Balances

Fund Balances: Beginning of Year

End of Year

4,809,017

4,809,017

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Interest on investments	\$	\$ 3,004	\$ 3,004		
Other	2,000	3,497	1,497		
Total Revenues	2,000	6,501	4,501		
Expenditures:					
General government	3,904	3,497	407		
Capital outlay	5,885,874	3,552,841	2,333,033		
Total Expenditures	5,889,778	3,556,338	2,333,440		
Revenues Under Expenditures	(5,887,778)	(3,549,837)	2,337,941		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from debt issuance	2,492,504	2,492,504			
Discount on debt issuance	(14,943)	(14,943)	<u>1</u> €2		
Transfers in	208,287	208,287			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,685,848	2,685,848			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,201,930)	(863,989)	2,337,941		
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of Year	3,291,980	3,291,980			
End of Year	\$ 90,050	\$ 2,427,991	\$ 2,337,941		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NEIGHBORHOOD IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

41	Revised Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Special assessment	\$ 3,684,870	\$ 3,956,325	\$ 271,455
Interest on investments	9,000	26,790	17,790
Other	15,080	15,060	(20)
Total Revenues	3,708,950	3,998,175	289,225
Expenditures:			
Principal	1,895,000	1,895,000	72
Interest and fiscal charges	1,698,360	1,701,230	(2,870)
Bond issue costs	96,882	96,142	740
Other	21,100	17,111	3,989
Total Expenditures	3,711,342	3,709,483	1,859
Revenues Over Expenditures	(2,392)	288,692	291,084
Other Financing Sources:			
Proceeds from debt issuance	432,496	432,496	·
Net Change in Fund Balances	430,104	721,188	291,084
Fund Balances:			
Beginning of Year	7,972,693	7,972,693	(*
End of Year	\$ 8,402,797	\$ 8,693,881	\$ 291,084

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Fiduciary Fund Statements And Schedules

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and other funds.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for the changes in assets and liabilities related to contractor's guarantee, bail bond deposits and the Mark Twain Mall Transportation Development District (TDD).

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -FIDUCIARY (AGENCY) FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	ontractors' Guarantee	8	Bail Bond		Mark Twain Mall TDD	9	Total
Assets: Cash and investments - restricted	\$ 1,026,499	\$	132,366	\$	770,005	\$	1,928,870
Liabilities: Due to other taxing districts	\$ _	\$	₩	\$	770,005	\$	770,005
Deposits payable held in escrow	1,026,499		132,366	2		7	1,158,865
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,026,499	\$	132,366	_\$_	770,005	\$	1,928,870

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -FIDUCIARY (AGENCY) FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Balance anuary 1, 2014		dditions	D	eductions		Balance cember 31, 2014
Contractors' Guarantee:	-							
Assets - cash and investments -								
restricted	\$	1,039,962	\$	279,248	\$	292,711	\$	1,026,499
Liabilities - deposits payable held								
in escrow	\$	1,039,962	\$	279,248	\$	292,711	<u>\$</u>	1,026,499
Bail Bond:								
Assets - cash and investments -								
restricted	\$	127,986	\$	65,502	\$	61,122	<u>\$</u>	132,366
Liabilities - deposits payable held								
in escrow	\$	127,986	\$	65,502	<u>\$</u>	61,122	\$	132,366
Mark Twain Mall TDD:								
Assets - cash and investments -								
restricted	\$	1,393,915	<u>\$</u>	654,189	<u>\$</u>	1,278,099	\$	770,005
Liabilities - due to other								
taxing districts	\$	1,393,915	\$	654,189	<u>\$</u>	1,278,099	\$	770,005
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets - Cash and investments - restricted	\$_	2,561,863	\$	998,939	\$	1,631,932	\$	1,928,870
Liabilities:								
Due to other taxing units	\$	1,393,915	\$	654,189	\$	1,278,099	\$	770,005
Deposits payable held in escrow	*	1,167,948		344,750		353,833		1,158,865
Total Liabilities	\$	2,561,863	\$	998,939	\$	1,631,932	\$	1,928,870
Total Liaulitues	Ψ	2,301,003	· <u>Ψ</u>	770,757	Ψ	1,001,702	<u> </u>	1,720,070



Part III – Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Saint Charles' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These pages contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	102
Revenue Capacity These pages contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	108
Debt Capacity These pages present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	115
Demographic and Economic Information These pages offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	120
Operating Information These pages contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	122
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in this section is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	*	2014	2013 (7)	2012 (6)	2011 (5)	2010	2009	2008 (4)	2007 (3)	2006 (2)	2005
Governmental activities				(+)			2007	2000 (17	2007 (5)	2000 (2)	2003
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		\$185,786,469	\$177,409,123	\$184,592,926 S	183,149,225	172,785,636 \$	165,520,666	158,523,468 \$	150,574,557 S	95,771,631 \$	87.355.069
Restricted for capital projects		4.925,881	2,354,503	4,253,624	5,163,978	3,972,461	3,823,876	4,757,277	5,672,306	5,467,387	10,151,983
Restricted for debt service		20,490,848	27,878,221	31,327,065	18,287,902	4,591,629	4,290,286	3.035,191	3,067,993	2,883,361	2,127,819
Restricted for community development (1)		3,075,614	2,992,984	3,189,494	2,954,022	3,029,660	2,931,204	2,732,953	2,569,850	2,542,706	2,533,295
Restricted for DWI drug enforcement (1)		85,766	112,580	99,286	83,611	57,181	27,807	114,558	92.382	75,827	172,413
Restricted for DAG forfeiture		122,263	200,684	242,552	258,227	747,638	898,609	184,967	314.827	349,601	112,413
Restricted for non-expendable permanent fund (cemetery) (1)		362,842	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912
Restricted for expendable cemetery		233,912	341,699	310,193	293,137	**		,		223,712	255512
Restricted for street maintenance and improvement		3,182,473	3,121,147	2,823.322	2,419,506	**			**	-	
Restricted for sewer lateral projects		1,729,514	1,620,123	1,705,621	1,612,091	*	30				
Restricted for parks		2,749,836	3,391,219	4,577,655	5,444,733	*	(*)	*	-		280
Restricted for tourism		2,337,678	2,177,653	1,953,307	1,684,657	±5		9	-	200	
Restricted for special business district		227,432	203,907	206,098	162,025	40	(4)		2	260	255
Restricted for other purposes		39	#5	140	*	25			-	740	12,250
Unrestricted		(13,199,664)	(14,653,531)	(18,411,089)	(20,394,007)	2,574,957	4,157,966	1,323,395	(2,914,638)	(8,933,197)	(29,533,564)
Total governmental activities net assets	5	212,110,864 \$	207,384,224 \$	217,103,966 S	201,353,019 \$	187,993,074 \$	181,884,326 \$	170,905,721 S	159,611,189 S	98,391,228 \$	73,053,177
Business-type activities								William			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	S	41.964,586 \$	41,519,185 \$	37,290,793 \$	35,386,348 \$	34,729,731 \$	35,065,784 \$	30,768,229 \$	29,419,448 \$	27,430,893 \$	21,334,662
Restricted for capital projects	•	12.501,500	44,515,405	31,220,773	35,500,540 \$	34,727,731 3	33,003,764	30,704,227 3	27.717,440 3	27,430,693 3	21,334,002
Restricted for debt service		=		230,570	23.925	116,290	5,504	99,703	162,913	88,991	50,188
Unrestricted		19,877,007	19,007,127	19,210,342	17,436,864	16,366,123	15,527,262	17,431,682	17,786,174	17,273,040	15,469,910
Total business-type activities net assets	-\$	61,841,593 \$	60,526,312 \$	56,731,705 S	52,847,137 S	51,212,144 \$	50,598,550 \$	48,299,614 S	47,368,535 S	44,792,924 \$	36,854,760
Primary government	-		. Lancit D. Lovinsco-			AND AND COMPANY OF A STATE OF A S	DOMESTIC STU	CHARGONAPOR G.	.commune. 5	11.784 SERVICE 11.14 SEV	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	s	227,751,055	218,928,308 \$	221,883,719 \$	218,535,573	207,515,367	200 504 450 380	100 001 007 18	170 001 005 (8)	100 000 001 000	100 000 701
Restricted for capital projects		4,925,881	2,354,503	4,253,624	5,163,978		200,586,450 \$	189,291,697	179.994.005	123,202,524 \$	108,689,731
Restricted for debt service		20,490,848	27,878,221	31,557,635	18,311,827	3,972,461 4,707,919	3,823,876	4,757,277	5,672,306 3,230,906	5,467,387	10,151,983
Restricted for community development		3,075,614	2,992,984	3,189,494	2,954,022	3,029,660	4,295,790	3,134,894	2,569,850	2,972,352 2,542,706	2,178,007 2.533,295
Restricted for DWI drug enforcement		85,766	112,580	99,286	83,611	57,181	2,931,204 27,807	2,732,953 114,558	92,382	75,827	172,413
Restricted for DAG forfeiture		122,263	200,684	242,552	258,227	747,638	27,807 898,609	184,967	314.827	349,601	1/2,+13
Restricted for non-expendable permanent fund (cernetery) (1)		362,842	233.912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	222.012
Restricted for expendable cometery		233,912	341,699	310,193	293,137	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912		233,912
Restricted for street maintenance and improvement		3,182,473	3,121,147	2,823,322	2,419,506			*		1002	1000
Restricted for sewer lateral projects		1,729,514	1,620,123	1,705,621	1,612,091		(2)	*	*		
Restricted for parks		2,749,836	3,391,219	4,577,655	5,414,733	***	290			1,40	1000
Restricted for tourism		2,337,678	2,177,653	1,953,307	1,684,657				*:	/ ///	((*):
Restricted for special business district		227,432	203,907	206,098	162,025		: • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*	*		590
Restricted for other purposes		227,432	203,701	200,098	102,023	**	1.00 130		*		12.220
Unrestricted		6,677,343	4,353,596	799,253	(2,957,143)	18,941,080	10 (95 339	10.255.027	11071576		12,250
Total primary government net assets	\$	273,952,457 S	267,910,536 S	273.835.671 \$	254,200,156 S	239,205,218 \$	19,685,228 232,482,876 \$	18,755,077 219,205,335 S	14,871,536 206,979,724 \$	8,339,843 143,184,152 \$	(14,063,654)
	<u> </u>	minutestate a	MATERIAL S	210,002,001.1	200,200,100	239,203,210: 3	£3£,40£,010 \$	219,205,555 \$	200,919,124 \$	143,164,152 3	109,907,937

Notes:

- (1) Prior to 2005, amounts restricted for community development, DWI drug enforcement & non-expendable permanent fund were included with restricted for other purposes.
- (2) The following prior period adjustments were made in fiscal 2006:

Governmental activities - Unrestricted was increased by \$11,026,579 to recognize revenue previously deferred

Business-type activities - Invested in capital assets was increased by \$3,891,427 to correct useful lifes used to calculate

- (3) In fiscal year 2007, a \$51,348,361 prior period adjustment was made to retroactively report infrastructure assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as required by GASB 34.
- (4) In fiscal year 2008, a \$1,927,731 prior period adjustment was made to remove assets previously capitalized in error.
- (5) In fiscal year 2011, GASB 54 was implemented.
- (6) in fiscal year 2012, GASB 63 was implemented.
- (7) in fiscal year 2013, GASB 65 was implemented

Source: Basic financial statements

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	-	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Expenses					_						
Governmental activities:											
General government	S	16,742,085 S	16,622,958	15,414,456 \$	16,177,153 \$	16,041,176 \$	16,153,605 \$	17,049,390 \$	13,456,252 \$	12,980,521 \$	12,264,139
Public Works/Public Improvements	5.50	23,632,479	31,207,775	24,091,753	17,357,806	21,008,643	14,732,825	17,776,765	14,489,421	9,058,329	5,524,332
Public parks		5,312,108	5,007,220	4,253,697	4,361,315	4,473,008	4,206,778	4,255,887	4,382,364	4,092,887	3,833,978
Public safety		33,605,293	31,542,620	31,452,633	31,839,473	32,697,181	30,379,874	29,237,521	28,597,157	27,578,308	26,491,860
Public services		55,600	264,158	46,000	187,175					€	2
Convention center		1,779,409	1,200,723	2,374,263	1,412,305	1,240,348	1,448,764	989,378	1,357,286	1,209,135	1,370,969
Other (1)		-,,	.,,	-,,	\$	₩.	668	-		₩	5,808,298
Interest on long-term debt		4,313,881	4,324,334	3,401,252	3,977,648	4,116,922	4,353,240	4.565.843	4,741,254	4,841,175	4,956,094
Total governmental activities expenses		85,440,855	90,169,788	81,034,054	75,312,875	79,577,278	71,275,086	73,874,784	67,023,734	59,760,355	60,249,670
Business-type activities:		05,110,055	24,102,700		3345393515						
Waterworks		8,387,485	7,217,809	6,334,657	6,951,921	6,681,023	6,245,773	6,076,732	6,211,383	6,134,348	6,199,809
Sanitary sewer		16,620,100	11,333,119	9,245,514	10,185,096	8,036,718	6,657,857	6,837,920	6,928,296	6,408,356	6,790,298
Parking facilities		458,952	400,769	401,365	411,109	453,444	420,193	388,980	384,501	372,060	365,542
Total business-type activities expenses		25,466,537	18,951,697	15,981,536	17,548,126	15,171,185	13,323,823	13,303,632	13,524,180	12,914,764	13,355,649
Total primary government expenses	\$	110,907,392 \$	109,121,485 \$	97,015,590 S	92,861,001 \$	94,748,463 \$	84,598,909 S	87,178,416 \$	80,547,914 \$	72,675,119 \$	73,605,319
Governmental activities: Charges for services:								4010.000	1.541.074	2.072.974	1,305,823
General government	\$	1,952,516 \$	1,151,472 \$	1,371,037 \$	1,088,839 \$	949,742 \$	910,880 \$	1,310,877	1,541,834 \$	2,973,874	773,398
Public Works/Public Improvements		879,693	618,711	684,680	714,751	622,901	756,077	672,175	786,834	470,819	
Public parks		2,158,950	2,031,473	2,268,580	2,266,663	2,277,489	2,124,967	2,059,550	1,961,797	1,909,491	1,970,303
Public safety		2,416,006	2,479,109	2,328,620	2,292,945	2,445,638	2,228,689	2,188,940	1,892,496	2,064,277	2,033,627 23,469
Other			*	659					140	6 205 740	,
Operating grants and contributions		7,474,005	7,859,788	7,301,044	6,529,503	6,927,969	6,008,150	5,916,646	6,273,362	6,325,740	5,532,089
Capital grants and contributions	-	13,830,964	8,059,608	23,132,565	15,775,120	12,733,907	9,055,250	9,003,700	3,991,851	3,442,547	5,591,847
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	28,712,134	22,200,161	37,086,526	28,667,821	25,957,646	21,084,013	21,151,888	16,448,174	17,186,748	17,230,336
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:									(000 (74	£ 005 603	5,634,814
Waterworks		9,015,282	8,221,611	8,078,214	7,478,099	6,466,303	5,671,106	5,603,871	6,038,674	5,995,693	6,261,207
Sanitary sewer		11,615,272	10,741,851	9,549,837	9,353,447	8,388,128	6,958,917	6,540,055	6,542,328	6,597,421	212,588
Parking facilities		103,801	156,760	172,224	161,822	187,138	194,711	187,626	209,552	190,299	212,588
Operating grants and contributions		vannest.	7		0.000-0.000		(330)	6,597	12,106	9,093	057 926
Capital grants and contributions		984,059	3,070,434	657,506	256,884	870,317	2,787,506	1,118,705	2,268,138	1,197,933	853,836 12,962,445
Total business-type activities program revenues	-	21,718,414	22,190,656	18,457,781	17,250,252	15,911,886	15,611,910	13,456,854 34,608,742 \$	15,070,798 31,518,972 \$	13,990,439 31,177,187 S	30,193,001
Total primary government program revenues	\$	50,430,548 S	44,390,817 \$	55,544,307 S	45,918,073 S	41,869,532 \$	36,695,923 \$	34,008,742 3	31,310,774 \$	31,177,107 3	30,175,001

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	•	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2007	2006	2005	2004
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Governmental activities	\$	(56,728,721) \$	(67,969,627) \$	(43,947,528) \$	(46,645,054) \$	(53,619,632) \$	(50,191,073) \$	(52,722,896) \$	(50,575,560) \$	(42,573,607) \$	(43,019,114)
Business-type activities		(3,748,123)	3,238,959	2,476,245	(297,874)	740,701	2,288,087	153,222	1,546,618	1,075,675	(393,204)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(60,476,844) S	(64,730,668) \$	(41,471,283) \$	(46,942,928) \$	(52,878,931) \$	(47,902,986) \$	(52,569,674) \$	(49,028,942) \$	(41,497,932) \$	(43,412,318)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets											
Governmental activities:											
Taxes											
Property taxes levied for general purposes	\$	7,303,801 \$	6,849,854 \$	6,674,664	6,643,742 \$	6,682,310 \$	6,742,004 \$	7,022,380 \$	6,743,625 \$	6,291,682 \$	6,001,042
Property taxes levied for parks		3,127,297	2,945,983	2,971,445	2,956,981	2,946,761	2,980,602	3,105,543	2,987,271	2,786,472	2,657,945
Property taxes levied for debt service		2,174,866	2,049,073	2,066,891	2,056,881	2,042,879	2,066,835	2,154,350	2,070,976	1,835,025	1,741,973
Sales taxes levied for general purposes		11,483,052	10,493,257	10,402,644	10,460,042	9,671,590	10,049,380	10,463,377	10,602,423	10,091,802	10,177,180
Sales taxes levied for capital improvements		5,485,202	5,026,135	4,957,456	4,958,750	4,641,048	4,805,399	5,010,007	5,080,299	4,823,380	4,899,236
Garning taxes		11,983,798	12,310,262	13,155,684	13,417,478	13,904,213	15,050,008	14,830,073	14,849,193	15,691,542	16,302,297
Utility taxes		8,533,576	8,347,125	8,095,724	8,574,604	9,026,740	8,957,678	11,088,264	6,382,162	6,140,414	6,357,907
Tourism and hotel taxes		2,935,696	2,693,935	2,615,312	2,422,571	2,314,842	2,268,308	2,369,517	2,228,276	2,107,564	1,898,118
Other taxes		1,453,733	1,924,161	1,718,106	1,675,028	1,654,360	1,624,282	1,597,054	1,564,143	1,489,386	1,464,606
TIF revenues		6,235,153	5,629,536	5,929,785	5,900,961	5,518,594	5,195,093	5,328,202	4,142,416	3,975,931	3,182,962
Earnings on investments		155,401	164,159	209,050	361,132	834,275	957,553	3,044,142	3,368,267	2,722,706	1,336,443
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		V.E.	(4)	57,246	\#E	72	===	9,555	1.81	41,893	74,317
Gain on the extinguishment of debt		828,000				353			1.5	(8)	(5)
Other revenues		2,939,372	294,044	324,468	80,829	23,048	22,536	74,695	20,109	39,323	76,170
Transfers		(3,183,586)	613,810	520,000	496,000	467,720	450,000	(152,000)	408,000	(1,152,041)	247,277
Special Item - transfer of convention center assets											(27,740,817)
Total governmental activities	_	61,455,361	59,341,334	59,698,475	60,004,999	59,728,380	61,169,678	65,945,159	60,447,160	56,885,079	28,676,656
Business-type activities:											
Earnings on investments		15,185	15,885	23,920	69,925	15,612	21,771	288,691	1,094,770	1,431,913	964,169
Gain on sale of capital assets			-30	900	¥1	3,916	109,356	6,905	•	4,612	1,660
Other revenues		1,864,633	2,051,501	1,903,503	2,358,942	321,085	329,722	330,261	342,223	382,496	316,698
Transfers		3,183,586	(613,810)	(520,000)	(496,000)	(467,720)	(450,000)	152,000	(408,000)	1,152,041	(247,277)
Total business-type activities		5,063,404	1,453,576	1,408,323	1,932,867	(127,107)	10,849	777,857	1,028,993	2,971,062	1,035,250
Total primary government	S	66,518,765 S	60,794,910 S	61,106,798 \$	61,937,866 S	59,601,273 S	61,180,527 \$	66,723,016 \$	61,476,153 S	59,856,141 S	29,711,906

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government	\$ 4,726,640 \$ 1,315,281 \$ 6,041,921 \$	(8,628,293) \$ 4,692,535 (3,935,758) \$	15,750,947 \$ 3,884,568 19,635,515 \$	13,359,945 \$ 1,634,993 14,994,938 \$	6,108,748 \$ 613,594 6,722,342 \$	10,978,605 \$ 2,298,936 13,277,541 \$	13,222,263 \$ 931,079 14,153,342 \$	9,871,600 \$ 2,575,611 12,447,211 \$	14,311,472 \$ 4,046,737 18,358,209 \$	(14,342,458) 642,046 (13,700,412)
Total Primary Government Net Assets Governmental activities Net assets, beginning Prior period adjustment	\$ 207,384,224 \$	217,103,966 \$ (1,091,449)	201,353,019 \$	187,993,074 \$	181,884,326 \$	170,905,721 \$	159,611,189 \$ (1,927,731)	98,391,228 \$ 51,348,361	73,053,177 \$ 11,026,579	87,395,635
Net assets, beginning, as restated	207,384,224	216,012,517	201,353,019	187,993,074	181,884,326	170,905,721	157,683,458	149,739,589	84,079,756	87,395,635
Net assets, ending	212,110,864	207,384,224	217,103,966	201,353,019	187,993,074	181,884,326	170,905,721	159,611,189	98,391,228	73,053,177
Total Business-Type Assets Business activities										
Net assets, beginning	60,526,312	56,731,705	52,847,137	51,212,144	50,598,550	48,299,614	47,368,535	44,792,924	36,854,760	36,212,714
Prior period adjustment		(897,928)					-		3,891,427	
Net assets, beginning, as restated	60,526,312	55,833,777	52,847,137	51,212,144	50,598,550	48,299,614	47,368,535	44,792,924	40,746,187	36,212,714
Net assets, ending	61,841,593	60,526,312	56,731,705	52,847,137	51,212,144	50,598,550	48,299,614	47,368,535	44,792,924	36,854,760
Total primary government net assets	\$ 273,952,457 \$	267,910,536 \$	273,835,671 \$	254,200,156 S	239,205,218 \$	232,482,876 \$	219,205,335 \$	206,979,724 \$	143,184,152 \$	109,907,937

⁽¹⁾ Prior to 2006, governmental expenses related to governmental activities are classified by object of expenditure rather than by function.

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENT FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year						
		2014	2013	2012	2011 (1)	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
General Fund											
Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for DWI drug enforcement	\$	- \$	- \$	·- \$	- S	1,758,813 \$ 57,181	1,699,213 \$ 27,807	801,753 \$ 114,558	691,694 \$ 92,382	508,080 \$ 75,827	716,175 172,413
Reserved for DAG forfeiture			•		*	747,638	898,609	184,967	314,827	349,601	450,000
Reserved for gaming Reserved for tree bank			(27)	==		12,250	12,250	1,733,000 12,250	528,000	528,000 12,250	478,000 12,250
Unreserved			(1.7)			12,890,004	16,432,806	19,318,783	12,250 17,101,306	15,962,398	13,023,487
Nonspendable - prepaid		1,702	1.#E			12,890,004	10,432,800	19,510,705	17,101,300	13,902,398	13,023,467
Restricted for DAG forfeiture		122,263	200,684	242,552	258,227	(*)	*		91	*	
Restricted for DWI recoupment		85,766	112,580	99,286	83,611	385		3.50	92.5	5.	
Assigned for encumbrances		89,556	95,462	283,950	952,817	(4)		72	1 2 A	±-	
Assigned for redevelopment		820,310	835,746	737,927	735,689		<u>\$</u>			₹	5
Assigned for beautification		21,445	32,852	51,817	75,908	~	2	7 2 0	21	21	- 1
Unassigned		13,298,036	11,054,212	10,804,086	11,018,881	2	2	220		- 21	12
Total General Fund	\$	14,439,078 \$	12,331,536 \$	12,219,618 \$	13,125,133 \$	15,465,886 \$	19,070,685 \$	22,165,311 \$	18,740,459 \$	17,436,156 \$	14,402,325
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved for encumbrances	\$:4 S	- S	- \$	= \$	7,367,150 \$	8,968,841 \$	5,399,514 \$	10,630,516 \$	4,372,696 \$	8,889,901
Reserved for advance to state		12	€ 2		9	(2)	·	223	(m)		5
Reserved for capital projects		2	-	9	€		13,928,432	14,773,233	13,352,255	17,515,589	15,298,731
Reserved for home improvement loans					*	3,029,660	2,931,204	2,732,953	2,569,850	2,542,706	2,533,295
Reserved for debt service			\ €:			4,656,435	9,035,919	8,614,852	7,830,920	7,940,449	6,967,471
Reserved for future purchase											200 010
of cemetery land		500	•		*	233,912	233,912	233,912	233,913	233,912	233,912
Reserved for advances to other funds			-					(**)	85,000	170,000	215,000
Unreserved, reported in Special revenue funds						13,528,108	16,607,381	16,996,239	16,033,029	15,098,792	14,517,869
Permanent fund			-	-		260,707	246,180	235,089	223,078	202,254	167,036
Debt service funds		-				5,795,906	240,180	233,007	223,078	202,234	107,030
Capital projects funds		1577 (*)		197		15,242,202	(1,202,763)	(302,292)	(2,201,501)	(76,345)	
Nonspendable - cemetery		233,912	233,912	233,912	233,912	0.00	(=,=,,	(=,)	(-,,,		90
Nonspendable - prepaid Restricted for street maintenance		55,517		(9)		(E	*	(*)	:#R	*	3500
and improvement		3,182,473	3,121,147	2,823,322	2,419,506	727	2	/ 61	120	€	14/
Restricted for community development Restricted for TIF projects and		3,075,614	2,992,984	3,189,494	2,954,022	(3)	€	9	•	8	2.
debt obligations		1,702,796	1,336,019	1,326,181	1,074,647	()		182	825	~	250
Restricted for debt service		16,899,080	16,500,750	13,211,927	10,950,939	(€)	*	E:	**		2₩%
Restricted for sewer lateral projects		1,729,514	1,620,123	1,705,621	1,612,091	(* €	*	16		*	
Restricted for parks		2,548,952	2,338,696	3,701,232	4,676,748	(A)	~	*	·	*	
Restricted for capital projects		11,659,945	19,708,476	19,067,106	11,660,025	i i ii	-	-			-
Restricted for cemetery		362,842	341,699	310,193	293,137	79.	<u></u>	1.2		ž.	12/
Restricted for tourism		2,288,141	2,177,653	1,953,307	1,684,657	100		2			•
Restricted for special business district Assigned for capital projects		222,682 12,390,542	203,907 13,213,058	206,098 12,940,637	162,025 13,517,281	A.S.		2			150
	-					50 114 000 0	50.740.100 0	40 (02 500 6	40.757.0/0 @	48.000.052 @	40 000 016
Total all other governmental funds	\$	56,352,010 \$	63,788,424 \$	60,669,030 \$	51,238,990 \$	50,114,080 \$	50,749,106 \$	48,683,500 \$	48,757,060 \$	48,000,053 \$	48,823,215

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2011, GASB 54 was implemented.

CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Revenues	-									
Taxes, including interest and penalties	\$ 67.979,380 \$	60,872,768 \$	61,400,967 \$	61,212,849 \$	61,356,596 \$	62,278,994 \$	66,878,840 \$	59,362,295 \$	58,746,868 \$	57,732,529
Special assessment	3,956,325	3,712,448	2,384,307	1,642,197	1,086,640	1,083,905	909,138	908,908	1,158,113	267,515
Federal, state and county grants	5,514,896	5,583,739	3,601,101	3,938,224	4,933,184	2,524,373	4,368,070	2,736,602	3,133,011	5,599,826
Intergovernmental revenue from Saint Charles										
County Convention & Sports Authority	2,878,857	3,510,342	2,383,662	2,253,447	1,580,738	1,444,504	1,154,117	1,236,836	1,865,412	1,451,851
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	6,673,927	6,025,349	6,276,097	5,980,995	6,113,807	5,931,392	6,250,179	6,096,228	7,302,296	6,016,817
Interest on investments	155,401	164,160	209,050	361,132	834,274	957,784	3,047,756	3,384,901	2,492,724	1,344,486
Other	3,886,607	2,529,252	2,759,876	1,086,134	986,299	1,661,119	828,403	986,454	1,152,386	734,792
Total revenues	91,045,393	82,398,058	79,015,060	76,474,978	76,891,538	75,882,071	83,436,503	74,712,224	75,850,810	73,147,816
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	14,116,381	13,807,636	14,057,815	13,760,082	14,762,712	14,947,595	13,515,232	13,079,995	12,378,037	11,659,958
Public Works/Public improvements	6,775,318	6,219,296	5,644,952	6,122,440	6,211,586	5,921,164	5,810,181	5,833,992	4,997,836	4,984,276
Public parks	3,790,808	3,622,525	3,447,249	4,133,464	3,445,619	3,336,809	3,370,417	3,237,995	3,132,165	3,102,441
Public safety	31,326,692	29,129,034	29,048,261	29,362,809	29,425,907	28,699,215	28,114,149	27,132,027	26,282,106	25,205,711
Public services	55,600	264,158	46,000	187,175	219,961	44,315	154,403	119,701	88,501	€
Convention Center	1,145,018	566,333	1,581,963	690,382	409,286	778,555	241,561	288,411	376,766	901,031
Other	1,115,016	-	-,,-		627	a	2	*	3,240	₩.
Capital outlay	26,360,676	35,441,637	26,304,127	21,998,515	25,531,600	13,835,331	23,811,682	12,071,848	17,722,836	26,284,138
Debt service	20,500,070	,,	,,	, ,						
Principal retirement	8,179,880	7,294,486	6,802,471	5,971,600	4,619,900	5,800,000	5,480,000	7,763,000	5,284,000	4,338,000
Interest and fiscal charges	5,607,439	4,459,368	3,926,834	5,472,574	5,002,712	3,852,126	3,451,117	3,606,547	3,314,774	3,394,090
Advance refunding escrow agent	5,007,137	1,127,200	2		190		508,389		465,681	<u> </u>
Bond defeasance		2	2	942,700	989,402					
Bond issue costs	127,056	435,377	589,398	171,537	104,419	23,049	67,280		105,426	180,838
Total expenditures	97,484,868	101,239,850	91,449,070	88,813,278	90,723,104	77,238,159	84,524,411	73,133,516	74,151,368	80,050,483
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,439,475)	(18,841,792)	(12,434,010)	(12,338,300)	(13,831,566)	(1,356,088)	(1,087,908)	1,578,708	1,699,442	(6,902,667)
	(51.0011.00)	4-11-11-11-11-1								
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			1 506 560	1 225 102	1,382,169	3,288,287	2,020,240	2,095,987	960,212	1,549,344
Transfers in	7,205,395	2,793,937	1,786,763	1,235,102	(690,871)	(2,838,287)	(1,862,240)	(1,687,987)	(572,212)	(1,179,344)
Transfers out	(8,715,540)	(2,180,127)	(1,266,763)	(1,139,102)	30,064	21,650	51,200	74,602	60,707	85,255
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	163,815	49,610	138,113	1,191,087		5,322,700	4,230,000	74,002	10,930,000	22,495,000
Issuance of debt	4,439,700	28,270,000	46,490,000	9,860,000	8,815,000	(62,282)	4,230,000		10,550,000	
Premium (discount) on debt issuance	6,833	488,301	573,864	(24,630)	(11,145)		-	2 9 0	(10,867,480)	
Payments to escrow agent	(1,989,600)	(8,416,730)	(27,961,300)	•	66,524	(5,405,000)	100	220	(10,007,400)	
Inception of capital lease	ž.	1,068,113	1,197,858		*	-				
Delivery to trustee of refunded tax								725	8	(14,590,000)
increment financing notes		•			0.601.011	327,068	4,439,200	482,602	511,227	8,360,255
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,110,603	22,073,104	20,958,535	11,122,457	9,591,741		3,351,292 \$	2,061,310 \$	2,210,669 \$	1,457,588
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,328,872) \$	3,231,312 S	8,524,525 \$	(1,215,843) \$	(4,239,825) \$	(1,029,020) \$	3,331,292 \$	2,001,310 3	2,210,007 3	1,757,558
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	17.0%	13.9%	13.7%	15.9%	12.8%	14.4%	12.6%	18.6%	15.2%	14.4%

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property	5	Sales & Use	(1) Gaming	Utility	TIF Revenue	Cigarette	Financial Institution	Gasoline and Motor Fuel		nty Road id Bridge	В	lotel Tax	F	Franchise	Tourism	Total
2014	\$ 16,570,784	\$	17,179,787	\$ 11,983,798	\$ 8,533,576	\$ 6,235,154	\$ 462,603	\$ 5,993	\$ 2,492,172	\$	1,232,372	\$	317,705	\$	964,566	\$ 2,617,992	\$ 68,596,502
2013	11,137,526		15,770,242	12,310,262	8,347,125	5,591,173	435,944	11,243	2,386,886		1,355,407		277,614		853,175	2,338,114	60,814,711
2012	11,287,795		15,517,651	13,155,684	8,095,725	5,871,222	388,798	12,144	2,367,826		1,272,245		269,747		816,565	2,345,565	61,400,967
2011	10,586,078		15,622,986	13,417,479	8,574,604	5,785,805	392,983	13,034	2,287,177		1,355,046		253,668		755,086	2,168,903	61,212,849
2010	11,304,577		14,536,763	13,904,213	9,026,740	5,518,594	380,702	6,940	2,308,813		1,340,694		239,892		713,718	2,074,950	61,356,596
2009	10,998,183		15,084,198	15,050,008	8,957,678	5,195,093	412,429	5,031	2,242,035		1,411,602		226,753		654,430	2,041,554	62,278,994
2008	12,870,722		15,704,898	14,830,073	11,088,264	5,328,202	469,726	22,916	2,321,477		1,308,543		251,398		564,502	2,118,119	66,878,840
2007	11,030,424		15,923,961	14,849,196	6,382,162	4,142,418	474,339	:-	2,547,037		1,265,309		231,575		519,173	1,996,701	59,362,295
2006	11,004,215		15,134,965	15,691,542	6,140,413	3,975,932	486,653	12,258	2,536,417		1,167,498		211,498		489,411	1,896,066	58,746,868
2005	10,228,748		15,304,580	16,302,297	6,357,907	3,182,961	471,555	17,874	2,480,639		1,038,974		156,048		448,867	1,742,070	57,732,520
Change																	
2005 - 2014	162.0%		112.3%	73.5%	134.2%	195.9%	98.1%	33.5%	100,5%	1	118.6%		203.6%		214.9%	150.3%	118.8%

⁽¹⁾ All gaming revenue is generated from Ameristar Casino.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Residential Commerc Year Property Propert		Railroad & Utility	Personal Property	Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Direct Tax Rate	To Total Estimated Actual Value
2014 716,314,174 312,51	3,745 490,428	22,447,888	195,531,624	1,247,297,859	5,405,360,082	0.9312	23.08%
2013 705,599,212 315,04),329 489,988	21,733,469	196,499,173	1,239,362,171	5,357,617,604	0.9312	23.13%
2012 738,240,318 322,67	6,034 656,124	20,978,772	196,991,330	1,279,542,578	5,553,870,535	0.9115	23.04%
2011 733,852,043 323,46	1,920 653,290	21,171,141	181,990,894	1,261,129,288	5,488,737,958	0.9115	22.98%
2010 758,761,538 342,65	1,221 593,025	19,346,048	181,778,989	1,303,130,821	5,673,187,810	0.8810	22.97%
2009 749,185,440 341,98	7,961 526,827	18,770,116	189,558,308	1,300,028,652	5,641,794,749	0.8810	23.04%
2008 785,615,061 354,3	5,239 593,793	17,982,345	196,830,377	1,355,396,815	5,892,270,257	0.8810	23.00%
2007 762,678,070 333,09	3,697 593,059	18,168,191	188,346,470	1,302,879,487	5,680,119,214	0.8810	22.94%
2006 656,689,032 290,8	*	16,984,897	186,253,727	1,151,404,367	4,980,575,577	0.9200	23.12%
2005 629,094,900 277,50		16,813,040	174,860,426	1,099,097,445	4,760,717,286	0.9200	23.09%
2004 531,818,900 244,1	•	16,182,747	167,852,241	960,618,998	4,119,969,620	0.9700	23.32%

Notes: Property is reassessed once every two years. Property is subclassified for purposes of assessment as follows:

Residential Real Property - 19% of true value

Commercial Real Property - 32% of true value

Agriculture Real Property - 12% of productivity value

Railroad & Utility - 33 1/3% of productivity value

Personal Property - 33 1/3% of book value

Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by these percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. The figures reflect assessed valuation following Board of Equalization Review, but are not year end final figures.

Source: Assessed valuations are from the office of the Saint Charles County Clerk.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)

Overlapping Tax Rates

	City of	Saint Charle	es Direct Tax	Rates		School Districts(1)			
Tax Year	General Operating	Parks Operating	Debt Service	Total Direct	Orchard Farm	Saint Charles	Francis Howell	Saint Charles County (2)	Saint Charles Community College	Others(3)
2014	0.5380	0.2319	0.1613	0.9312	4.8249	5.5820	5.1930	0.2041	0.2196	0.7043
2013	0.5380	0.2319	0.1613	0.9312	4.8344	5.1359	5.3848	0.2041	0.2196	0.5980
2012	0.5183	0.2319	0.1613	0.9115	4.6801	4.9849	5.1829	0.2041	0.2196	0.5746
2011	0.5183	0.2319	0.1613	0.9115	4.7576	4.8419	5.1352	0.2041	0.2196	0.5690
2010	0.5000	0.2250	0.1560	0.8810	4.6175	4.5562	4.5968	0.2041	0.2196	0.5518
2009	0.5000	0.2250	0.1560	0.8810	4.6134	4.5200	4.7291	0.2041	0.2196	0.5518
2008	0.5000	0.2250	0.1560	0.8810	4.4590	4.3000	4.4541	0.2045	0.2094	0.5249
2007	0.5000	0.2250	0.1560	0.8810	4.4251	4.3700	4.4522	0.2045	0.2094	0.5217
2006	0.5270	0.2370	0.1560	0.9200	4.6184	4.4700	4.7176	0.2173	0.2196	0.5541
2005	0.5270	0.2370	0.1560	0.9200	4.6184	4.4700	4.7168	0.2178	0.2196	0.5541

Notes:

- (1) The City is served by three school districts. While all three school districts overlap the City, none of the school districts overlap another school district.
- (2) In addition to the tax rate shown, there is a \$.53 tax rate (surcharge) imposed on all Real Estate Sub-Class 3, Commercial properties located in Saint Charles County.
- (3) Includes the tax rate for Saint Charles County Ambulance District, Developmental Disabilities Board, Saint Charles County Dispatch & Alarm Agency, Saint Charles County Library District and State of Missouri.

Source: Tax rates provided by respective taxing districts and office of the Saint Charles County Registrar or Collector.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS(1) **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

_		-	- 4

			2014				2005	
Taxpayer	1.4	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation(2)	-	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation(3)
Ameristar Casino St. Charles, Inc.	\$	92,341,864	1	7.40%	\$	64,249,689	1	5.85%
Boeing Company		21,717,413	2	1.74%		14,461,887	2	1.32%
SCND Block 4000 LLC (Streets of St. Charles)		10,682,726	3	0.86%				
Embassy suites Hotel		8,683,903	4	0.70%		5,730,800	7	0.52%
Sterling Sun Valley Apartments NF LLC		6,041,083	5	0.48%		6,304,590	5	0.57%
Mullenix St. Charles Properties, LP		5,534,648	6	0.44%		5,368,890	8	0.49%
Johnston Coca-Cola Bottling Group		5,462,961	7	0.44%		6,513,563	4	0.59%
G & I VI St. Charles Retail (Bass Pro)		5,454,761	8	0.44%				
CAPLACO Fourteen, Inc. Dierbergs Properties		5,442,397	9	0.44%		5,965,902	6	0.54%
Bogey Hills Acquisition LLC		4,783,920	10	0.38%		4,433,990	9	0.40%
Greater Missouri Builders, Inc.						10,878,640	3	0.99%
Remington Apartments Association LP						4,304,240	10	0.39%
	\$	166,145,676		13.32%	\$	128,212,191		11.66%

Notes:

Source: Assessed valuations are from the St. Charles County Assessor's office.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes the assessed value of properties within tax increment financing redevelopment areas.

⁽²⁾ Based on 2014 assessed valuation equal to \$1,247,297,859.

⁽³⁾ Based on 2005 assessed valuation equal to \$1,099,097,445.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the

			Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date
Tax	Total Tax Percentage		— in	Subsequent		Percentage		
Year		Levy	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy
2014	\$	12,194,304	\$ 5,704,027	46.8%	\$	-	5,704,027	46.8%
2013		11,966,964	5,596,231	46.8%		5,985,430	11,581,661	96.8%
2012		12,130,235	4,811,622	39.7%		7,014,174	11,825,796	97.5%
2011		11,846,995	2,100,792	17.7% (1)		9,408,361	11,509,153	97.1%
2010		11,884,272	5,474,981	46.1%		6,201,095	11,676,076	98.2%
2009		11,865,600	5,929,525	50.0%		5,720,560	11,650,085	98.2%
2008		12,401,366	6,100,874	49.2%		6,094,207	12,195,081	98.3%
2007		11,851,124	4,586,793	38.7%		7,008,798	11,595,591	97.8%
2006		10,965,676	4,739,301	43.2%		6,042,799	10,782,100	98.3%
2005		10,446,361	5,011,029	48.0%		5,165,441	10,176,470	97.4%

Note - Per State Statute, Uncollected Personal Property Tax is written-off after five years.

(1) County's conversion to a new software system resulted in bills going out late and Collections being delayed until January 2012.

Source: Saint Charles County Collector

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Saint Charles County	Metropolitan Park Tax	Children & Family Services	State of Missouri	Total Sales Tax
2014	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%
2013	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%
2012	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%
2011	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%
2010	1.50%	1.45%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4000%
2009	1.50%	1.45%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4000%
2008	1.50%	1.45%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4000%
2007	1.50%	1.45%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4000%
2006	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%
2005	1.50%	1.50%	0.10%	0.1250%	4.2250%	7.4500%

Note: The city sales tax rate may be changed only with voter approval. State law exempts certain food sales from 3% of state sales tax.

Source: City Finance Department and Missouri Department of Revenue

SALES TAX COLLECTIONS BY YEAR LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	· ·		Capital Improvement Sales Tax 0.50%			
2014	\$	11,483,052	\$	5,485,202		
2013		10,554,540		5,026,135		
2012		10,373,147		4,957,456		
2011		10,428,256		4,958,750		
2010		9,671,590		4,641,048		
2009		10,044,195		4,805,399		
2008		10,432,771		5,010,007		
2007		10,439,789		5,020,028		
2006		9,955,218		4,771,449		
2005		10,135,744		4,885,349		

Source: Basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities

			GOTOLINICE							
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Notes Payable	Certificates of Participation	Tax Increment Notes	Leasehold Revenue Bonds	Leasehold Revenue Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Total	Debt Per Capita(1)
2014	21,105,000	49,870,000	1,888,934	25,205,500	13,242,000	≆ ni	Set	118,614,500	229,925,934	3,402.83
2013	22,450,000	48,910,000	2,109,613	28,248,600	16,221,000	520	72	123,281,400	241,220,613	3,569.99
2012	7,425,000	46,030,000	1,160,587	30,752,000	18,538,000	₩	77 <u>22</u>	126,033,000	229,938,587	3,459.65
2011	8,560,000	28,565,000	:=0	31,265,200	20,685,000	-	4	128,724,800	217,800,000	3,270.37
2010	10,485,000	19,280,000	-	34,161,800	22,125,000		30,110,000	131,083,200	247,245,000	3,757.87
2009	12,385,000	12,140,000	·	29,255,000	23,679,000	5,405,000	48,710,000	1,780,000	133,354,000	2,071.16
2008	13,135,000	12,605,000	3=3	30,000,000	26,984,000	5,940,000	49,540,000	3,020,000	141,224,000	2,225.33
2007	14,740,000	11,015,000	=	30,630,000	27,559,000	6,445,000	50,325,000	4,240,000	144,954,000	2,317.89
2006	15,775,000	11,200,000	-	31,115,000	30,137,000	9,925,000	51,070,000	5,440,000	154,662,000	2,498.82
2005	16,355,000	11,200,000	-	31,460,000	32,596,000	11,610,000	51,780,000	6,620,000	161,621,000	2,642.72

Notes:

(1) See table 17 for population data. Debt per capita in 2014 is based on 2013 population since 2014 estimated population was not available.

Source: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the note to the financial statements.

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds And Special Assessment Bonds	Fund Balance Debt Service Fund	Net General Bonded Debt (3)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Debt Per Capita (2)
2014	70,975,000	12,575,071	58,399,929	4.56%	\$ 864.30
2013	71,290,000	11,092,522	60,197,478	4.86%	\$ 890.90
2012	53,455,000	9,026,936	44,428,064	3.47%	\$ 668.46
2011	37,125,000	6,370,781	30,754,219	2.44%	\$ 467.43
2010	29,765,000	5,795,906	23,969,094	1.84%	\$ 364.31
2009	24,525,000	5,310,343	19,214,657	1.48%	\$ 297.92
2008	25,740,000	3,961,692	21,778,308	1.61%	\$ 342.19
2007	25,755,000	3,668,629	22,086,371	1.70%	\$ 352.28
2006	26,975,000	3,262,334	23,712,666	2.06%	\$ 382.68
2005	27,555,000	2,429,795	25,125,205	2.29%	\$ 410.48

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ See table 6 for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See table 17 for population data. Debt per Capita in 2014 is based on 2013 population since 2014 estimated population was not available.

⁽³⁾ The table includes the NID Bonds. The NID Act and the constitutional provision authorizing neighborhood improvement districts expressly provide a debt limitation of 10% of the issuer's then-current assessed valuation. Spradlin v. Fulton raised, but did not answer the question of whether the NID Act and constitutional authorization established a debt limit independent of other general obligation debt limitations. Accordingly, at this time, NID Bonds are computed as part of the general debt limitation.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2014

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Saint Charles	Share of Debt Applicable to Saint Charles (1)
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Saint Charles County Community College	31,790,000	17.54%	5,575,966
Saint Charles School District R-VI	21,362,412	84.02%	17,948,699
Saint Charles County Ambulance District	7,285,000	17.44%	1,270,504
Francis Howell R-III School District	152,222,861	14.77%	22,483,317
Orchard Farm School District R-V	30,185,000	76.28%	23,025,118
St. Charles County (2)	4,141,000	17.44%	722,190
• \ /			71,025,794
City's direct debt (3)			229,925,934
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 300,951,728

- (1) Estimates based on 2014 locally assessed real and personal property assessment for the County, College and Ambulance District. For the other taxing districts, the ratio is based on 2014 assessed valuation of real property following Board of Equalization review.
- (2) Includes Neighborhood Improvement District Bonds paid from special assessments.

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages was provided by the St. Charles County Registrar.

Outstanding debt data was provided by each governmental unit or was obtained from public records relating to such governmental unit.

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Saint Charles. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City Purposes Basic Limit	Streets And Sewer Additional Limit
Assessed Valuation	\$ 1,247,297,859 \$	1,247,297,859
Debt Limit - 10% off assessed valuation	124,729,786	124,729,786
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit Total general obligation debt	70,975,000	16
Less: Amount available in debt service fund	(12,575,071)	
Net bond indebtedness applicable to debt limit	58,399,929	
Legal debt margin	\$ 66,329,857 \$	124,729,786

-	2	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Debt Limit	\$ 12	24,729,786	\$ 123,936,217 \$	127,954,258 \$	126,112,929 \$	130,313,082 \$	130,002,865 \$	135,539,682 \$	130,287,949 \$	115,140,437 \$	109,909,745
Total net debt applicable to limit	5	58,399,929	60,197,478	44,428,064	30,754,219	23,969,094	19,649,730	21,778,308	22,086,371	23,712,666	25,125,205
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 6	66,329,857	63,738,739 \$	83,526,194 \$	95,358,710 \$	106,343,988 \$	110,353,135 \$	113,761,374 \$	108,201,578 \$	91,427,771 \$	84,784,540
Total net debt applicable to the											
limit as a % of debt limit	46	6.82%	48.57%	34.72%	24.39%	18.39%	15.11%	16.07%	16.95%	20.59%	22.86%

Street and Sewer Additional Limit	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Debt Limit	\$ 124,729,786	\$ 123,936,217 \$	127,954,258 \$	126,112,929 \$	130,313,082 \$	130,002,865 \$	135,539,682 \$	130,287,949 \$	115,140,437 \$	109,909,745
Total net debt applicable to limit				-		*1	(5)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 124,729,786	\$ 123,936,217 \$	127,954,258 \$	126,112,929 \$	130,313,082 \$	130,002,865 \$	135,539,682 \$	130,287,949 \$	115,140,437 \$	109,909,745
Total net debt applicable to the	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0,00%	0.00%

Note: The Missouri Constitution provides that in addition to the basic 10% debt limitation, the City may become indebted for an additional 10% of the assessed valuation for the purpose of acquiring rights-of-way, constructing, extending, and improving streets and avenues, and constructing, extending and improving a sanitary or storm sewer systems.

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Special Assessment Bonds

			Special Assessment Bonds							
Fiscal	Special Assessment	Special Assessment		Debt Service						
Year	Billing	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage					
2014	\$ 3,953,544	\$ 2,613,825	\$ 1,895,000	\$ 1,668,328	0.73					
2013	3,679,871	3,374,483	735,000	1,048,500	1.89					
2012	2,370,538	2,208,010	920,000	665,769	1.39					
2011	1,631,094	2,084,678	575,000	703,065	1.63					
2010	1,075,666	421,381	490,000	556,413	0.40					
2009	1,075,666	1,095,344	465,000	413,238	1.25					
2008	904,519	893,117	450,000	426,317	1.02					
2007	904,519	823,738	185,000	695,475	0.94					
2006	904,519	836,329		250,046	3.34					

Source: Basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Year	Population ⁽¹⁾	7	Total Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Income Per Capita	Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾	School Enrollment ⁽⁴⁾
2014	67,569	\$	1,895,691,240	28,056	5.0%	5,025
2013	67,569		1,895,691,240	28,056	5.7%	5,072
2012	66,463		1,803,088,454	27,129	5.9%	5,008
2011	66,598		1,823,691,996	27,384	7.3%	5,100
2010	65,794		1,875,471,324	28,505	8.3%	5,181
2009	64,496		1,733,826,653	26,883	8.5%	5,175
2008	63,644		1,838,347,974	28,885	6.2%	5,340
2007	62,696		1,644,666,000	26,232	4.8%	5,580
2006	61,964		N/A	N/A	4.6%	5,733
2005	61,209		N/A	N/A	5.0%	5,881

⁽¹⁾ US Bureau of Census unofficial estimates except for 2010 which is an official census count of the US Bureau of Census.

⁽²⁾ US Bureau of Census, American Community Survey, 1-year estimates, only available from 2009-2013

⁽³⁾ Missouri Department of Economic Development, Missouri Economic Research and Information Center, in cooperation with the US Department of Labor

⁽⁴⁾ St. Charles R-VI School Enrollment, Missouri Department of Elementary & Secondary Education

LARGEST EMPLOYERS CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO DECEMBER 31, 2014

		2014			2005	
	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment
Ameristar Casino (Casino Saint Charles Riverfront)	1,600	1	4.3%	1,938		4.9%
SSM Saint Joseph Health Center	1,308	2	3.5%	1,600		4.1%
Saint Charles County	1,261	3	3.4%	1,039		2.7%
Boeing	1,170	4	3.1%	1,100		2.8%
Saint Charles School District R-VI	852	5	2.3%	820		2.1%
Lindenwood University	711	6	1.9%	500		1.3%
Client Services Inc.	640	7	1.7%			
ATT Missouri/SBC	600	8	1.6%	500		1.3%
Central States Coca Cola	491	9	1.3%			
City of Saint Charles	459	10	1.2%	483		1.2%
Wal-Mart Store				414		1.1%
Fedex Freight East Inc				420		1.1%

Source: City of St. Charles, MO Economic Development Department

Note: Percentage of Total City Employment was based on the labor force of 37,261 for December 2014 and 39,197 for December 2005. Labor force statistics are unofficial estimates from the Missouri Economic Research and Information Center.

FULL-TIME CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Function/Program										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government										
Mayor	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Council	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administration	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	4.5	5.5
Human Resources	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
City Clerk	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0
Legal	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Municipal Court	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Finance	17.0	17.0	16.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	16.0
Community Development	19.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	22.0
Economic Development	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	4.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Information Technology/Media	8.0	7.0	4.0	8.0	8.5	8.5	9.0	9.5	8.5	5.5
Cemetery	2.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Engineering	16.0	16.0	17.0	16.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	17.0
CDBG	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Sewer Lateral Program/Water Service Line	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Tourism	11.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	10.0	10.0	9.0
Public Safety:										
Police	146.0	156.0	162.0	156.0	156.0	156.0	156.0	155.0	154.0	153.0
Fire	74.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0
Community Services	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Public Works:										
Building Maintenance	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Public Improvements:										
Streets/ Stormwater	33.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	31.0	31.5	31.5	31.5	29.5	29.5
Public Parks:									_,	_,
Pools/Concessions/Men. Hall/Recr.	6.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Maintenance	13.0	14.5	13.0	13.5	13.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
General Administration	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Security	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Total Governmental Activities	386.0	404.0	406.0	403.0	404.0	404.5	404.5	400.5	396.5	393.5

FULL-TIME CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Business-Type Activities:	4									
Waterworks										
Water Administration	5.0	8.0	7.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Purification/Clarification	6.0	6.5	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
Distribution	10.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Water Pollution Control										
Maintenance & Pumping	10.0	8.5	8.0	8.5	8.5	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Water Pollution Control	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Parking Facilities	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total Business-Type Activities	33.0	32.0	30.0	32.0	32.0	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5	31.5
Total Governmental and Business Activities	419.0	436.0	436.0	435.0	436.0	436.0	436.0	432.0	428.0	425.0

Notes: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave).

The City has not maintained statistics on full-time equivalents

Source: City Finance department.

CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-	2014	2013	2012	2011	i	2010	2009		2008	200	7	2006	2005
Functions/Program Governmental Activities:														
General Government														
Business/Liquor licenses issued		2,429	2,588	2,261		2,268	2,367	2,3	92	2,394		2,417	2,703	2,701
AP checks issued		12,347	13,621	12,921		3,517	17,845	-		16,022		14,625	14,525	
Payroll checks issued		1,594	1,745	1,895		6,906	15,887	15,7		15,632		15,394	14,892	
Purchase orders issued		1,483	1,327	1,316		1,258	1,294	1,2		946		997	899	,
Formal Bids		91	72	88		97	94]	07	103		109	100	108
Public Improvements														
Permits issued for commercial construction		8	9	6		9	7		10	13		13	28	49
Value of permits commercial construction	\$	30,104,520	14,938,695	\$ 28,876,361	\$ 33,47	75,000 \$	4,703,536	\$ 37,442,4	68 \$	29,840,375	\$ 13,8		\$ 222,795,880	\$ 48,103,905
Permits issued for residential construction		394	198	500	-	108	190	2	14	394	,	538	550	
Value of permits residential construction	\$	76,058,298	50,641,637	\$ 74,220,483	\$ 41,07	77,214 \$	37,599,825	\$ 41,791,3	33 \$	75,805,400	\$ 116,2	41,704	\$ 110,410,339	\$ 71,980,650
Public Parks				2579				, ,		, ,	,	,	,	, ,
Aquatic facilities attendance		82,727	87,719	140,966	13	37,678	98,989	77,6	11	85,871		78,011	97,553	100,135
Public Safety														
Police														
Physical arrests:														
Adult		4,243	4,378	4,409		4,422	4,724	4,5	20	4,299		3,670	3,726	4,881
Juvenile		73	56	104		396	446	5	12	375		408	478	548
Traffic Violations:														
Tickets		10,341	5,621	7,368		9,581	10,698	11,7	34	13,551		14,158	13,746	20,959
Accidents		1,777	1,714	1,717		1,934	1,949	1,8	76	1,789		1,915	1,878	2,326
Fire														
Number of calls answered		8,399	8,372	8,277		8,243	8,272	7,9	32	8,228		8,206	7,956	6,983
Inspections		4,083	832	662		4,833	5,323	4,4	95	3,121		2,575	4,690	1,140
Public Works														
Potholes/Depressions repaired		2,693	2,621	1,744		2,865	1,849	1,4	07	1,171		720	291	513
Large asphalt cut-outs/wedges		27	43	45		210	43		13	17		19	12	29
Asphalt sewer cut-outs		5	875	5		200				4		(m)	8	11
Asphalt water cut-outs		UE:	92	67		5.00	2		2	1		200	4	3
Street panels/Concrete slabs repaired		161	125	137		98	107	1	29	139		107	188	42
Sidewalk slabs repaired		133	203	366		396	318	4	91	371		302	322	525
Curb & gutter footage repaired		410	1,582	1,842		2,943	1,610	1,1	98	1,514		619	910	674
Miles of streets sweeped/cleaned		2,938	4,101	4,987		4,889	3,310	2,4	85	2,637		2,290	2,923	1,935
Utility Locates		9,120	8,609	7,970		6,677	7,704	7,3	36	8,270		9,402	8,647	*
Sign Installation & Maintenance												-		
Regulatory signs		2,872	1,868	1,038		881	921	1,1	53	1,321		1,334	1,295	842
Warning signs		310	321	190		129	138]	45	155		183	137	85
Guide/Miscellaneous signs		219	208	610		338	621	5	41	53		567	518	
Pedestrian crosswalk locations		10	6	2		-			*	1		(4)	200	33
Curb painting (feet)		14,872	2,752	1,172		2,063	4,590	2,5	25	1,030		1,375	2,147	705

CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Functions/Program										
Business-Type Activities:										
Waterworks										
Number of service connections	33,868	33,791	33,206	32,486	32,373	32,275	32,087	31,267	29,894	29,364
Average daily consumption in gallons	7,020,821	7,098,800	7,818,600	7,629,000	7,818,300	7,401,123	7,470,992	8,236,923	7,986,145	7,883,014
Total gallons distributed systemwide	2,562,600,000	2,591,068,000	2,861,619,000	2,784,578,000	2,853,694,000	2,708,811,000	2,734,383,000	3,006,477,000	2,914,943,000	2,877,300,000
New water services installed	210	108	116	115	224	241	259	634	2,578	584
Water main breaks repairs	80	24	44	44	42	64	50	48	44	37
Water meters replaced	1,231	5,342	5,800	7,100	360	53	26	1,021	996	403
Fire hydrants replaced	27	7	5	9	4	1	13	18	12	5
Fire hydrants repaired	160	34	43	41	36	45	72	138	155	135
Fire hydrants painted	552	30	83	-	=	2	72	120	116	23
Valve maintenance	457	217	290	346	346	367	460	600	1,076	1,054
Services repaired	42	23	41	26	35	34	31	102	91	65
Meter boxes repaired	127	79	93	46	-	*	45	75	71	40
Crowns & lids replaced	:=	::e:		39	-	5.	26	98	86	99
Meters tested	8	21	35	81	61	61	36	40	40	45
Service orders	10,560	13,764	8,276	3,344	3,323	2,961	3,148	3,191	2,793	3,215
Sanitary Sewer										
Number of customers serviced	34,470	33,947	33,803	33,093	32,981	32,881	32,690	31,880	30,481	29,973
Average daily gallons of sewage treatment	9,441,061	5,494,000	8,236,000	9,653,000	9,068,000	10,047,000	11,400,000	9,100,000	8,170,000	9,500,000
Total gallons of sewage treated (approx.)	3,445,987,265	2,005,310,000	3,006,140,000	3,523,345,000	3,309,820,000	3,667,155,000	4,161,000,000	2,982,050,000	3,467,000,000	3,516,045,000

^{*} Information is not readily available.

Source: Various City departments.

CITY OF SAINT CHARLES, MISSOURI CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Functions/Program										
Governmental Activities:										
Public Parks										
Parks	23	23	23	23	23	21	20	19	19	19
Parks acreage	823	823	823	823	823	705	677	671	671	671
Swimming pools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Basketball courts	5	5	5	5	5	4	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Ball diamonds	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Soccer fields	20	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Horseshoe courts	14	14	14	14	16	16	16	16	16	16
Sand Volleyball courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
In-line hockey rink	1	1	1	1	1	*	*	· *	*	*
Public Safety										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	82	83	91	84	82	85	74	72	70	70
Fire										
Fire stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Public Works										
Area in square miles	24.62	24.61	24.61	24.60	24.60	24.59	24.58	24.58	24.25	24
Streets (miles)	272	270	270	250	249	248	248	233	232	232
Streetlights	5,147	2,265	2,259	2,175	2,115	2,107	2,057	1,977	1,910	*
Gas Lights	182	179	179	146	146	146	146	148	148	*
Traffic signals	45	45	45	43	46	40	40	37	36	*
Pedestrian signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	*
Flashing speed limit signs	24	24	24	22	18	18	17	17	17	*
Flashing beacons	4	3	2	4	1	1	1	2	2	*

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Functions/Program										
Business-type Activities:										
Waterworks										
Water mains (miles)	318	316	314	322	322	320	316	316	276	*
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire hydrants	2,561	2,266	2,558	2,558	2,558	2,517	2,472	2,396	2,304	2,298
Maximum daily capacity in gallons	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000	21,000,000
Sanitary Sewer										
Sanitary sewer (miles)	312	271	296	291	288	288	286	281	278	275
Storm sewers (miles)	180	173	170	165	163	160	155	153	145	142
Number of treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of lagoons	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of lift stations	22	22	21	20	20	20	20	18	15	13
Number of vacuum stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	*
Maximum daily treatment capacity	17,170,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000	12,800,000
(in gallons)										
Parking Facilities										
Number of garages	1	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1
Number of parking lots - owned	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	*
Number of parking lots - leased	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	*

^{*} Information is not readily available. Source: Various City departments.